

The Origin of Consciousness

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Abstract. This paper explores the evolution of consciousness through a biological framework for understanding the universe. It proposes that the patterns and structures inherent in biological systems mirror the underlying mathematical principles of the cosmos. The essay traces the development of consciousness from its rudimentary state in cells to its complex state in humans, emphasizing the role of evolving environmental complexity in driving evolutionary changes. By recognizing and organizing themselves according to evolving patterns in their environment, organisms, including humans, have navigated survival patterns which developed their physical and conscious faculties into "pattern recognition engines." This engine developed to a point where it freed itself from its environment's survival constraints—gaining conscious sovereignty. Ultimately, the paper suggests that the purpose of conscious sovereignty is a test to see if the organism, Man, and its society can come to recognize this biological correspondence that exists amongst everything in reality, *then* abide by it. If Humanity abides by it, they remain **conscious** and are deemed worthy to continue living. If they do not abide by it—in other words if they do not organize themselves to these inherent biological patterns necessary for life, they are deemed **unconscious** and will continue carrying-on their *unconscious behaviors* that will ultimately lead to pain, suffering, and the miscarriage of their society. Then, the entire process starts over again.

Introduction:

This essay is a thought experiment aimed at understanding the nature of consciousness by tracing the evolutionary journey of living organisms. It explores how consciousness emerged and evolved from its rudimentary state in cellular organisms to its complex state in humans today. The essay begins by establishing a "*Biological Framework for a Mathematical Universe*," proposing that the patterns observed in biological systems reflect fundamental principles of the cosmos. By guiding the reader through this evolutionary path, the essay seeks to illuminate the processes that have shaped consciousness and to direct its future trajectory towards deeper self-awareness and understanding of the universe.

The Biological Framework for a Mathematical Universe

The theory of a biological framework for a mathematical universe posits that the patterns and structures observed in biological systems provide a fundamental lens for understanding the universe. It asserts that the intricate and self-organizing patterns inherent in living organisms are deeply embedded in the fabric of the cosmos, reflecting underlying mathematical principles. This theory suggests that biological patterns can be structurally mapped to non-biological systems, such as how the circulatory system and a beating heart can be structurally mapped to the ocean currents and the melting and freezing of Antarctica, or how a red blood cell can be mapped to a coffee cup; or how proteins produced by ribosomes from the input of RNA can be mapped to music produced by instruments from the input of fingers; and to how cellular phenomena can be structurally mapped to socioeconomic and cosmological phenomenon revealing a universal order. This order extends beyond living organisms, offering insights into the nature of reality, including physical laws and cosmological phenomena.

Furthermore, this theory postulates that the creation and evolution of life and consciousness are direct consequences of the universe's biologically-patterned processes. As a result, the physiological structures of living organisms can be used as models that help the mind understand the universe's patterns. Analogies drawn from biological patterns can explain various phenomena using Dedre Gentner's approach to analogy. Recognizing and organizing ourselves according to these fundamental biological patterns is crucial for humanity to reach its ultimate evolutionary stage of consciousness, harnessing the potential that life and this biological framework offer—because it is our environment that drives its creation and evolution...

The Creation of Life and Consciousness

Imagine now, in this biological framework for a mathematical universe, the Big Bang occurs, marking the beginning of this vast, interconnected system. This large-scale biological event hurdles matter, energy, forces, and space through time in patterns that are rudimentary biological in their nature, creating all of the structures in the known universe, including our solar system and Earth. As our solar system and Earth tries to reach a state of homeostasis, they evolve to a point where conditions are stable enough for the creation of *Life's first organism*. But prior to its creation, the environments on Earth evolved from these biological patterns inherent to the creation of the universe. All of the processes that were carried out in our universe, in our solar system and on Earth are rudimentary-biological in their nature. Thus, Earth's early volatile processes, while not appearing biological in the traditional sense, is in fact biological in a rudimentary sense, carrying out processes and evolving over time to eventually create a localized environment that establishes all conditions necessary to produce and harbor Life's first living organisms. The *environment* gives birth to Life's first single-celled organisms and the consciousness necessary for it to survive its new environment. Both life and consciousness are rudimentary in their states—due to *an environment* whose nature is rudimentary biological in its patterns. However, we will witness life and consciousness evolve in tandem, driven by its environment's evolution in complexity.

While this may seem like an exciting moment, these cellular organisms are now *forced* to recognize and organize themselves relative to the patterns in their environment which establishes and sustains the life of themselves, or else they die. Those organisms that are successful in recognizing and organizing themselves to these patterns within their environment, continue to live and procreate. Those living organisms that can not recognize and organize themselves accordingly to these rudimentary biological patterns within their environment are destroyed. This process gives rise to **consciousness**. Those living organisms that can survive are *conscious*. Those organisms that cannot survive are *unconscious*. Therefore, the consciousness and unconsciousness of an organism is relative to an organism's ability to recognize and organize themselves to the *patterns* in their environment which establish and sustain the conditions necessary for survival, necessary for *life*—patterns that are inherently biological in a rudimentary sense. This same process also develops logic and reasoning skills among organisms, especially as logic and reasoning pertains to survival (Life), however, these organisms have no idea what logic, reason, biology, patterns, life or consciousness are; they are just behaving accordingly to patterns within their environment that help them remain alive.

The Evolution of Life & Consciousness

As the complexity of an organism's environment evolves, so too does the consciousness of organisms. Life and its consciousness evolves and adapts in conjunction with the increasing complexity of their environment. As the environment evolves to become more complex, the requirements for consciousness in living organisms also evolves to become more complex, or sophisticated. To ensure their survival, living organisms have to be able to recognize the patterns within the growing complexities of their environment. The emergence of new variables within this evolving environment compel living organisms to recognize and understand these new patterns and to behave accordingly, leading to the development of more complex consciousness and behaviors.

Cellular organisms are compelled to recognize and behave relative to these new complex patterns present throughout their evolving environment, however they do not know they are doing this, they are just trying to survive. They have to evolve not only their reasoning capabilities but also adapt their behaviors in accordance with these patterns to ensure their survival as their environment further evolves. Organisms that are unable to adapt their ability to reason and behave accordingly to these new complexities within their environment die and are considered *unconscious*. Organisms which reason and organize themselves relative to these new complex patterns in their environment, survive and remain *conscious* to their surroundings.

It is also important to note that as the environment becomes more complex, it will require organisms to develop more complex sensors and physical extremities which will allow them to more effectively explore and collect the data necessary to recognize and behave accordingly to the complexities within their environment, necessary for their survival. Thus, life's physical and conscious evolution evolve in tandem and in harmony with the evolution in complexity of their *rudimentary biologically-patterned environment*.

The Origin of Species: Diversity in Life & Consciousness Begins

The evolution of the environment brings complexity and *diversity*. As the environment becomes more complex, diversity emerges, creating a new landscape for consciousness to further develop and diverge. This diversity in the environment compels living organisms to reason new complex patterns in order to survive in growingly diverse environments. This process leads to variations in reasoning and behaviors that are essential for survival; It also gives rise to conscious and physical variations among organisms, enabling them to thrive in these diverse environments. Now we see these complex and diverse environments drive the divergence among living organisms, resulting in the creation of various species. Thus, this process gives rise to Darwin's *origin of species*. However, the differences among organisms remain connected through these underlying biological patterns embedded within the framework of their environment which created them and continues to drive physical and conscious evolution.

The Emergence of Cooperation — “The Cellular Tribe” (The Complex Organism)

As evolutionary processes advance, the complexity of environments increases, necessitating more intricate reasoning and behavioral patterns for survival. Cooperation emerges as a crucial strategy among cellular organisms, driven by the growing complexities of their environments. This cooperation marks the first steps toward the formation of complex life.

In these environments, cellular organisms begin to cooperate out of necessity, giving rise to the first complex organisms. Thus the “cellular tribe is formed from the “cellular wilderness.” As the environments continue to evolve in complexity, so do the cooperative behaviors among organisms, leading to the establishment of more complex organisms and species.

This evolutionary trajectory underscores the importance of cooperation for survival in increasingly complex environments. As cellular organisms recognize and adapt to the cooperative patterns necessary for survival, they form larger and more sophisticated societies. This progression highlights the intertwined evolution of environmental complexity and the development of cooperative behavior, essential for the emergence and survival of complex life forms and the consciousness necessary to wield them.

The Emergence of Conscious Sovereignty In The Human Pattern Recognition Engine

As evolution progresses, the environment eventually reaches a stage where it provides the fundamental needs of living organisms in such excess that it frees them from immediate survival behaviors. The conscious faculties of organisms are no longer required to recognize and respond solely to survival patterns. This freedom creates a "space for choice" between stimulus and response, as Stephen Covey describes, allowing organisms the ability to recognize patterns freely. With this conscious freedom, organisms can recognize and organize themselves according to any pattern they can imagine, as well as have the freedom to “take a break” from recognizing any patterns.

Consciousness in living organisms evolved as a pattern-recognition engine, refined through the guidance of biological patterns inherent in the environment. Initially, survival depended on quickly recognizing and reacting to these patterns. However, humans, with their advanced pattern recognition capabilities, achieved a level of physical and conscious sophistication unparalleled in other species which freed them from their environment's immediate constraints—gave humanity its conscious sovereignty.**

Early humans, like their cellular ancestors, had to navigate from wilderness survival to tribal cooperation, and eventually to sophisticated societies. This journey mirrors the evolutionary path of cellular organisms, reflecting a universal rite of passage embedded in the biological framework of the universe. As humans began organizing into societies, their environments met their fundamental needs so thoroughly that survival no longer dictated immediate pattern recognition and corresponding behaviors. The human pattern recognition engine, with its advanced sensory organs and reasoning abilities, enabled humans to explore patterns beyond immediate survival needs.

