

# Price Comparison of GeM Products with other e-Marketplaces

Mrs. P. Lavanya<sup>1</sup>, Brinda Reddy Kuncharam<sup>2</sup>, Madugula Sai Krishna Reddy<sup>3</sup>, Yuva Ram Potu<sup>4</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Assistant Professor, Department of Computer Science and Engineering, Anurag University, Hyderabad, Telangana, India.

<sup>2,3,4</sup>UG Student, Department of Computer Science and Engineering, Anurag University, Hyderabad, Telangana, India.

Corresponding Author: <sup>1</sup>brindareddy2312@gmail.com

<sup>2</sup>saisai805442gmail.com

<sup>3</sup>yuvarampotu@gmail.com

**Abstract.** This project aims to develop an automated price comparison tool that addresses the inefficiencies of the current manual system used to compare prices between the Government e-Marketplace (GeM), Amazon, and Flipkart. In the existing process, users must visit each platform individually to compare prices, a time-consuming and error-prone method that often leads to missed opportunities for better deals. This project proposes a solution by creating a user-friendly tool capable of aggregating and displaying real-time product pricing from multiple e-commerce platforms in one interface. The tool will enable users—whether government procurement officials or individual buyers—to quickly identify the most cost-effective option for their purchase by providing instant price comparisons. In addition to price, the system will consider other relevant factors like product availability, shipping times, and user reviews, ensuring a comprehensive evaluation. By integrating this information into a single platform, the project aims to streamline procurement processes, reduce manual effort, and foster more informed purchasing decisions. This solution holds significant potential for public sector efficiency, allowing government bodies to optimize their procurement strategies and reduce costs. In the private sector, it offers individual consumers and businesses a reliable method to identify the best deals across platforms, contributing to smarter, more economical purchasing.

**Keywords.** GeM, e-commerce, price comparison, procurement, digital marketplace.

## I INTRODUCTION

In recent years, digital procurement platforms have revolutionized the sourcing of goods and services across various sectors, with the government sector witnessing some of the most profound changes. The Government e-Marketplace (GeM), launched by the Indian government, stands as a pivotal example of this transformation. Designed to streamline government procurement processes, GeM has quickly emerged as a critical tool, offering transparency, enhanced efficiency, and competitive pricing. However, as e-commerce giants like Amazon and Flipkart continue to dominate the retail landscape, it has become increasingly important to assess and compare prices across these platforms. This comparison is crucial for identifying cost savings, enhancing procurement efficiency, and ensuring the best value for taxpayer money. Consequently, this research explores the current challenge of selecting the most cost-effective platform for government and public sector procurement.

One of the primary objectives of this study is to evaluate pricing trends and differences between GeM and other leading e-commerce platforms, providing a comprehensive analysis that can guide procurement decisions in the public sector. By examining pricing data and various product attributes on each platform, the study seeks to identify areas where GeM offers distinct advantages over commercial platforms—or vice versa. In doing so, it can provide government bodies, agencies, and organizations within the public sector with key insights into selecting the optimal procurement channel based on price, product availability, and other critical factors.

The importance of this research extends beyond price comparison alone. While cost-effectiveness is undoubtedly a central consideration, other variables—such as product availability, shipping times, and customer service—play significant roles in determining the suitability of a platform for procurement. For instance, certain goods may be readily available on Amazon or Flipkart, but not on GeM, or vice versa. Similarly, while Amazon and Flipkart may offer expedited shipping options in certain regions, GeM's delivery timelines could vary based on the vendor and location. By comparing these factors alongside price, the study aims to provide a nuanced understanding of how different platforms cater to various stakeholders, ranging from government professionals responsible for large-scale purchases to individual customers or trainees seeking affordable electronics for personal or educational use.

Additionally, the study considers the unique needs of diverse groups of users, including professional staff, students, trainees, vendors, donors, and other stakeholders. Each of these groups has distinct procurement needs that are influenced by budgetary constraints, product requirements, and logistical considerations. For example, government employees may need bulk quantities of office supplies, while students may be more concerned with finding affordable electronics and study materials. Vendors, on the other hand, might be interested in identifying opportunities for partnership and expanding their reach in public sector procurement. By systematically comparing the attributes of GeM and other commercial platforms, this study aims to provide insights that cater to these varied user needs, ensuring that each group is well-informed about where they can achieve the best value for their money.

One key component of the research involves analyzing product availability and selection on each platform. GeM, as a government-run marketplace, is primarily intended to fulfill the needs of public sector entities, and as such, it may not have as broad a product selection as commercial platforms. However, GeM offers specialized products that are tailored to government requirements, including laboratory equipment, office furnishings, and technical machinery that may not be available on Amazon or Flipkart. By analyzing the breadth and specificity of products on GeM versus commercial platforms, this research will help identify which platform offers the most comprehensive and relevant selection for different categories of users.

Another critical factor in the comparison is customer service. Platforms like Amazon and Flipkart are well-known for their customer-centric policies, including easy returns, refunds, and around-the-clock customer support. In contrast, GeM's customer service model may differ, especially since it primarily serves institutional buyers rather than individual consumers. For professional staff managing public sector budgets, reliable customer service is essential to ensure that procurement processes run smoothly and that any issues are promptly resolved. This aspect of the study will assess the ease of communication and problem resolution on each platform, providing insights into which marketplace offers a superior experience for users with diverse requirements.