This conscious freedom allows humanity to recognize, imagine, and organize according to patterns that are not immediately tied to survival. However, humanity's fate remains intertwined with these fundamental biological patterns. The challenge lies in recognizing and aligning with these patterns to ensure the survival and prosperity of all life. This intricate biological correspondence, "as above, so below," underscores the interconnectedness of all existence, urging humanity to look beyond superficial patterns (Chitzoniyut, Zahir) to the deeper, sustaining patterns of life (Pnimityut, Batin), to understand that one's true self (Atman) is identical with the transcendent self, or Ultimate Reality (Brahman).

In essence, humans must wield this pattern recognition engine created by the environment to explore and understand the intricate biological correspondences between themselves and their environment. This journey towards understanding and aligning with these biological patterns throughout their reality represents the final stage of consciousness in life. The true test of conscious freedom lies in humanity's ability to recognize and abide by these fundamental biological patterns, ensuring their survival and the continuation of life on Earth and life's momentum beyond.

What Is The Human Pattern Recognition Engine?

The rudimentary biologically-patterned environment has come to design, create and fine-tune this "human pattern recognition engine," which is comprised of the human mind, body and all of its senses, necessary for the organism's sovereign exploration and recognition of patterns in its environment. The brain allows it to store and process the patterns it observes within the environment, allowing it to combine, understand and reason complex relationships amongst things. Its external extremities allow the human to effectively move about its environment to explore the patterns of its surroundings effectively, while provide efficiencies for all other basic life functions. The sensory organs (sight, touch, hearing, taste, and sound), are sensors, which allow for the recognition of patterns in other states/forms, which provide additional context to patterns.

Recognizing patterns is foundational for communication, allowing humans to convey and record patterns, establishing the various fields of knowledge. Documented patterns extend the understanding beyond an individual's lifetime, enabling future generations to build on past knowledge. This cumulative process helps humanity learn about the universe and the interconnection of all things.

Humanity's challenge lies in recognizing and aligning with the fundamental biological patterns that underpin reality. Initially, humans may be captivated by new patterns they discover, but true conscious freedom will be achieved by understanding and organizing according to these essential biological patterns. This alignment is crucial for the survival and flourishing of life.

Plato's "Cave of Shadows"

The biological patterns inherent to reality become more and more difficult to recognize as human society builds a cognitive framework around the patterns they are recognizing and imagining to be true. This is because humanity becomes fascinated with the *superficial cognitive framework* they unknowingly built on top of this biological framework of the universe. Like a child becoming attached to a blanket, humanity becomes attached to their current way of thinking; all for good reason, many of the patterns they recognize and imagine overlaps truths pertaining to the underlying biological framework of the universe, reassuring humanity of their "valid understanding" of reality. However, those patterns within their *superficial cognitive framework* which do not coincide with the biological patterns that establish and sustain life, contribute to the disorders of their societies. This scenario underscores the necessity of understanding reality's *biological foundation*.

Humanity must explore the patterns within their environment and within themselves to such extent where they can see these biological correspondences, and; they must do so without getting lost in, or attached to, the patterns they recognize along the way to "biological revelation." However, Humanity becomes immersed in their own imaginations and systems of superficial patterns which they create and deem to be true of reality. They recognize the easily *apparent* patterns of good and evil, love and war, art, music, sports, money, power, work, sex, drugs, along with their patterns of science, all of which drive their lives and their attention and focus. Rather than "eating from the Tree of Life," people now "eat from the tree of Money", and the "tree of Politics" and the "tree of Power," and the "tree of Sports", and "the tree of good and evil" etc.—they eat from any tree but that which reveals the true nature of their reality.

Soon enough, the system of patterns they imagine, manifest themselves and immerse Humanity in this new environment which now drives their evolution (and in many cases devolution and demented behaviors)—an *environmental-pattern* of their own creation that threatens a miscarriage of their society, unless they recognize and abide by the underlying biological correspondences necessary for the life of themselves and their societies.

What Is The Purpose of Conscious Freedom?

The purpose of *conscious freedom* is a test of consciousness. Similar to how parents must eventually give their child the freedom to go off in to the world in order to explore and learn the trials of life on their own—hoping that what they instilled into their child, since birth, will contribute to their child's success at life and all their child's endeavors—The Universe does in giving Humanity its conscious freedom. In giving Humanity their conscious freedom, the rudimentary biologically-patterned universe lets humanity come to realize, on their own accord, the biological patterns which the universe has been trying to teach living organisms since creation—these biological patterns which establish and sustain Life.

The Universe, whose patterns are rudimentary biological in nature, has evolved to give birth to life. Since before the creation of the universe, these biological patterns have been set into motion in such a manner that it has created, developed and fined-tuned living organisms as "pattern recognition engines," eventually evolving in complexity and taking on *Human form*—"Man made in the patterns of the Biological Universe."

The evolutionary processes of the universe and of Earth have come to raise life (living organisms) as its "children" to the ripe *adolescent* Age of Man—the age when the universe must now let its child go off into the world and explore and learn life on its own, in hopes that Humanity will learn truths about itself, the universe and how all of creation is intimately interconnected to each other, through the patterns of biology established by the universe. Truths which can only be comprehended through their understanding of the correspondence between the physiological patterns of their environment and the physiological patterns of themselves and all living organisms.

It will only be through Humanity's thorough exploration of the world around them, using an engineer's curiosity and approach to understanding the mechanisms of the world around them, and their exploration and understanding of the biological patterns that comprise the physiology of their own bodies, can Humanity begin to reveal and understand the biological patterns that exist throughout all of creation. It is through this approach Humanity can see past their superficial cognitive framework to see the underlying biological framework of the universe—to see past the *chitzoniyut* to see the *pnimiyut*. This “biological revelation” will be necessary for humanity to align themselves with correct patterns that will ensure the lives of each individual, their society, environment, and all life, in harmony with the healthy biological patterns necessary for Life's potentialities—this is the final stage of consciousness in Life.

Thus, the purpose of conscious freedom is a test to see if the organism, Man, and its society can come to recognize this biological correspondence that exists amongst everything in reality—THEN—abide by it. If Humanity abides by it, they remain **conscious** and are deemed worthy to continue living. If they do not abide by it (i.e., if they do not organize themselves to the biological patterns necessary for life) they are deemed **unconscious** and will continue carrying-on their *unconscious processes* that will ultimately lead to the miscarriage of their society, like “The Tower of Babel” metaphor. Then, the entire process starts over again, until life gets it right.

Life's Necessary Future

It is the duty of all living organisms to recognize and organize themselves relative to the *patterns* which establish and sustain the life of themselves, their societies and their environment in a manner that earns them the privilege to achieve the potentialities relative to which that order of life enables. If we do not recognize and organize ourselves and our society relative to the biological patterns necessary for Life, we risk the suffering and negative consequences of such, and our possible imminent destruction. Like an airplane that must abide by *The Physics of Aerodynamics* in order to fly, all Life, including Humanity, must abide by *The Physics of Life* in order to survive and thrive.

Therefore, it is the ultimate purpose of Life to realize and operate in harmony with these biological patterns fundamental to the framework of our reality (pnimiyut, batin)—Patterns established by this rudimentary biologically-patterned universe and hidden by our superficial understanding of reality (chitzoniyut, zahir). It will not be until we explore and understand these biological patterns which compose our physiology and the physiology of all life (atman), that we can reveal and understand the biological patterns that exist in the world around us (brahman)—and in organizing ourselves accordingly, unlock the potentialities biology's [life's] patterns are heir to.

The Labyrinth of Consciousness:

How The Biologically-Patterned Environment
Creates and Develops Life & Consciousness
As Pattern-Recognition Engines, *Then*,
Sets It Free, In Human Form, To Explore
The Patterns of The Universe and of Itself.



The labyrinth represents the evolution in complexity of the rudimentary biologically-patterned environment which creates and evolves life and its consciousness as pattern recognition engines, from its rudimentary state in cells, to its complex state in humans. If at any point in the labyrinth the organism cannot progress it is *unconscious*. If it progresses through the labyrinth, it is *conscious*. Its exit from the labyrinth represents the conscious sovereignty attained through the physical and consciousness development required to free itself from its environment's immediate survival constraints. **

Where Can These “Hidden” Biological Patterns Be Observed?

Here are a few examples of biological functional-patterns observed in traditionally non-biological systems:

Biological Patterns Observed on **Earth**:

Heart	→	Melting and Freezing of Antarctica
Circulatory System	→	Arctic water currents and wind
Digestive System	→	Deserts (Sarah Desert & Haboob)
Kidneys	→	Sea Grass Meadows
Alveoli / Lungs	→	Plants / Trees
Fats (Lipids)	→	Oil and Coal
Epidermis and Dermis (Skin)	→	Earth's Magnetic Field and Atmosphere
Interplay Between Organ Systems	→	Interplay between various species of organisms

Biological Patterns Observed In **Human Innovation**:

Red Blood Cell	→	Cup, Cars, Amazon Packages, Envelops
Proteins Produced From Ribosomes	→	Music Produced From Instruments
Skin	→	Clothing, Table Cloth, Sun Screen, Umbrella
Eye	→	Camera, TV/Computer/Phone Screen, Windows
Signal Molecules (Communication)	→	WiFi, BlueTooth, Light (Protons), Language
Skeleton	→	Chair (frame), Umbrella (frame), House (frame)
Fat/Lipids	→	Batteries, Reservoirs (Water),
Ear	→	Microphone, Speakers
Pulmonary Valve (heart)	→	Doors

For more human innovation examples: www.AskNature.org/innovations

Biological Patterns Observed in The Organization and Properties of **Human Society**

Cell	→	Person
Tissue	→	Organization
Organ	→	Industry
Organ System	→	Economic Sector
Blood (establishing fundamental needs)	→	Money (establishing fundamental needs)
Cellular-Economic Phenomena	→	Socioeconomic Phenomena
Concepts in Cellular Society (ie., Morals/Philosophy)	→	Concepts in Human Society (Morals/Philosophy)

Biological Patterns Observed in **The Universe**:

Cellular Mitosis	→	Laniakea and Perseus-Pisces (Supercluster)
Expansion of the Universe	→	Expansion of cellular mitosis
Cytoskeleton	→	Cosmic Web
Lysosomes	→	Black Holes
Atom	→	Galaxy
Electrons Spinning Around Atom	→	Clusters of Stars Orbiting Around a Black Hole
Cytosol	→	Dark Matter
Cellular Energy	→	Dark Energy
Inter-organelle Communication	→	Fast Radio Bursts (FRBs)
Various states of a cell (birth, growth, death)	→	Various States of Death predicted for the Universe
Slime Mold	→	Structure of intricate web of largely invisible matter

Biological Patterns
Observed In Earth's Processes

Patterns of The Heart in Antarctica

The melting and freezing of Antarctica function analogously to the biological patterns of the heart in several ways, primarily through their roles in regulating and distributing vital resources, maintaining equilibrium, and responding to environmental changes. Here's a detailed comparison:

Regulation and Distribution

Antarctica:

- **Ice Melting and Formation:** The seasonal melting and freezing of Antarctic ice regulate the distribution of freshwater into the oceans. When ice melts, it releases freshwater, which can influence ocean salinity and currents. Conversely, when ice forms, it traps freshwater, affecting the ocean's salinity balance.
- **Global Ocean Currents:** This process is crucial for driving global thermohaline circulation. As ice melts and forms, it impacts the density and temperature of seawater, which in turn drives the movement of ocean currents, distributing heat and nutrients around the globe.

Heart:

- **Blood Circulation:** The heart regulates the distribution of blood throughout the body. It pumps oxygenated blood from the lungs to tissues and returns deoxygenated blood back to the lungs for reoxygenation. This continuous circulation ensures that all body parts receive the necessary oxygen and nutrients.
- **Pulse and Rhythm:** The rhythmic beating of the heart ensures a steady and controlled flow of blood, analogous to the cyclical patterns of melting and freezing in Antarctica, which help maintain a balance in the global ocean system.

Maintenance of Equilibrium

Antarctica:

- **Sea Level Regulation**:** The ice sheets of Antarctica play a critical role in regulating global sea levels. When ice melts, it contributes to sea level rise, while ice formation helps to stabilize sea levels. This dynamic equilibrium is vital for coastal ecosystems and human settlements .
- - ****Climate Regulation**:** Antarctica's ice also affects the Earth's climate by reflecting solar radiation (albedo effect). The extent of ice cover influences global temperatures and climate patterns, helping to maintain climatic equilibrium.

Heart:

- **Homeostasis:** The heart maintains homeostasis by ensuring that blood pressure, oxygen levels, and nutrient delivery are kept within optimal ranges. This balance is crucial for the proper functioning of all body systems.
- **Adaptive Responses:** The heart can respond to changes in the body's needs, such as increasing its rate during physical activity to meet higher oxygen demands, similar to how Antarctic ice dynamics respond to climatic changes.

Response to Environmental Changes

Antarctica:

- **Climate Sensitivity:** The melting and freezing patterns of Antarctic ice are highly sensitive to climate changes. Increased global temperatures accelerate ice melt, while cooling trends can enhance ice formation. These responses have significant implications for global sea levels and ocean currents .
- **Feedback Mechanisms:** Changes in ice cover can create feedback mechanisms that influence global climate systems. For example, melting ice reduces the albedo effect, leading to further warming and ice melt.

Heart:

- **Stress Response:** The heart can adapt to physical and emotional stress by altering its rate and output. During stress or exercise, the heart pumps more vigorously to ensure adequate blood flow to muscles and vital organs.
- **Regulation of Blood Flow:** In response to varying demands, such as during rest or activity, the heart adjusts blood flow to different body parts, analogous to how Antarctica's ice dynamics adjust to environmental changes, impacting global systems.

Conclusion

The melting and freezing of Antarctica function analogously to the biological patterns of the heart in several key ways:

- **Regulation and Distribution:** Both systems regulate and distribute vital resources (freshwater for Antarctica, blood for the heart) to maintain overall balance.
- **Maintenance of Equilibrium:** They play crucial roles in maintaining equilibrium within their respective environments (global sea levels and climate for Antarctica, homeostasis for the heart).
- **Response to Environmental Changes:** Both are responsive to changes in their environments and have mechanisms to adapt and regulate in response to these changes.

These analogies highlight the interconnectedness of natural and biological systems and their roles in sustaining life and maintaining balance within their ecosystems.

Patterns of The Circulatory System in The Oceans Currents

The ocean's Arctic currents function analogously to the biological patterns of the circulatory system in several key ways, particularly in terms of circulation, temperature regulation, and nutrient distribution. Here's a detailed comparison:

Circulation

Arctic Currents:

- **Global Conveyor Belt:** The Arctic currents are part of the global thermohaline circulation, also known as the "global conveyor belt." This system circulates water around the globe, driven by differences in temperature and salinity. Cold, dense water from the Arctic sinks and flows southward, while warmer surface water moves northward, creating a continuous loop that distributes thermal energy and influences global climate patterns.
- **Ocean Gyres:** Arctic currents contribute to large oceanic gyres, which are circular current systems that circulate water and distribute heat and nutrients within the ocean basins .

Circulatory System:

- **Systemic Circulation:** The human circulatory system consists of systemic circulation, where the heart pumps oxygenated blood from the lungs to the rest of the body and returns deoxygenated blood back to the heart. This continuous loop ensures the delivery of oxygen and nutrients to tissues and the removal of waste products.
- **Pulmonary Circulation:** Blood circulates between the heart and lungs in the pulmonary circuit, where it is oxygenated before being pumped through the body. This dual-circuit system ensures efficient gas exchange and nutrient delivery.

Temperature Regulation

Arctic Currents:

- **Heat Redistribution:** Arctic currents play a crucial role in redistributing heat around the planet. Cold water from the Arctic helps cool the oceans, while warm water transported from the equator helps moderate temperatures in higher latitudes. This redistribution is vital for maintaining global climate balance .
- **Sea Ice Influence:** The formation and melting of sea ice in the Arctic also influence ocean currents and heat exchange. Sea ice acts as an insulating layer, regulating heat loss from the ocean to the atmosphere and affecting global weather patterns .

Circulatory System:

- **Thermoregulation:** The circulatory system helps regulate body temperature by distributing heat throughout the body. Blood vessels can constrict or dilate to either retain heat or release excess heat through the skin, helping maintain a stable internal temperature.

- **Heat Exchange Mechanisms:** The body uses mechanisms such as sweating and shivering, controlled by the circulatory system, to manage heat exchange with the environment, ensuring optimal conditions for enzymatic and cellular functions.

Nutrient Distribution

Arctic Currents:

- **Nutrient Upwelling:** Arctic currents contribute to nutrient upwelling, where deep, nutrient-rich waters are brought to the surface. This process supports the growth of phytoplankton, which forms the base of the marine food web and sustains diverse marine life.
- **Carbon Sequestration:** The cold, dense waters of the Arctic also play a role in carbon sequestration by transporting carbon dioxide absorbed at the surface to the deep ocean, where it can be stored for long periods, thus influencing global carbon cycles .

Circulatory System:

- **Nutrient Delivery:** The circulatory system transports nutrients absorbed from the digestive tract to cells throughout the body. Oxygenated blood delivers glucose, amino acids, fatty acids, and other essential nutrients required for cellular metabolism and energy production.
- **Waste Removal:** It also carries metabolic waste products, such as carbon dioxide and urea, to excretory organs (lungs, kidneys) for removal from the body, maintaining a clean internal environment.

Conclusion

In summary, the Arctic currents function analogously to the circulatory system in several ways:

- **Circulation:** Both systems circulate essential fluids—water and blood—throughout a larger system, driven by differences in density (temperature and salinity for currents; oxygen and nutrient content for blood).
- **Temperature Regulation:** They regulate temperature within their systems to maintain balance and optimal conditions for life.
- **Nutrient Distribution:** They distribute nutrients and support the growth and maintenance of complex ecosystems.

These similarities highlight the interconnectedness of natural processes and the analogous functions of large-scale environmental systems and biological systems.

Patterns of The Digestive System The Sahara Desert

The Sahara Desert in Africa and the daily wind storm known as a haboob function analogously to the biological patterns of a digestive system in several ways, particularly in terms of processing, nutrient distribution, and cyclical patterns. Here's a detailed comparison:

Processing and Transformation

Sahara Desert and Haboobs:

- **Erosion and Transportation:** The Sahara Desert is subject to wind erosion, where sand and dust are lifted into the atmosphere by strong winds. Haboobs, intense dust storms, are a significant part of this process. These storms transport vast amounts of dust and sand across large distances, effectively breaking down and redistributing the desert's materials.
- **Decomposition and Mineralization:** As these materials are transported, they undergo further weathering and breakdown. Dust particles often carry minerals and nutrients that, when deposited in other regions, can enrich the soil and support plant growth.