Furthermore, this research addresses shipping times and logistics, which are especially important for public sector projects with strict deadlines. Commercial platforms often offer same-day or next-day delivery for a range of products, especially in urban areas. However, the government marketplace's shipping timelines may vary depending on the region, the vendor, and the nature of the product being procured. This comparison will help stakeholders identify which platform offers the most reliable and efficient delivery options, allowing them to make well-informed decisions based on their operational needs.

In conclusion, this study provides a systematic comparison of products available on the Government e-Marketplace (GeM) and those listed on leading e-commerce platforms such as Amazon and Flipkart. By evaluating not only price but also factors like product availability, shipping times, and customer service, the research aims to offer valuable insights that can guide procurement decisions within the public sector. For a range of users—including government staff, students, trainees, and vendors—this study serves as a resource for making informed choices based on the unique offerings and advantages of each platform. Ultimately, by presenting a detailed analysis of these platforms, this research contributes to a more transparent and effective procurement process, ensuring that public funds are allocated in ways that yield the greatest value and benefit for all stakeholders.

## **II. LITERATURE SURVEY**

The concept of automated price comparison has garnered significant interest in recent years, especially as e-commerce has become more central to both individual and organizational purchasing practices. A review of existing literature reveals that digital procurement and price comparison tools are pivotal in improving decision-making efficiency, reducing costs, and increasing transparency. This literature survey examines studies on automated price comparison systems, digital procurement platforms, and their applications within the public sector, specifically in the context of government procurement processes.

### **2.1. Government e-Marketplace (GeM)**

The GeM platform was established to ensure transparency, streamline procurement processes, and reduce overall costs for government bodies in India. A study by Kumar et al. [1] demonstrated that GeM leads to significant savings in procurement costs, with an estimated 15% reduction in administrative expenses. This research highlights GeM's role in minimizing middlemen and enabling direct purchasing, thus offering a standardized procurement approach for the public sector. Additionally, Sharma et al. [2] found that GeM's centralized system enhances supplier diversity, offering competitive pricing due to increased supplier participation.

## 2.2. Price Dynamics in E-Commerce Platforms

Commercial platforms such as Amazon and Flipkart leverage dynamic pricing algorithms that adjust prices based on real-time market conditions, consumer demand, and competitor actions [3]. This pricing strategy enables flexibility that attracts both retail and bulk buyers, including B2B clients. Research conducted by Gupta et al. [4] explores the seasonal and demand-driven price variations on these platforms, demonstrating the influence of user behavior on pricing algorithms. The dynamic nature of e-commerce pricing underscores the necessity for accurate and real-time data collection when conducting price comparisons.

## 2.3. Automation in Price Comparison

Automated tools like Selenium and web scraping are increasingly used for gathering and comparing prices across e-marketplaces. Singh and Roy [5] examined the use of web scraping combined with Natural Language Processing (NLP) to effectively collect and categorize product data. These tools allow for real-time data extraction and categorization, making it feasible to conduct comprehensive price comparisons on a large scale. Furthermore, the study by Chen and Wang [6] on machine learning applications in price comparison systems suggests that artificial intelligence (AI) can enhance accuracy and reduce errors by learning patterns in product specifications and attributes.

## 2.4. Cross-Platform Comparison Challenges

Cross-platform comparisons between GeM and commercial e-marketplaces face several challenges, particularly regarding product standardization and taxonomy. The categorization of products on GeM often differs from that on platforms like Amazon, which complicates direct comparisons. Patil and Joshi [7] identified the difficulties in aligning product taxonomies across platforms, noting that inconsistent product descriptions can lead to mismatches in automated comparisons. Additionally, Menon et al. [8] discussed limitations in accessing government e-marketplace APIs, a restriction that hinders efficient data extraction and comparison. These challenges suggest a need for improved algorithms capable of standardizing and matching products across diverse taxonomies.

## 2.5. Comparative Studies on Procurement Efficiency

In comparing government and commercial marketplaces, research shows that GeM generally provides a cost advantage for public procurement, while commercial platforms may offer more pricing flexibility for consumer-oriented products. The study highlights the complementary roles of both types of marketplaces and strategies.

# III. PROPOSED METHODOLOGY

The purpose of this project is to develop an automated price comparison tool that simplifies the procurement process by comparing prices across the Government e-Marketplace (GeM), Amazon, and Flipkart. This tool will enhance procurement efficiency by providing real-time data, enabling users to identify the best deals with minimal effort. It aims to improve transparency in government and private-sector purchasing, reduce time spent on manual comparison, and promote smarter, data-driven decisions. Ultimately, the project seeks to optimize the procurement process, helping users save both time and money across multiple platforms.

## 3.1. Problem Identification and Scope

**Definition:** The initial phase involves identifying the inefficiencies in the current manual process used by government officials and individual buyers to compare prices across platforms. This step clarifies the need for a solution that automates and simplifies price comparison, saving time and improving accuracy. The scope of the project is defined to include GeM, Amazon, and Flipkart, covering essential product categories relevant to both public and individual purchasing needs.

## 3.2. Requirement Gathering and Analysis

Through analysis, the project identifies specific requirements: real-time data retrieval, price and product

availability display, and integration of factors like shipping time and reviews. Requirements are collected based on target user needs, such as ease of use for non-technical government officials, students, and private-sector users. This phase establishes the functionalities necessary for the project to meet user expectations.

### **3.3. Tool and Technology Selection**

The project requires a combination of web scraping, data aggregation, and front-end display technologies. Python is selected for backend data processing, with Selenium as the web-scraping tool to extract product details and pricing information in real-time. Flask will serve as the framework for the web application, and HTML/CSS will be used to create a simple, intuitive user interface.

### **3.4. Data Collection Process**

Real-time data will be collected from each platform using customized web scraping scripts developed in Python with Selenium. GeM's product titles (identified by the classname 'like-h3') and prices (classname 'm-w') will be targeted, as well as similar elements on Amazon and Flipkart. Additionally, each platform's search functionality and categorization structure will be analyzed to standardize the data aggregation process. Collected data will be structured to include product title, price, availability, shipping options, and user reviews.

### **3.5. Development of the Price Comparison Tool**

The tool will be developed as a web application with a simple user interface. The frontend will allow users to enter specific product details or categories. The backend will then use the web scraping module to retrieve current product details from each platform. The collected data will be formatted into a comparable table that highlights differences in price and availability and indicates the most cost-effective option.

### **3.6. Testing and Validation**

The tool will undergo testing to ensure data accuracy, functionality, and usability. Testing will focus on verifying that product details (price, title, and availability) are correctly displayed from each platform in real-time. Usability tests will be conducted to assess ease of navigation for non-technical users, while system tests will ensure that data is updated consistently with minimal lag.

### **3.7. Data Analysis**

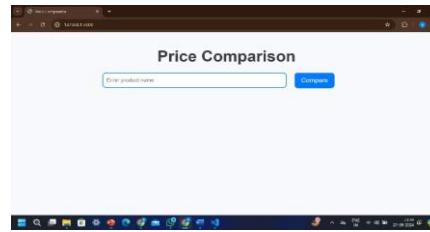
Once validated, the tool's output will be analyzed to identify trends in pricing across the platforms. This analysis will involve studying price variations for similar products on GeM, Amazon, and Flipkart, allowing for insights into the factors influencing these differences. The analysis will provide a basis for understanding platform-specific advantages and limitations.

### **3.8. Evaluation of Public Sector Benefits**

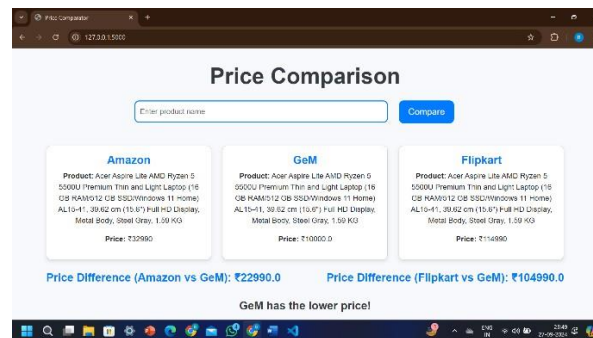
The final phase will involve evaluating the impact of the tool in a public sector context. The evaluation will focus on assessing cost savings, time reduction, and user satisfaction among government procurement officials and other users. Success will be measured by the tool's effectiveness in identifying the most economical options and reducing the time spent on price comparison.

## IV. IMPLEMENTATION SCENARIO

The interfaces created are:



**FIGURE 1.** User interface of the Price Comparison Tool, allowing users to input a product name for real-time price comparison across platforms like GeM, Amazon, and Flipkart.



**FIGURE 2.** This is the results page of the Price Comparison Tool, displaying product prices from different platforms along with the best price highlighted for easier decision-making.



**FIGURE 3.** This is the bar chart representation of price comparisons across different platforms, visually illustrating the price variations for the entered product, making it easier for users to analyze and choose the best option.

## V. CONCLUSION

In conclusion, this project on price comparison between the Government e-Marketplace (GeM) and commercial platforms like Amazon and Flipkart highlights the growing importance of digital procurement in both public and private sectors. The comparison tool developed aims to streamline procurement processes by providing users with real-time data on product prices, availability, and other relevant factors. By offering a transparent, user-friendly interface, the tool empowers government agencies, businesses, and individual consumers to make more informed and cost-effective purchasing decisions.

The tool's ability to integrate multiple platforms ensures that users can identify the best deals, maximizing savings and procurement efficiency. Additionally, the inclusion of other factors such as shipping time, customer service, and product availability ensures a comprehensive evaluation beyond just price.

Ultimately, this project contributes to improving procurement transparency, fostering competitive pricing, and encouraging smarter purchasing decisions. As digital platforms continue to grow, tools like this will become increasingly valuable for ensuring that public sector procurement is as efficient and cost-effective as possible. Moreover, by facilitating price comparisons between government and commercial platforms, this project has the potential to drive more accountability in public spending and create significant savings for

taxpayers.