Digestive System:

- **Mechanical and Chemical Breakdown:** The digestive system breaks down food mechanically (chewing) and chemically (enzymes and stomach acid). This process transforms complex food substances into simpler molecules that can be absorbed and utilized by the body.
- **Nutrient Extraction:** The digestive system extracts and processes nutrients from ingested food, converting them into a form that the body can use for energy, growth, and repair .

Nutrient Distribution

Sahara Desert and Haboobs:

- **Global Nutrient Distribution:** Dust from the Sahara is carried by trade winds across the Atlantic Ocean to the Amazon rainforest, where it provides essential nutrients like phosphorus, which is vital for plant growth. This process is analogous to the way the digestive system distributes nutrients throughout the body.
- **Soil Fertility:** The deposition of Saharan dust in various regions can enhance soil fertility, similar to how digested nutrients are delivered to different parts of the body to maintain health and support biological functions .

Digestive System:

- **Circulatory Distribution:** After digestion, nutrients are absorbed into the bloodstream and distributed to cells throughout the body. This ensures that all tissues receive the necessary components for metabolism and cellular function .

- Waste Elimination: The digestive system also collects and expels waste products, maintaining internal balance and preventing the buildup of harmful substances .

Cyclical Patterns

Sahara Desert and Haboobs:

- Seasonal and Daily Cycles: The formation of haboobs follows seasonal and daily cycles, driven by climatic conditions and temperature changes. These cyclical patterns ensure the regular redistribution of dust and nutrients, contributing to ecological balance.
- Long-Term Impact: Over millennia, these processes have shaped landscapes and influenced climatic and ecological systems on a global scale, akin to the way the digestive system continuously processes food intake to maintain homeostasis.

Digestive System:

- Daily Digestive Cycles: The digestive system operates on a daily cycle, processing food intake at regular intervals. This regular function is crucial for maintaining energy levels and overall health.
- Long-Term Health: Continuous and efficient digestion and nutrient absorption are vital for long-term health, growth, and repair of tissues, paralleling the long-term ecological impacts of Saharan dust distribution .

Conclusion

The Sahara Desert and the haboob function analogously to the biological patterns of the digestive system in several key ways:

- Processing and Transformation: Both systems break down materials (food in the digestive system, sand and dust in the Sahara) and transform them into usable forms.
- Nutrient Distribution: They distribute essential nutrients to sustain other systems (body tissues in digestion, global ecosystems in the case of Saharan dust).
- Cyclical Patterns: Both operate on regular cycles that are crucial for maintaining balance and supporting life over the long term.

These analogies highlight the interconnectedness of natural processes and biological functions, emphasizing the essential roles both play in sustaining life and ecological balance.

Patterns of Kidneys in Sea Grass Meadows

Sea grass meadows and kidneys serve analogous functions in their respective environments by acting as natural filters and playing crucial roles in maintaining the health and stability of their ecosystems.

Filtration and Detoxification

Sea Grass Meadows:

- **Water Filtration:** Sea grass meadows filter seawater by trapping particles and sediments. This process helps in reducing water turbidity, allowing more sunlight to penetrate and thus supporting photosynthetic organisms.
- **Nutrient Cycling:** Sea grass roots and rhizomes stabilize the sediment and facilitate the cycling of nutrients, particularly nitrogen and phosphorus, which are essential for marine life. This nutrient cycling helps prevent eutrophication, a process that can lead to harmful algal blooms.
- **Pollutant Absorption:** Sea grasses can absorb pollutants and heavy metals, effectively removing them from the water column and reducing the impact of these harmful substances on the marine ecosystem .

Kidneys:

- **Blood Filtration:** Kidneys filter blood to remove waste products and excess substances, converting them into urine. This process helps maintain the body's internal environment by regulating the composition and volume of body fluids.
- **Detoxification:** Kidneys detoxify the blood by excreting metabolic waste products such as urea, creatinine, and certain drugs, thus preventing the buildup of toxic substances in the body .

Maintaining Homeostasis

Sea Grass Meadows:

- **Ecosystem Stability:** By stabilizing sediments and reducing wave energy, sea grass meadows protect coastlines from erosion and contribute to the overall stability of the marine ecosystem.
- **Carbon Sequestration:** Sea grasses play a significant role in carbon sequestration, capturing and storing carbon dioxide from the atmosphere, thus helping mitigate climate change.

Kidneys:

- **Fluid Balance:** Kidneys regulate the body's fluid balance by adjusting the volume and concentration of urine based on the body's needs, thus maintaining overall homeostasis .
- **Electrolyte Balance:** Kidneys manage the levels of various electrolytes in the blood, such as sodium, potassium, and calcium, which are vital for numerous physiological processes .

- Acid-Base Balance: Kidneys help maintain the body's pH by excreting hydrogen ions and reabsorbing bicarbonate from urine, which is crucial for normal cellular function .

Supporting Biodiversity

Sea Grass Meadows:

- Habitat Provision: Sea grass meadows provide habitat and nursery grounds for a diverse range of marine species, including fish, invertebrates, and endangered species such as sea turtles and dugongs .
- Food Source: Sea grasses themselves are a direct food source for many marine herbivores, contributing to the marine food web .

Kidneys:

- Supporting Life: By performing essential filtration and homeostasis functions, kidneys support the overall health and survival of the organism, enabling it to maintain a stable internal environment conducive to life.

In summary, sea grass meadows and kidneys perform analogous functions by filtering their respective environments, maintaining homeostasis, and supporting diverse biological communities. Sea grass meadows act as the kidneys of the marine ecosystem, cleansing the water and providing a stable habitat for marine life, much like kidneys filter blood and maintain bodily homeostasis.

Patterns of Lungs in Trees & Plants

Trees and plants function analogously to biological lungs in several key ways, primarily through their roles in gas exchange, filtration, and structural organization. Here's a detailed comparison:

Gas Exchange

Trees and Plants:

- **Photosynthesis:** Trees and plants absorb carbon dioxide (CO₂) from the atmosphere through tiny openings in their leaves called stomata. During photosynthesis, they convert CO₂ and sunlight into oxygen (O₂) and glucose. This process effectively "breathes in" CO₂ and "breathes out" O₂, similar to how lungs function .
- **Transpiration:** Plants also release water vapor into the atmosphere through stomata in a process called transpiration. This process is analogous to the release of moisture during exhalation in animals .

Lungs:

- **Respiration:** Lungs take in oxygen from the air and transfer it to the bloodstream while expelling carbon dioxide from the blood into the air. This gas exchange occurs in the alveoli, tiny air sacs in the lungs, and is essential for cellular respiration in the body .

Filtration and Cleaning

Trees and Plants:

- **Air Purification:** Trees and plants filter pollutants and particulate matter from the air, improving air quality. Their leaves and bark can capture dust, smoke, and other pollutants, reducing the concentration of harmful substances in the atmosphere .
- **Soil Stabilization and Water Filtration:** Roots of plants help stabilize soil and prevent erosion. They also filter water as it passes through the soil, trapping sediments and absorbing contaminants, thus maintaining groundwater quality .

Lungs:

- **Mucus and Cilia:** The respiratory system uses mucus and tiny hair-like structures called cilia to trap and expel dust, pathogens, and other particles from the airways. This filtration system helps keep the lungs clean and prevents infection .

Structural Organization

Trees and Plants:

- **Branching Patterns:** The branching patterns of trees resemble the branching of bronchi and bronchioles in the lungs. Both systems optimize surface area for their respective functions—photosynthesis in trees and gas exchange in lungs.
- **Vascular Systems:** Trees have vascular tissues (xylem and phloem) that transport water, nutrients, and sugars throughout the plant, analogous to the circulatory system that transports gases and nutrients in animals .

Lungs:

- **Bronchial Tree:** The lungs' bronchial tree branches extensively into smaller bronchioles, leading to alveoli where gas exchange occurs. This extensive branching maximizes the surface area for efficient oxygen and carbon dioxide exchange .

Additional Analogies

Role in Ecosystem/Homeostasis:

- **Trees and Plants:** By producing oxygen and absorbing carbon dioxide, trees and plants play a crucial role in maintaining atmospheric balance and supporting life on Earth. They also provide habitat and food for numerous species, contributing to biodiversity.
- **Lungs:** By facilitating respiration, lungs maintain the body's homeostasis, ensuring that cells receive adequate oxygen for metabolism and that carbon dioxide is efficiently removed from the body .

Regeneration and Healing:

- **Trees and Plants:** Trees and plants have remarkable regenerative capabilities, such as growing new leaves, branches, or roots when damaged. This resilience supports their long-term survival and ecological function .
- **Lungs:** While not as regenerative as trees, lungs can repair and heal to a certain extent, especially from minor injuries or infections. The lung tissue can recover from damage, maintaining respiratory function .

By drawing these comparisons, we can see that trees and plants function similarly to lungs in many ways, from gas exchange and filtration to structural organization and ecosystem maintenance. These analogies highlight the interconnectedness of biological systems and the importance of both plants and lungs in sustaining life.