## REFERENCES

1. Raj, R. S., & Raju, G. P. (2014, December). An approach for optimization of resource management in Hadoop. In *International Conference on Computing and Communication Technologies* (pp. 1-5). IEEE.
2. Ujwala, B., & Reddy, P. R. S. (2016). An effective mechanism for integrity of data sanitization process in the cloud. *European Journal of Advances in Engineering and Technology*, 3(8), 82-84.
3. Reddy, P. R. S., Bhoga, U., Reddy, A. M., & Rao, P. R. (2017). OER: Open Educational Resources for Effective Content Management and Delivery. *Journal of Engineering Education Transformations*, 30(3).
4. Reddy, A. V. B., & Ujwala, B. Answering Xml Query Using Tree Based Association Rules.
5. Reddy, P. R. S., Reddy, A. M., & Ujwala, B. IDENTITY PRESERVING IN DYNAMIC GROUPS FOR DATA SHARING AND AUDITING IN CLOUD.
6. CHITHANURU, V. A review on the use of English language as an important factor in academic writing.
7. Mahammad, F. S., Viswanatham, V. M., Tahseen, A., Devi, M. S., & Kumar, M. A. (2024, July). Key distribution scheme for preventing key reinstallation attack in wireless networks. In *AIP Conference Proceedings* (Vol. 3028, No. 1). AIP Publishing.
8. Tahseen, A., Shailaja, S. R., & Ashwini, Y. (2023, December). Security-Aware Information Classification Using Attributes Extraction for Big Data Cyber Security Analytics. In *International Conference on Advances in Computational Intelligence and Informatics* (pp. 365-373). Singapore: Springer Nature Singapore.
9. Tahseen, A., Shailaja, S. R., & Ashwini, Y. Extraction for Big Data Cyber Security Analytics. *Advances in Computational Intelligence and Informatics: Proceedings of ICACII 2023*, 993, 365.
10. Keshamma, E., Rohini, S., Rao, K. S., Madhusudhan, B., & Kumar, M. U. (2008). Molecular biology and physiology tissue culture-independent In Planta transformation strategy: an Agrobacterium tumefaciens-mediated gene transfer method to overcome recalcitrance in cotton (*Gossypium hirsutum* L.). *J Cotton Sci*, 12, 264-272.
11. Sreevathsa, R., Sharma, P. D., Keshamma, E., & Kumar, U. (2008). In planta transformation of pigeon pea: a method to overcome recalcitrancy of the crop to regeneration in vitro. *Physiology and Molecular Biology of Plants: an International Journal of Functional Plant Biology*, 14(4), 321-328.
12. Keshamma, E., Sreevathsa, R., Kumar, A. M., Reddy, K. N., Manjulatha, M., Shanmugam, N. B., ... & Udayakumar, M. (2012). Agrobacterium-mediated in planta transformation of field bean (*Lablab purpureus* L.) and recovery of stable transgenic plants expressing the cry 1AcF gene. *Plant Molecular Biology Reporter*, 30, 67-78.
13. Gopinandhan, T. N., Keshamma, E., Velmourougane, K., & Raghuramulu, Y. (2006). Coffee husk-a potential source of ochratoxin A contamination.
14. Kumar, J. P., Rao, C. M. P., Singh, R. K., Garg, A., & Rajeswari, T. (2024). A comprehensive review on blood brain delivery methods using nanotechnology. *Tropical Journal of Pharmaceutical and Life Sciences*, 11(3), 43-52.
15. Jeslin, D., Prema, S., Ismail, Y., Panigrahy, U. P., Vijayamma, G., RS, C., ... & Kumar, J. P. (2022). ANALYTICAL METHOD VALIDATION OF DISSOLUTION METHOD FOR THE DETERMINATION OF% DRUG RELEASE IN DASATINIB TABLETS 20MG, 50MG AND 70MG BY HPLC. *Journal of Pharmaceutical Negative Results*, 2722-2732.
16. Kumar, J., Dutta, S., Sundaram, V., Saini, S. S., Sharma, R. R., & Varma, N. (2019). intraventricular hemorrhage compared with 9.1% in the restrictive group (P=. 034).". *Pediatrics*, 144(2), 1.
17. Kumar, J. P., Rao, C. M. P., Singh, R. K., Garg, A., & Rajeswari, T. A brief review on encapsulation of natural poly-phenolic compounds.
18. KP, A., & John, J. (2021). The Impact Of COVID-19 On Children And Adolescents: An Indianperspectives And Reminiscent Model. *Int. J. of Aquatic Science*, 12(2), 472-482.
19. John, J., & Akhila, K. P. (2019). Deprivation of Social Justice among Sexually Abused Girls: A Background Study.
20. Akhila, K. P., & John, J. Deliberate democracy and the MeToo movement: Examining the impact of social media feminist discourses in India. In *The Routledge International Handbook of Feminisms in Social Work* (pp. 513-525). Routledge.
21. Akhila, K. P., & John, J. Impact of Pandemic on Child Protection-A Response to COVID-19.
22. Murthy, G. V. K., Sivanagaraju, S., Satyanarayana, S., & Rao, B. H. (2012). Reliability improvement of radial distribution system with distributed generation. *International Journal of Engineering Science and Technology (IJEST)*, 4(09), 4003-4011.
23. Gowda, B. M. V., Murthy, G. V. K., Upadhye, A. S., & Raghavan, R. (1996). Serotypes of Escherichia coli from pathological conditions in poultry and their antibiogram.