Patterns of Fats (Lipids) in Oil and Coal

Oil and coal function analogously to fats (lipids) in several ways, particularly in terms of energy storage, release, and their roles in their respective systems. Here's a detailed comparison:

Energy Storage

Oil and Coal:

- **Fossil Fuels as Energy Reservoirs:** Oil and coal are rich in carbon and hydrogen, storing vast amounts of energy that have been accumulated over millions of years from ancient organic matter. These fuels serve as major energy reserves for human use.
- **Long-Term Energy Storage:** Just as fats store energy for long periods, oil and coal represent long-term storage of solar energy captured by prehistoric plants and animals through photosynthesis and organic growth.

Fats (Lipids):

- **Biological Energy Storage:** Fats are the body's primary long-term energy storage molecules. They store more energy per gram than carbohydrates or proteins, making them efficient for long-term energy reserves in organisms.
- **Energy-Dense Molecules:** Lipids are composed of fatty acids and glycerol, storing energy in their chemical bonds that can be released when needed by the body.

Energy Release

Oil and Coal:

- **Combustion:** When burned, oil and coal release the stored energy as heat and light. This energy can be harnessed for various purposes, such as electricity generation, heating, and powering vehicles.
- **Exothermic Reactions:** The combustion of fossil fuels is a highly exothermic process, releasing large amounts of energy quickly, similar to how fats can be metabolized for a rapid energy supply in biological systems.

Fats (Lipids):

- **Metabolism:** Fats are broken down through metabolic processes like beta-oxidation, releasing energy that the body can use for various activities, including muscle contraction, cell maintenance, and body heat.
- **Sustained Energy:** The breakdown of fats provides a slow and sustained release of energy, crucial for endurance activities and periods of fasting or low food intake.

Role in Their Systems

Oil and Coal:

- **Industrial and Economic Roles:** Fossil fuels are fundamental to modern economies and industries, providing a reliable and powerful energy source for manufacturing, transportation, and electricity. They drive much of the industrial processes and economic growth.
- **Environmental Impact:** The extraction and use of fossil fuels have significant environmental impacts, including greenhouse gas emissions and pollution, paralleling how excess fats can lead to health issues if not properly managed.

Fats (Lipids):

- **Biological Functions:** Beyond energy storage, fats play several critical roles in biological systems, including forming cell membranes, insulating body organs, and serving as signaling molecules in various metabolic pathways.
- **Health Implications:** Proper management of fat intake is crucial for health, as both deficiencies and excesses can lead to significant health problems, akin to the environmental challenges posed by fossil fuels.

Conclusion

Oil and coal function analogously to fats (lipids) in several ways:

- *Energy Storage:* Both serve as long-term energy storage mediums, with oil and coal storing ancient solar energy and fats storing metabolic energy.
- *Energy Release:* They release stored energy through combustion or metabolism, providing the necessary power for industrial processes or biological activities.
- *Systemic Roles:* Both play vital roles in their respective systems, driving industrial and economic activities or supporting various biological functions and maintaining health.

These analogies highlight the critical roles that both fossil fuels and fats play in energy management within their respective domains, as well as the importance of their regulation to mitigate negative impacts.

Patterns of Skin In The Earth's Magnetosphere and Atmosphere

The Earth's magnetic field and atmosphere function analogously to the biological patterns of the epidermis and dermis in several important ways, particularly in terms of protection, regulation, and maintenance of internal stability. Here's a detailed comparison:

Protection

Earth's Magnetic Field and Atmosphere:

- **Magnetic Field:** The Earth's magnetic field, generated by movements within the planet's molten iron core, acts as a shield against solar and cosmic radiation. It deflects charged particles from the sun, such as the solar wind, preventing them from stripping away the atmosphere and harming life on the surface.
- **Atmosphere:** The Earth's atmosphere further protects life by absorbing harmful ultraviolet (UV) radiation through the ozone layer and burning up meteoroids before they reach the surface. It also provides a stable environment for weather and climate, essential for sustaining life.

Epidermis and Dermis:

- **Epidermis:** The epidermis is the outermost layer of skin, providing a physical barrier against pathogens, chemicals, and physical damage. It also prevents water loss, playing a crucial role in maintaining internal homeostasis.
- **Dermis:** Beneath the epidermis, the dermis contains collagen and elastin fibers that provide structural support and elasticity. It houses blood vessels, nerves, hair follicles, and glands, contributing to overall skin integrity and function.

Regulation

Earth's Magnetic Field and Atmosphere:

- **Regulation of Climate:** The atmosphere regulates the Earth's temperature by trapping heat through the greenhouse effect. This regulation ensures a stable climate that can support diverse ecosystems and human life.
- **Geomagnetic Effects**:** The magnetic field influences the behavior of charged particles in the atmosphere, contributing to phenomena like the auroras (Northern and Southern Lights). It also plays a role in navigation and migratory patterns of various species.

Epidermis and Dermis:

- **Temperature Regulation**:** The skin regulates body temperature through sweat glands in the dermis, which release sweat that evaporates to cool the body. Blood vessels in the dermis also expand or contract to release or conserve heat.

- **Barrier Functions:** The epidermis regulates moisture levels and prevents the entry of harmful substances, while the dermis supports sensory functions, allowing the body to respond to environmental changes (e.g., pain, temperature)

Maintenance of Internal Stability

Earth's Magnetic Field and Atmosphere:

- **Atmospheric Stability:** The atmosphere maintains a stable composition of gases, such as oxygen and nitrogen, which are essential for life. It also balances the water cycle, supporting weather patterns and ecosystems.
- **Magnetic Field Stability:** The magnetic field helps maintain the stability of the atmosphere by protecting it from solar radiation that could otherwise strip away essential gases, ensuring long-term habitability of the planet.

Epidermis and Dermis:

- **Homeostasis:** The skin contributes to homeostasis by protecting against dehydration, supporting immune function through the physical barrier of the epidermis, and storing nutrients like water and fats in the dermis.
- **Structural Integrity:** The dermis supports the structure of the skin, ensuring it remains intact and functional despite external stresses. This structural integrity is essential for protecting internal organs and tissues.

Conclusion

The Earth's magnetic field and atmosphere function analogously to the biological patterns of the epidermis and dermis in several key ways:

- **Protection:** Both systems provide essential protective barriers against external threats—solar radiation and meteoroids for the Earth, pathogens, and physical damage for the skin.
- **Regulation**:** They regulate vital processes—climate and temperature for the Earth, body temperature and moisture levels for the skin.
- **Internal Stability**:** Both ensure internal stability—maintaining a stable atmospheric composition and climate for the Earth, and homeostasis and structural integrity for the skin.

These analogies highlight the importance of protective and regulatory systems in maintaining the health and stability of both planetary and biological systems.

Patterns of a Organ Systems Amongst Ecosystems

The interplay between various species of organisms in an ecosystem functions analogously to the interplay between organ systems in a biological organism in several key ways: interdependence, specialization, communication, and maintaining homeostasis. Here's a detailed comparison:

Interdependence

Ecosystem:

- **Food Webs:** Species in an ecosystem rely on each other for survival through complex food webs. For example, plants produce oxygen and serve as food for herbivores, which in turn are prey for carnivores. Decomposers break down dead organisms, recycling nutrients back into the soil for plants.
- **Symbiotic Relationships**:** Many species engage in symbiotic relationships, where different organisms benefit from each other. Examples include pollinators like bees and flowering plants, or the mutualistic relationship between clownfish and sea anemones.

Biological Organism:

- **Organ Systems:** Organ systems within an organism rely on each other to maintain overall function. The respiratory system provides oxygen to the circulatory system, which transports it to cells, while the digestive system provides nutrients. The excretory system removes waste products, maintaining internal balance.
- **Functional Collaboration:** Each organ system contributes to the organism's homeostasis. For instance, the immune system protects against pathogens, while the endocrine system regulates hormones to control various bodily functions.

Specialization

Ecosystem:

- **Niche Specialization:** Different species occupy specific niches in an ecosystem, each contributing in unique ways. For example, primary producers like plants and algae convert sunlight into energy, while predators control the population of herbivores.
- **Adaptation:** Species evolve specialized traits that allow them to thrive in their specific environments, such as the long neck of a giraffe for feeding on high trees or the streamlined bodies of fish for efficient swimming.

Biological Organism:

- **Organ Specialization:** Different organs and tissues within an organism are specialized for specific functions. For instance, the heart pumps blood, the lungs facilitate gas exchange, and the liver detoxifies chemicals

- Cellular Specialization: Cells differentiate into various types, such as muscle cells, nerve cells, and blood cells, each performing distinct roles that contribute to the organism's overall functionality

Communication

Ecosystem:

- Signaling and Responses: Species communicate through various signals, such as pheromones, vocalizations, or visual displays. These communications can alert others to danger, indicate mating availability, or coordinate group behaviors like hunting or migration.
- Environmental Feedback: Organisms respond to environmental changes, such as predators triggering defense mechanisms in prey or plants releasing chemicals in response to herbivory

Biological Organism:

- Nervous System: The nervous system coordinates communication between different parts of the body through electrical and chemical signals. This system allows for quick responses to stimuli and coordination of complex behaviors.
- Hormonal Signaling: The endocrine system uses hormones to regulate processes such as growth, metabolism, and reproduction. Hormones act as messengers that trigger specific responses in target organs.

Maintaining Homeostasis

Ecosystem:

- Balance of Populations: Predator-prey relationships help maintain population balance within ecosystems. For example, predators keep herbivore populations in check, which in turn prevents overgrazing and allows plant communities to thrive.
- Nutrient Cycles: Ecosystems maintain balance through nutrient cycles, such as the carbon and nitrogen cycles, which ensure the continuous availability of essential elements for all organisms.