24. Balasubbareddy, M., Murthy, G. V. K., & Kumar, K. S. (2021). Performance evaluation of different structures of power system stabilizers. *International Journal of Electrical and Computer Engineering (IJECE)*, 11(1), 114-123.
25. Murthy, G. V. K., & Sivanagaraju, S. (2012). S. Satyana rayana, B. Hanumantha Rao," Voltage stability index of radial distribution networks with distributed generation,". *Int. J. Electr. Eng*, 5(6), 791-803.
26. Anuja, P. S., Kiran, V. U., Kalavathi, C., Murthy, G. N., & Kumari, G. S. (2015). Design of elliptical patch antenna with single & double U-slot for wireless applications: a comparative approach. *International Journal of Computer Science and Network Security (IJCSNS)*, 15(2), 60.
27. Murthy, G. V. K., Sivanagaraju, S., Satyanarayana, S., & Rao, B. H. (2015). Voltage stability enhancement of distribution system using network reconfiguration in the presence of DG. *Distributed Generation & Alternative Energy Journal*, 30(4), 37-54.
28. Reddy, C. N. K., & Murthy, G. V. (2012). Evaluation of Behavioral Security in Cloud Computing. *International Journal of Computer Science and Information Technologies*, 3(2), 3328-3333.
29. Madhavi, M., & Murthy, G. V. (2020). Role of certifications in improving the quality of Education in Outcome Based Education. *Journal of Engineering Education Transformations*, 33(Special Issue).
30. Varaprasad Rao, M., Srujan Raju, K., Vishnu Murthy, G., & Kavitha Rani, B. (2020). Configure and management of internet of things. In *Data Engineering and Communication Technology: Proceedings of 3rd ICDECT-2K19* (pp. 163-172). Springer Singapore.
31. Murthy, G. V. K., Suresh, C. H. V., Sowjankumar, K., & Hanumantharao, B. (2019). Impact of distributed generation on unbalanced radial distribution system. *International Journal of Scientific and Technology Research*, 8(9), 539-542.
32. Siva Prasad, B. V. V., Mandapati, S., Kumar Ramasamy, L., Boddu, R., Reddy, P., & Suresh Kumar, B. (2023). Ensemble-based cryptography for soldiers' health monitoring using mobile ad hoc networks. *Automatika: časopis za automatiku, mjerenje, elektroniku, računarstvo i komunikacije*, 64(3), 658-671.
33. Siva Prasad, B. V. V., Sucharitha, G., Venkatesan, K. G. S., Patnala, T. R., Murari, T., & Karanam, S. R. (2022). Optimisation of the execution time using hadoop-based parallel machine learning on computing clusters. In *Computer Networks, Big Data and IoT: Proceedings of ICCBI 2021* (pp. 233-244). Singapore: Springer Nature Singapore.
34. Prasad, B. V., & Ali, S. S. (2017). Software-defined networking based secure routing in mobile ad hoc network. *International Journal of Engineering & Technology*, 7(1.2), 229.
35. Elechi, P., & Onu, K. E. (2022). Unmanned Aerial Vehicle Cellular Communication Operating in Non-terrestrial Networks. In *Unmanned Aerial Vehicle Cellular Communications* (pp. 225-251). Cham: Springer International Publishing.
36. Prasad, B. V. V. S., Mandapati, S., Haritha, B., & Begum, M. J. (2020, August). Enhanced Security for the authentication of Digital Signature from the key generated by the CSTRNG method. In *2020 Third International Conference on Smart Systems and Inventive Technology (ICSSIT)* (pp. 1088-1093). IEEE.
37. Alapati, N., Prasad, B. V. V. S., Sharma, A., Kumari, G. R. P., Veeneetha, S. V., Srivalli, N., ... & Sahitya, D. (2022, November). Prediction of Flight-fare using machine learning. In *2022 International Conference on Fourth Industrial Revolution Based Technology and Practices (ICFIRTP)* (pp. 134-138). IEEE.
38. Alapati, N., Prasad, B. V. V. S., Sharma, A., Kumari, G. R. P., Bhargavi, P. J., Alekhya, A., ... & Nandini, K. (2022, November). Cardiovascular Disease Prediction using machine learning. In *2022 International Conference on Fourth Industrial Revolution Based Technology and Practices (ICFIRTP)* (pp. 60-66). IEEE.
39. Mukiri, R. R., Kumar, B. S., & Prasad, B. V. V. (2019, February). Effective Data Collaborative Strain Using RecTree Algorithm. In *Proceedings of International Conference on Sustainable Computing in Science, Technology and Management (SUSCOM)*, Amity University Rajasthan, Jaipur-India.
40. Rao, B. T., Prasad, B. V. V. S., & Peram, S. R. (2019). Elegant Energy Competent Lighting in Green Buildings Based on Energetic Power Control Using IoT Design. In *Smart Intelligent Computing and Applications: Proceedings of the Second International Conference on SCI 2018, Volume 1* (pp. 247-257). Springer Singapore.
41. Someswar, G. M., & Prasad, B. V. V. S. (2017, October). USVGM protocol with two layer architecture for efficient network management in MANET'S. In *2017 2nd International Conference on Communication and Electronics Systems (ICCES)* (pp. 738-741). IEEE.
42. Balram, G., Anitha, S., & Deshmukh, A. (2020, December). Utilization of renewable energy sources in generation and distribution optimization. In *IOP Conference Series: Materials Science and Engineering* (Vol. 981, No. 4, p. 042054). IOP Publishing.
43. Hnamte, V., & Balram, G. (2022). Implementation of Naive Bayes Classifier for Reducing DDoS Attacks in IoT Networks. *Journal of Algebraic Statistics*, 13(2), 2749-2757.
44. Balram, G., Poornachandrarao, N., Ganesh, D., Nagesh, B., Basi, R. A., & Kumar, M. S. (2024, September). Application of Machine Learning Techniques for Heavy Rainfall Prediction using Satellite