Biological Organism:

- Internal Balance: Homeostasis in an organism is maintained by the coordinated action of various organ systems. For example, the kidneys regulate electrolyte levels and blood pressure, while the pancreas controls blood sugar levels.
- Feedback Mechanisms: The body uses feedback mechanisms to maintain stability. For instance, the hypothalamus monitors body temperature and triggers responses such as sweating or shivering to maintain an optimal internal environment.

Conclusion

The interplay between various species of organisms functions analogously to the interplay between organ systems through:

- **Interdependence:** Species and organ systems rely on each other for survival and function.
- **Specialization**:** Each species or organ system has specialized roles that contribute to the overall health and balance of the ecosystem or organism.
- **Communication**:** Both ecosystems and organ systems use signaling to coordinate activities and responses to changes.
- **Maintaining Homeostasis**:** Ecosystems and organisms maintain balance through complex interactions and feedback mechanisms.

These analogies illustrate the intricate and essential roles that each component plays in maintaining the health and stability of larger systems, whether in nature or within a living organism.

Patterns of The Pulmonary Valve in Doors.

Doors and the pulmonary valve in the heart share analogous functions through their roles in regulating flow, ensuring directionality, and maintaining separation between different environments or compartments. Here's a detailed explanation of these analogies:

Pulmonary Valve (Biological System)

1. Regulating Flow:

- The pulmonary valve controls the flow of blood from the right ventricle of the heart into the pulmonary artery.
- It opens to allow blood to flow into the pulmonary artery and closes to prevent backflow into the right ventricle.

2. Ensuring Directionality:

- The pulmonary valve ensures that blood flows in only one direction—from the right ventricle to the pulmonary artery and then to the lungs.
- This unidirectional flow is critical for the efficient oxygenation of blood.

3. Maintaining Separation:

- The valve maintains the separation between the right ventricle and the pulmonary artery, preventing the mixing of oxygen-poor blood in the ventricle with oxygen-rich blood returning from the lungs.

Doors (Man-Made Structures)

1. Regulating Flow:

- Doors control the movement of people or objects between rooms or spaces.
- They can be opened to allow passage and closed to restrict access.

2. Ensuring Directionality:

- Doors can direct the flow of movement, ensuring that traffic moves smoothly and efficiently in one direction, such as in entry and exit points.
- In some cases, doors are designed to allow one-way movement, similar to turnstiles.

3. Maintaining Separation:

- Doors maintain the separation between different areas, such as between indoors and outdoors or between rooms within a building.
- This separation helps in controlling the environment, such as maintaining temperature, privacy, and security.

Detailed Analogies

1. Opening and Closing Mechanism:

- *Pulmonary Valve*: Opens when the pressure in the right ventricle exceeds the pressure in the pulmonary artery, allowing blood to flow through; closes when the pressure drops to prevent backflow.
- *Doors*: Can be opened by applying force (e.g., turning a doorknob or pushing), allowing passage; can be closed to restrict passage and maintain separation between spaces.

2. One-Way Flow:

- *Pulmonary Valve*: Ensures that blood flows in one direction—from the heart to the lungs—preventing backflow that could disrupt the circulation.
- *Doors*: Certain doors (e.g., one-way doors, revolving doors) are designed to allow movement in one direction, ensuring orderly flow and preventing backtracking or unauthorized entry.

3. Environmental Control:

- *Pulmonary Valve*: By preventing backflow, the valve helps maintain proper blood pressure and circulation efficiency.
- *Doors*: By closing doors, environments can be controlled in terms of temperature, noise, and security, ensuring the desired conditions in each separated area.

Conclusion

The pulmonary valve in the heart and doors in buildings serve analogous roles by controlling and regulating the flow of substances (blood or people/objects), ensuring unidirectional movement, and maintaining separation between distinct areas or environments. These functions are crucial for the efficient operation of both biological systems and architectural structures, highlighting the importance of control mechanisms in maintaining order and efficiency.

Biological Patterns
Observed In Human Innovation

Patterns of Red Blood Cells in a Coffee Cup and Other Distribution Methods

The analogy between red blood cells and various containers such as coffee cups, cars, Amazon packages, and envelopes involves their roles in transporting contents to specific destinations, ensuring that these contents reach where they are needed in a secure and efficient manner. Here's how each element parallels the function of red blood cells:

Red Blood Cells

Function:

- **Transport Oxygen:** Red blood cells (RBCs) transport oxygen from the lungs to tissues throughout the body and carry carbon dioxide back to the lungs for exhalation.
- **Hemoglobin:** They contain hemoglobin, a protein that binds oxygen and carbon dioxide, facilitating their transport.
- **Shape and Flexibility:** Their biconcave shape increases surface area for gas exchange and allows them to navigate through narrow blood vessels.

Containers (Coffee Cups, Cars, Amazon Packages, Envelopes)

Function:

- **Transport Content:** These containers are designed to carry specific items from one location to another, ensuring safe and efficient delivery.

Detailed Analogies

1. Coffee Cups:

- **Content Transport:** Coffee cups carry liquids (like coffee) from the point of preparation to the consumer, analogous to how RBCs transport gases.
- **Containment and Protection:** Just as RBCs protect and transport hemoglobin-bound oxygen, coffee cups are designed to contain and protect their contents from spilling and cooling down too quickly.

2. Cars:

- **Passenger and Cargo Transport:** Cars transport passengers and goods from one location to another, similar to RBCs transporting oxygen and carbon dioxide.
- **Navigating Routes:** Cars navigate road networks to reach their destinations, akin to how RBCs travel through the vascular network to deliver oxygen to tissues and return with carbon dioxide.

3. Amazon Packages:

- **Delivery of Goods:** Amazon packages ensure that purchased items are delivered to the correct address, securely and intact. This mirrors RBCs delivering oxygen molecules to cells and tissues.
- **Tracking and Efficiency:** Just as Amazon uses tracking systems to ensure efficient delivery, RBCs have a highly efficient system within the circulatory system to reach their target cells

4. Envelopes:

- **Message Delivery**:** Envelopes carry letters and documents from sender to recipient, similar to RBCs carrying gases.
- **Protection of Contents**:** Envelopes protect their contents from damage during transit, akin to how RBCs protect hemoglobin and gases within the bloodstream

Common Features

1. *Specialization for Transport:*

- **Red Blood Cells:** Specialized for carrying oxygen and carbon dioxide through the blood.
- **Containers:** Each designed specifically to hold, protect, and transport their unique contents efficiently.

2. *Efficiency and Security:*

- **Red Blood Cells:** Highly efficient in gas exchange and transport, ensuring that oxygen and carbon dioxide are delivered and removed promptly.
- **Containers:** Designed to ensure secure and efficient transport of their contents to prevent damage, loss, or delay.

3. *Navigation and Delivery:*

- **Red Blood Cells:** Navigate through the vascular system, reaching tissues throughout the body.
- **Containers:** Navigate through various delivery systems (roads for cars, postal routes for envelopes, shipping networks for Amazon packages) to reach their destinations.

Conclusion

The analogy between red blood cells and various containers (coffee cups, cars, Amazon packages, envelopes) highlights their shared purpose of transporting contents efficiently and securely to specific destinations. Both systems are specialized to protect and deliver their cargo, whether it is oxygen and carbon dioxide in the case of red blood cells, or goods, liquids, and messages in the case of the various containers. This comparison underscores the importance of efficient and secure transport mechanisms in both biological and artificial systems.

Patterns of Protein Creation in Music Creation

The analogy between proteins produced by ribosomes from the input of RNA and music produced by instruments from the input of fingers revolves around the concepts of instructions, execution, and output. Here's a detailed comparison:

Instructions

RNA and Sheet Music:

- *RNA*: RNA carries the genetic instructions from DNA to the ribosome, which translates these instructions to synthesize proteins. The sequence of nucleotides in RNA dictates the order of amino acids in the protein.
- *Sheet Music*: Sheet music contains the musical notation that provides instructions to musicians on how to play a piece. It specifies the pitch, rhythm, dynamics, and articulation for each note.

Execution

Ribosomes and Musical Instruments:

- *Ribosomes*: Ribosomes are the cellular machinery that reads the RNA sequence and assembles amino acids into a polypeptide chain, ultimately folding into a functional protein. This process is called translation.
- *Musical Instruments*: Musical instruments are the tools through which musicians interpret and play the notes written in the sheet music. Each instrument produces different sounds based on its design and how it is played.

Output

Proteins and Music:

- *Proteins*: The final product of the ribosome's translation process is a protein, which performs various functions within the cell. Proteins are crucial for structure, function, and regulation of the body's tissues and organs.
- *Music*: The final output of the musicians' performance is music, a harmonious and organized sound that can evoke emotions, tell stories, and provide enjoyment.

Detailed Analogies

1. Instruction Fidelity:

- *RNA*: The sequence of nucleotides in RNA must be accurately transcribed from DNA and then precisely read by ribosomes to ensure the correct sequence of amino acids in the protein.
- *Sheet Music*: Musicians must accurately interpret the notes and dynamics written in the sheet music to perform the piece as intended by the composer.

2. Translation Mechanism:

- *Ribosomes*: Ribosomes use transfer RNA (tRNA) to match amino acids with the corresponding codons on the mRNA sequence, building the protein one amino acid at a time.
- *Musicians and Instruments*: Musicians use their fingers (and sometimes other body parts) to manipulate instruments, producing the sounds dictated by the sheet music. Each note and its characteristics are executed through physical actions.