- Data. In *2024 5th International Conference on Smart Electronics and Communication (ICOSEC)* (pp. 1081-1087). IEEE.
45. Subrahmanyam, V., Sagar, M., Balram, G., Ramana, J. V., Tejaswi, S., & Mohammad, H. P. (2024, May). An Efficient Reliable Data Communication For Unmanned Air Vehicles (UAV) Enabled Industry Internet of Things (IIoT). In *2024 3rd International Conference on Artificial Intelligence For Internet of Things (AIIoT)* (pp. 1-4). IEEE.
  46. KATIKA, R., & BALRAM, G. (2013). Video Multicasting Framework for Extended Wireless Mesh Networks Environment. *pp-427-434, IJSRET*, 2(7).
  47. Prasad, P. S., & Rao, S. K. M. (2017). HIASA: Hybrid improved artificial bee colony and simulated annealing based attack detection algorithm in mobile ad-hoc networks (MANETs). *Bonfring International Journal of Industrial Engineering and Management Science*, 7(2), 01-12.
  48. Prasad, P. S., & Rao, S. K. M. (2017). A Survey on Performance Analysis of Manets Under Security Attacks. *network*, 6(7).
  49. Sheta, S. V. (2021). Investigating Open-Source Contributions to Software Innovation and Collaboration. *International Journal of Computer Science and Engineering Research and Development (IJCSERD)*, 11(1), 46-54.
  50. Sheta, S. V. (2021). Artificial Intelligence Applications in Behavioral Analysis for Advancing User Experience Design. *ISCSITR-INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (ISCSITR-IJAI)*, 2(1), 1-16.
  51. Ingle, S. D., & Tohare, S. P. (2022). Geological investigation in the Bhuleshwari River Basin, Amravati District, Maharashtra. *World Journal of Advanced Research and Reviews*, 16(3), 757-766.
  52. Ingle, S. D. Hydrogeological Investigations in the Bhuleshwari River Basin with Emphasis on Groundwater Management Amravati District Maharashtra.
  53. Ingle, S. D., & Jadhav, K. A. Evaluating The Performance of Artificial Recharge Structures Towards Ground Water Recharge in Amravati District, Maharashtra.
  54. Ingle, S. D. GEOPHYSICAL INVESTIGATION IN THE BHULESHWARI RIVER BASIN, AMRAVATI DISTRICT, MAHARASHTRA.
  55. Vaddadi, S. A., Thatikonda, R., Padthe, A., & Arnepalli, P. R. R. (2023). Shift left testing paradigm process implementation for quality of software based on fuzzy. *Soft Computing*, 1-13.
  56. Vaddadi, S., Arnepalli, P. R., Thatikonda, R., & Padthe, A. (2022). Effective malware detection approach based on deep learning in Cyber-Physical Systems. *International Journal of Computer Science and Information Technology*, 14(6), 01-12.
  57. Yendluri, D. K., Ponnala, J., Thatikonda, R., Kempanna, M., Tatikonda, R., & Bhuvanesh, A. (2023, November). Impact of Robotic Process Automation on Enterprise Resource Planning Systems. In *2023 International Conference on the Confluence of Advancements in Robotics, Vision and Interdisciplinary Technology Management (IC-RVITM)* (pp. 1-6). IEEE.
  58. Yendluri, D. K., Tatikonda, R., Thatikonda, R., Ponnala, J., Kempanna, M., & Bhuvanesh, A. (2023, December). Integration of SAP and Intelligent Robotic Process Automation. In *2023 International Conference on Next Generation Electronics (NEleX)* (pp. 1-6). IEEE.
  59. Rao, P. R., Kumar, K. H., & Reddy, P. R. S. (2012). Query decomposition and data localization issues in cloud computing. *International Journal*, 2(9).
  60. Reddy, P. R. S., & Ravindranath, K. (2024). Enhancing Secure and Reliable Data Transfer through Robust Integrity. *Journal of Electrical Systems*, 20(1s), 900-910.
  61. REDDY, P. R. S., & RAVINDRANATH, K. (2022). A HYBRID VERIFIED RE-ENCRYPTION INVOLVED PROXY SERVER TO ORGANIZE THE GROUP DYNAMICS: SHARING AND REVOCATION. *Journal of Theoretical and Applied Information Technology*, 100(13).
  62. Reddy, P. R. S., Ram, V. S. S., Greshma, V., & Kumar, K. S. Prediction of Heart Healthiness.
  63. Reddy, P. R. S., Reddy, A. M., & Ujwala, B. IDENTITY PRESERVING IN DYNAMIC GROUPS FOR DATA SHARING AND AUDITING IN CLOUD.
  64. Madhuri, K., Viswanath, N. K., & Gayatri, P. U. (2016, November). Performance evaluation of AODV under Black hole attack in MANET using NS2. In *2016 international conference on ICT in Business Industry & Government (ICTBIG)* (pp. 1-3). IEEE.
  65. Kovoov, M., Durairaj, M., Karyakarte, M. S., Hussain, M. Z., Ashraf, M., & Maguluri, L. P. (2024). Sensor-enhanced wearables and automated analytics for injury prevention in sports. *Measurement: Sensors*, 32, 101054.
  66. Rao, N. R., Kovoov, M., Kishor Kumar, G. N., & Parameswari, D. V. L. (2023). Security and privacy in smart farming: challenges and opportunities. *International Journal on Recent and Innovation Trends in Computing and Communication*, 11(7 S).
  67. Madhuri, K. (2023). Security Threats and Detection Mechanisms in Machine Learning. *Handbook of Artificial Intelligence*, 255.
  68. Madhuri, K. (2022). A New Level Intrusion Detection System for Node Level Drop Attacks in Wireless Sensor Network. *Journal of Algebraic Statistics*, 13(1), 159-168.