3. Complex Assembly:

- *Proteins*: The sequence of amino acids determines the protein's structure and function. Proteins can be simple or complex, folding into specific shapes to perform their roles.
- *Music*: The notes and rhythms combine to create melodies and harmonies. Music can range from simple tunes to complex compositions with multiple layers and dynamics.

4. Functional Outcome:

- *Proteins*: Once synthesized, proteins perform specific functions such as catalyzing reactions (enzymes), providing structure (collagen), or transporting molecules (hemoglobin).
- *Music*: The performed music can convey emotions, tell stories, and create an auditory experience that can affect listeners' moods and thoughts.

Conclusion

The analogy between proteins produced by ribosomes from the input of RNA and music produced by instruments from the input of fingers highlights the following parallels:

- *Instructions*: RNA and sheet music provide detailed instructions for creating a specific output.
- *Execution*: Ribosomes and musical instruments act as the tools that read and execute these instructions.
- *Output*: The final products are proteins in cells and music from instruments, both of which perform essential and impactful roles in their respective domains.

This comparison underscores the intricate processes of translation and interpretation in both biological and musical contexts, emphasizing the importance of precision and coordination to achieve the desired outcome.

Functional Patterns of Skin Observed In Clothing, Tablecloth, Sunscreen and Umbrella.

Clothing, a tablecloth, sunscreen, and an umbrella all function analogously to skin in their roles of protection, regulation, and sensory functions. Here's a detailed comparison of how each item is similar to the functions of skin:

Protection

Skin:

- *Barrier Function*: The skin acts as a physical barrier protecting internal organs and tissues from physical damage, pathogens, and harmful environmental factors such as UV radiation.
- *Immune Defense*: It hosts immune cells that detect and combat pathogens.

Clothing:

- *Physical Barrier*: Clothing provides a protective layer that shields the body from environmental hazards such as dirt, harmful UV rays, and minor injuries.
- *Insulation*: Clothing helps to maintain body temperature by insulating against cold and shielding against excessive heat.

Tablecloth:

- *Surface Protection*: A tablecloth protects the table surface from spills, scratches, and stains, similar to how skin protects underlying tissues.
- *Aesthetic Enhancement*: It can also enhance the appearance of the table, akin to how skin contributes to our overall appearance.

Sunscreen:

- *UV Protection*: Sunscreen protects the skin from harmful ultraviolet (UV) radiation, preventing sunburn and reducing the risk of skin cancer. This is directly analogous to the skin's natural melanin, which provides some protection against UV damage.
- *Chemical Barrier*: Sunscreens create a protective chemical layer that absorbs or reflects UV rays, similar to the skin's natural oils and melanin that offer UV protection.

Umbrella:

- *Physical Shield*: An umbrella acts as a physical shield against rain and sunlight, protecting the user from getting wet or sunburned. This is similar to how skin protects the body from environmental elements.
- *Shade Provider*: By providing shade, umbrellas help regulate body temperature in hot weather, akin to how skin regulates temperature through sweating and blood flow.

Regulation

Skin:

- *Temperature Regulation*: Through sweating and blood vessel dilation or constriction, the skin helps regulate body temperature.
- *Water Balance*: The skin prevents excessive water loss through its semi-permeable barrier.

Clothing:

- *Temperature Control*: By adding or removing layers, clothing helps to regulate body temperature, maintaining warmth in cold conditions and coolness in hot conditions.
- *Moisture Management*: Certain fabrics wick moisture away from the skin, helping to keep the body dry and comfortable.

Sensory Functions

Skin:

- *Sensory Reception*: The skin contains numerous nerve endings that allow it to detect touch, pressure, pain, and temperature, providing sensory feedback to the brain.

Clothing:

- *Comfort and Fit*: Clothing materials and their textures can affect sensory comfort, similar to how skin senses and responds to different stimuli.
- *Tactile Interaction*: The texture and fit of clothing can impact how we feel, analogous to how skin's sensory receptors provide feedback about our environment.

Aesthetic and Social Functions

Skin:

- *Appearance*: Skin plays a major role in personal appearance and identity.
- *Health Indicator*: The condition of the skin often reflects overall health and wellness.

Clothing:

- *Fashion and Identity*: Clothing is a significant part of personal and cultural identity, affecting how individuals are perceived socially.
- *Health Reflection*: The choice of clothing can reflect personal health and well-being, such as wearing breathable fabrics during exercise.

Conclusion

Clothing, a tablecloth, sunscreen, and an umbrella function analogously to skin in the following ways:

- *Protection*: They provide barriers against environmental hazards, similar to the skin's protective role.
- *Regulation*: They help maintain internal conditions, like temperature, mirroring the skin's regulatory functions.
- *Sensory and Aesthetic*: They influence comfort and appearance, akin to how the skin contributes to sensory perception and looks.

These analogies highlight the multifaceted roles of skin and how various items in our daily lives mimic these vital functions.

Patterns of The Eye in A Camera, TV, Computer/Phone Screen and Windows

The analogy between a camera, TV, computer, phone screen, and window of a house and the human eye revolves around the principles of capturing, processing, and displaying visual information. Here's a detailed comparison:

Capturing Visual Information

Eye:

- *Lens and Cornea*: The eye captures light through the cornea and lens, focusing it onto the retina.
- *Retina*: The retina contains photoreceptor cells (rods and cones) that detect light and convert it into neural signals, which are then processed by the brain to form images.

Camera:

- *Lens*: A camera captures light through its lens, focusing it onto a sensor or film.
- *Sensor/Film*: The sensor (in digital cameras) or film (in analog cameras) captures the light and converts it into an image. Digital sensors convert light into electronic signals, which are then processed into digital images.

Processing Visual Information

Eye:

- *Neural Processing*: The retina processes visual information and sends it through the optic nerve to the brain, where further processing occurs to form a coherent image.
- *Color and Depth Perception*: The brain processes information about color, depth, and movement to create a comprehensive visual experience.

TV, Computer, and Phone Screens:

- *Display Technology*: These screens receive digital signals that are processed to display images. The screens use pixels, which can change color and intensity to form images.
- *Resolution and Color Accuracy*: Modern screens are designed to display high-resolution images with accurate colors, similar to how the brain interprets detailed visual information from the eyes.

Displaying Visual Information

Eye:

- *Perception*: The final step of the eye's function is the perception of the visual world, where the brain interprets the processed signals as recognizable images.

TV, Computer, and Phone Screens:

- *Image Display*: These devices display images and videos by lighting up pixels in specific patterns. They serve as the interface through which we perceive digital visual information.
- *Interactivity*: Modern screens (especially touch screens) allow interaction, similar to how the eye sends feedback to the brain based on visual stimuli.

Transparent Visual Pathway

Eye:

- *Pupil*: The pupil is the opening that allows light to enter the eye, akin to a window letting light into a room.
- *Clear Pathway*: The lens and vitreous humor provide a clear pathway for light to reach the retina.

Window of a House:

- *Transparency*: A window allows light to enter a house, providing a clear view of the outside world.
- *Protection and Clarity*: Windows protect the interior from environmental elements while allowing for visibility, similar to how the cornea and lens protect and focus light for the eye.

Detailed Analogies

1. Focusing Mechanism:

- *Eye*: The cornea and lens adjust to focus light onto the retina.
- *Camera*: The lens adjusts to focus light onto the sensor or film.

2. Image Conversion:

- *Eye*: Photoreceptors in the retina convert light into neural signals.
- *Camera*: The sensor converts light into electronic signals that are processed into digital images.

3. Image Display:

- *Brain*: The brain processes and displays the visual information received from the eyes.
- *Screens*: TV, computer, and phone screens display processed images received from various digital sources.

4. Transparency and Protection:

- *Eye*: The cornea and lens are transparent and protect the inner parts of the eye.
- *Window*: The window allows light to pass through and protects the interior of the house from the elements.

Conclusion

The analogy between a camera, TV, computer, phone screen, and window of a house and the human eye highlights their roles in capturing, processing, and displaying visual information:

- Cameras function like the eye in capturing and focusing light to create images.
- TV, computer, and phone screens function like the brain's visual processing system, displaying and interpreting images.
- Windows provide a clear pathway for light, analogous to how the eye's transparent structures allow light to reach the retina.

This comparison underscores the fundamental principles of visual information processing and display in both biological and technological systems.

Patterns of Signaling Molecules Observed In WiFi, Bluetooth, Light (Photons) and Language

WiFi, Bluetooth, light (photons), and language (written and spoken) function analogously to biological signaling molecules in terms of transmitting information, specificity, and triggering responses. Here's how each of these modern communication methods parallels the biological patterns of signaling molecules:

WiFi and Bluetooth

Signaling Molecules:

- *Function:* Signaling molecules like hormones and neurotransmitters transmit information between cells, facilitating various biological processes such as growth, metabolism, and neural communication.
- *Specificity:* These molecules bind to specific receptors on target cells, ensuring that the signal reaches the appropriate destination and elicits a precise response.
- *Range:* Signaling molecules can act over short (synaptic signaling) or long distances (endocrine signaling).