69. Selvan, M. A. (2021). Robust Cyber Attack Detection with Support Vector Machines: Tackling Both Established and Novel Threats.
70. Selvan, M. A. (2023). INDUSTRY-SPECIFIC INTELLIGENT FIRE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM.
71. Selvan, M. Arul. "PHISHING CONTENT CLASSIFICATION USING DYNAMIC WEIGHTING AND GENETIC RANKING OPTIMIZATION ALGORITHM." (2024).
72. Selvan, M. Arul. "Innovative Approaches in Cardiovascular Disease Prediction Through Machine Learning Optimization." (2024).
73. FELIX, ARUL SELVAN M. Mr D., and XAVIER DHAS Mr S. KALAIVANAN. "Averting Eavesdrop Intrusion in Industrial Wireless Sensor Networks."
74. Yakoob, S., Krishna Reddy, V., & Dastagiraiah, C. (2017). Multi User Authentication in Reliable Data Storage in Cloud. In *Computer Communication, Networking and Internet Security: Proceedings of IC3T 2016* (pp. 531-539). Springer Singapore.
75. DASTAGIRIAH, D. (2024). A SYSTEM FOR ANALYSING CALL DROP DYNAMICS IN THE TELECOM INDUSTRY USING MACHINE LEARNING AND FEATURE SELECTION. *Journal of Theoretical and Applied Information Technology*, 102(22).
76. Sukhavasi, V., Kulkarni, S., Raghavendran, V., Dastagiraiah, C., Apat, S. K., & Reddy, P. C. S. (2024). Malignancy Detection in Lung and Colon Histopathology Images by Transfer Learning with Class Selective Image Processing.
77. Sudhakar, R. V., Dastagiraiah, C., Patterm, S., & Bhukya, S. (2024). Multi-Objective Reinforcement Learning Based Algorithm for Dynamic Workflow Scheduling in Cloud Computing. *Indonesian Journal of Electrical Engineering and Informatics (IJEEI)*, 12(3), 640-649.
78. PushpaRani, K., Roja, G., Anusha, R., Dastagiraiah, C., Srilatha, B., & Manjusha, B. (2024, June). Geological Information Extraction from Satellite Imagery Using Deep Learning. In *2024 15th International Conference on Computing Communication and Networking Technologies (ICCCNT)* (pp. 1-7). IEEE.
79. Tambi, V. K., & Singh, N. A Comprehensive Empirical Study Determining Practitioners' Views on Docker Development Difficulties: Stack Overflow Analysis.
80. Tambi, V. K., & Singh, N. Evaluation of Web Services using Various Metrics for Mobile Environments and Multimedia Conferences based on SOAP and REST Principles.
81. Tambi, V. K., & Singh, N. Developments and Uses of Generative Artificial Intelligence and Present Experimental Data on the Impact on Productivity Applying Artificial Intelligence that is Generative.
82. Tambi, V. K., & Singh, N. A New Framework and Performance Assessment Method for Distributed Deep Neural Network-Based Middleware for Cyberattack Detection in the Smart IoT Ecosystem.
83. Tambi, Varun Kumar, and Nishan Singh. "Creating J2EE Application Development Using a Pattern-based Environment."
84. Tambi, Varun Kumar, and Nishan Singh. "New Applications of Machine Learning and Artificial Intelligence in Cybersecurity Vulnerability Management."
85. Tambi, V. K., & Singh, N. Assessment of Possible REST Web Service Description for Hypermedia-Focused Graph-Based Service Discovery.
86. Tambi, V. K., & Singh, N. Analysing Anomaly Process Detection using Classification Methods and Negative Selection Algorithms.
87. Tambi, V. K., & Singh, N. Analysing Methods for Classification and Feature Extraction in AI-based Threat Detection.
88. Sharma, S., & Dutta, N. (2024). Examining ChatGPT's and Other Models' Potential to Improve the Security Environment using Generative AI for Cybersecurity.
89. Arora, P., & Bhardwaj, S. Using Knowledge Discovery and Data Mining Techniques in Cloud Computing to Advance Security.
90. Arora, P., & Bhardwaj, S. (2021). Methods for Threat and Risk Assessment and Mitigation to Improve Security in the Automotive Sector. *Methods*, 8(2).
91. Arora, P., & Bhardwaj, S. A Thorough Examination of Privacy Issues using Self-Service Paradigms in the Cloud Computing Context.
92. Arora, P., & Bhardwaj, S. (2020). Research on Cybersecurity Issues and Solutions for Intelligent Transportation Systems.
93. Arora, P., & Bhardwaj, S. (2019). The Suitability of Different Cybersecurity Services to Stop Smart Home Attacks.
94. Arora, P., & Bhardwaj, S. (2019). Safe and Dependable Intrusion Detection Method Designs Created with Artificial Intelligence Techniques. *machine learning*, 8(7).
95. Arora, Pankit, and Sachin Bhardwaj. "A Very Effective and Safe Method for Preserving Privacy in Cloud Data Storage Settings."
96. Arora, P., & Bhardwaj, S. (2017). A Very Safe and Effective Way to Protect Privacy in Cloud Data Storage Configurations.

97. Arora, P., & Bhardwaj, S. The Applicability of Various Cybersecurity Services to Prevent Attacks on Smart Homes.
98. Arora, P., & Bhardwaj, S. Designs for Secure and Reliable Intrusion Detection Systems using Artificial Intelligence Techniques.
99. Abbas, S. A., Khan, A., Kalusalingam, A., Menon, B., Siang, T., & Mohammed, J. S. (2023). Pharmacological Screening Of Polyherbal Formulation For Hepatoprotective Effect Against Anti Tuberculosis Drugs Induced Hepatotoxicity On Albino Rats. *Journal of Survey in Fisheries Sciences*, 4313-4318.
100. Kumar, A., Ravishankar, K., Varma, A. K., Prashar, D., Mohammed, J. S., & Billah, A. M. Liposome Nano-particles for Therapeutic and Diagnostic Applications.
101. Samya, B., Archana, M., Ramana, T. V., Raju, K. B., & Ramineni, K. (2024, February). Automated Student Assignment Evaluation Based on Information Retrieval and Statistical Techniques. In *Congress on Control, Robotics, and Mechatronics* (pp. 157-167). Singapore: Springer Nature Singapore.
102. Sravan, K., Rao, L. G., Ramineni, K., Rachapalli, A., & Mohmmad, S. (2024). Analyze the Quality of Wine Based on Machine Learning Approach Check for updates. *Data Science and Applications: Proceedings of ICDSA 2023, Volume 3*, 820, 351.
103. Chandhar, K., Ramineni, K., Ramakrishna, E., Ramana, T. V., Sandeep, A., & Kalyan, K. (2023, December). Enhancing Crop Yield Prediction in India: A Comparative Analysis of Machine Learning Models. In *2023 3rd International Conference on Smart Generation Computing, Communication and Networking (SMART GENCON)* (pp. 1-4). IEEE.
104. Ramineni, K., Shankar, K., Shabana, Mahender, A., & Mohmmad, S. (2023, June). Detecting of Tree Cutting Sound in the Forest by Machine Learning Intelligence. In *International Conference on Power Engineering and Intelligent Systems (PEIS)* (pp. 303-314). Singapore: Springer Nature Singapore.
105. Ashok, J., RAMINENI, K., & Rajan, E. G. (2010). BEYOND INFORMATION RETRIEVAL: A SURVEY. *Journal of Theoretical & Applied Information Technology*, 15.
106. Selvan, M. Arul, and S. Miruna Joe Amali. "RAINFALL DETECTION USING DEEP LEARNING TECHNIQUE." (2024).
107. Selvan, M. Arul. "Fire Management System For Indutrial Safety Applications." (2023).
108. Selvan, M. A. (2023). A PBL REPORT FOR CONTAINMENT ZONE ALERTING APPLICATION.
109. Selvan, M. A. (2023). CONTAINMENT ZONE ALERTING APPLICATION A PROJECT BASED LEARNING REPORT.
110. Sekhar, P. R., & Sujatha, B. (2020, July). A literature review on feature selection using evolutionary algorithms. In *2020 7th International Conference on Smart Structures and Systems (ICSSS)* (pp. 1-8). IEEE.
111. Sekhar, P. R., & Sujatha, B. (2023). Feature extraction and independent subset generation using genetic algorithm for improved classification. *Int. J. Intell. Syst. Appl. Eng*, 11, 503-512.
112. Sekhar, P. R., & Goud, S. (2024). Collaborative Learning Techniques in Python Programming: A Case Study with CSE Students at Anurag University. *Journal of Engineering Education Transformations*, 38(Special Issue 1).
113. Pesaramelli, R. S., & Sujatha, B. (2024, March). Principle correlated feature extraction using differential evolution for improved classification. In *AIP Conference Proceedings* (Vol. 2919, No. 1). AIP Publishing.
114. Amarnadh, V., & Moparthi, N. R. (2024). Prediction and assessment of credit risk using an adaptive Binarized spiking marine predators' neural network in financial sector. *Multimedia Tools and Applications*, 83(16), 48761-48797.
115. Amarnadh, V., & Moparthi, N. R. (2024). Range control-based class imbalance and optimized granular elastic net regression feature selection for credit risk assessment. *Knowledge and Information Systems*, 1-30.
116. Amarnadh, V., & Akhila, M. (2019, May). RETRACTED: Big Data Analytics in E-Commerce User Interest Patterns. In *Journal of Physics: Conference Series* (Vol. 1228, No. 1, p. 012052). IOP Publishing.
117. Amarnadh, V., & Moparthi, N. (2023). Data Science in Banking Sector: Comprehensive Review of Advanced Learning Methods for Credit Risk Assessment. *International Journal of Computing and Digital Systems*, 14(1), 1-xx.
118. Rao, K. R., & Amarnadh, V. QoS Support for Cross-Layer Scheduling Algorithm in Wireless Networks.
119. Gowda, P., & Gowda, A. N. (2024). Best Practices in REST API Design for Enhanced Scalability and Security. *Journal of Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning and Data Science*, 2(1), 827-830.