WiFi and Bluetooth:

- *Function:* WiFi and Bluetooth transmit data wirelessly between electronic devices. WiFi is used for longer-range, high-speed internet connections, while Bluetooth is used for short-range, device-to-device communication.
- *Specificity:* Both technologies require pairing or connection to specific networks or devices, ensuring that the data reaches the intended recipient.
- *Range:* WiFi can cover a broader area, similar to endocrine signaling, while Bluetooth covers shorter distances, akin to synaptic signaling.

Light (Photons)

Signaling Molecules:

- *Function:* Photoreceptor cells in the eyes use light to initiate signaling pathways that result in vision. Light signals trigger the conversion of light energy into electrical signals in the retina.
- *Mechanism:* Photons (light particles) activate photopigments in the retina, leading to a cascade of biochemical reactions that convert the light signal into a neural signal.

Light (Photons):

- *Function:* Photons carry information in optical communication systems (e.g., fiber optics, remote controls). In these systems, light is used to transmit data quickly and efficiently.
- *Mechanism:* Optical systems use light signals (photons) to transfer information, which is then converted into electrical signals by receivers.

Language (Written and Spoken)

Signaling Molecules:

- *Function*: Signaling molecules convey complex information and instructions between cells, coordinating functions such as immune responses, growth, and neural activity.
- *Complexity*: The sequence and combination of signaling molecules can encode detailed and complex instructions for cellular processes.
- *Interpretation*: Target cells interpret these signals based on their receptors and internal machinery.

Language (Written and Spoken):

- *Function*: Language transmits complex information, ideas, and emotions between individuals. Written and spoken language serves as a medium for detailed and nuanced communication.
- *Complexity*: Language uses a combination of words and syntax to convey complex messages and instructions.
- *Interpretation*: Listeners and readers decode and interpret the message based on their understanding of the language.

Detailed Analogies

1. Transmission and Reception:

- *Signaling Molecules*: Transmitted from signaling cells to target cells, where they bind to receptors and trigger a response.
- *WiFi/Bluetooth*: Data is transmitted wirelessly from one device to another, where it is received and processed.
- *Light*: Photons carry information to photoreceptors or sensors, which process the light signals.
- *Language*: Spoken or written words are transmitted from one person to another, where they are received and interpreted.

2. Specificity and Compatibility:

- *Signaling Molecules*: Specific molecules bind to specific receptors, ensuring precise communication.
- *WiFi/Bluetooth*: Devices must be compatible and properly configured to communicate effectively.
- *Light*: Optical systems require specific wavelengths and sensors for effective transmission and reception.
- *Language*: Effective communication requires a shared understanding of the language between sender and receiver.

3. Triggering Responses:

- *Signaling Molecules*: Binding to receptors triggers a cellular response, such as gene expression or metabolic changes.
- *WiFi/Bluetooth*: Data reception can trigger specific actions, such as downloading a file or controlling a device.
- *Light*: Light signals can trigger responses in devices, such as turning on a light or transmitting data through fiber optics.
- *Language*: Spoken or written communication can trigger cognitive and emotional responses in the listener or reader.

Conclusion

WiFi, Bluetooth, light (photons), and language (written and spoken) function analogously to signaling molecules through their roles in transmitting information, ensuring specificity, and triggering responses:

- WiFi and Bluetooth**: Parallel the roles of signaling molecules in wireless data transmission and specific targeting.
- Light (Photons)**: Similar to photoreceptor signaling, optical communication uses light for fast and efficient data transfer.
- Language**: Reflects the complex encoding and decoding of signals, akin to how signaling molecules convey detailed biological information.

These analogies illustrate the universal principles of communication and information transfer in both biological and technological systems.

Patterns of The Skeletal System In A Chair, Umbrella & House.

A chair (frame), umbrella (frame), and house (frame) function analogously to the biological patterns of a skeleton through their structural support, protection, and shape-giving functions. Here's a detailed explanation of these analogies:

Chair Frame

Skeleton:

- *Structural Support:* The skeleton provides support for the body, allowing it to maintain its shape and posture. It serves as the framework upon which muscles and tissues are attached.
- *Mobility:* The skeleton enables movement by serving as points of attachment for muscles, facilitating locomotion and various bodily movements.

Chair Frame:

- *Structural Support:* The frame of a chair supports the weight of the person sitting in it, maintaining the chair's shape and stability.
- *Functionality:* The frame allows for the attachment of other components, such as the seat and backrest, enabling the chair to function properly and provide comfort.

Umbrella Frame

Skeleton:

- *Protection:* The skeleton, particularly the rib cage, protects vital organs such as the heart and lungs from external damage.
- *Flexibility and Strength:* The skeleton combines rigidity with flexibility, enabling the body to withstand various stresses and movements.

Umbrella Frame:

- *Protection:* The frame of an umbrella supports the fabric, which provides protection from rain and sunlight, similar to how the rib cage protects internal organs.
- *Flexibility and Strength:* The umbrella frame must be strong enough to hold the fabric taut and flexible enough to fold and open easily, paralleling the skeleton's balance of rigidity and flexibility.

House Frame

Skeleton:

- *Shape and Structure:* The skeleton gives the body its shape and structure, providing a stable framework for all bodily components.
- *Protection:* Bones like the skull and rib cage protect vital organs from mechanical damage.

House Frame:

- *Shape and Structure*: The frame of a house provides the structure and shape of the building, supporting walls, floors, and roof.
- *Protection*: The frame supports the house's exterior, which protects the interior spaces and inhabitants from environmental elements like wind, rain, and extreme temperatures.

Detailed Analogies

1. Support and Stability:

- *Skeleton*: Provides the body with a stable framework, supporting muscles and organs.
- *Chair Frame*: Supports the structure of the chair, ensuring it can hold weight and maintain shape.
- *Umbrella Frame*: Supports the umbrella fabric, maintaining its shape to provide protection.
- *House Frame*: Supports the entire building, ensuring stability and integrity.

2. Protection:

- *Skeleton*: Protects vital organs through structures like the rib cage and skull.
- *Umbrella Frame*: Supports the protective canopy that shields users from rain and sun.
- *House Frame*: Forms the basis for walls and roof that protect the interior spaces.

3. Shape and Form:

- *Skeleton*: Defines the overall shape of the body, allowing for various forms and sizes.
- *Chair Frame*: Gives the chair its shape, contributing to design and comfort.
- *Umbrella Frame*: Determines the shape and size of the umbrella, influencing its coverage.
- *House Frame*: Defines the architectural structure and layout of the building.

4. Flexibility and Rigidity:

- *Skeleton*: Balances flexibility (joints) with rigidity (bones) to facilitate movement while maintaining structure.
- *Umbrella Frame*: Must be both rigid to hold the umbrella open and flexible to collapse for storage.
- *House Frame*: Primarily rigid to ensure structural integrity, but may incorporate flexible elements (e.g., in earthquake-resistant designs).

Conclusion

The chair frame, umbrella frame, and house frame function analogously to the skeleton by providing structural support, maintaining shape, and offering protection. These analogies highlight the fundamental roles of these frameworks in their respective systems, illustrating how structures in both biological and man-made contexts serve similar essential functions.

Patterns of Fats (Lipid) in Batteries and Water Reservoirs

Batteries and water reservoirs function analogously to fat/lipids in biological systems through their roles in energy storage, reserve, and regulated release. Here's how these analogies work in detail:

Batteries

Fat/Lipids:

- *Energy Storage*: Fat/lipids are the body's primary means of storing excess energy. When the body has more energy than it needs, it converts this energy into fat and stores it in adipose tissues.
- *Energy Reserve*: These stored fats can be mobilized and converted back into usable energy (ATP) when the body requires it, such as during fasting or extended periods of physical activity.
- *Efficiency*: Fat is an efficient energy storage molecule, providing more than twice the energy per gram compared to carbohydrates and proteins.

Batteries:

- *Energy Storage*: Batteries store electrical energy in a chemical form. When a device is plugged into a power source, the energy is stored in the battery's chemical compounds.
- *Energy Reserve*: The stored chemical energy in batteries can be converted back into electrical energy to power electronic devices when they are not connected to an external power source.
- *Efficiency*: Batteries are designed to store and deliver energy efficiently, providing a portable and reliable power source for various applications.

Water Reservoirs

Fat/Lipids:

- *Storage and Reserve*: Just as fat stores energy for future use, water reservoirs store water for use during periods of scarcity.
- *Regulated Release*: The body carefully regulates the release of stored fat to ensure a steady supply of energy, akin to how water reservoirs release water to meet demand while managing supply levels.
- *Adaptation*: Fat storage allows organisms to survive periods of food scarcity, much like reservoirs help communities endure droughts.

Water Reservoirs:

- *Storage and Reserve*: Water reservoirs store large quantities of water during times of surplus (e.g., rainy seasons) to ensure a stable water supply during dry periods.
- *Regulated Release*: Reservoirs release stored water in a controlled manner to supply water for drinking, irrigation, and industrial use, ensuring that the needs are met even when natural water availability is low.
- *Adaptation*: Reservoirs help communities manage water resources efficiently, ensuring sustainability and resilience against variable water availability.

Detailed Analogies

1. Energy Storage and Release:

- *Fat/Lipids*: Store excess energy and release it when needed to maintain energy balance.
- *Batteries*: Store electrical energy and release it to power devices.

2. Resource Storage and Release:

- *Fat/Lipids*: Act as a long-term energy reserve, available during times of need.
- *Water Reservoirs*: Store water to be used during dry periods, ensuring a constant water supply.

3. Efficiency and Capacity:

- *Fat/Lipids*: Highly efficient energy storage molecules, providing significant energy per unit weight.
- *Batteries*: Designed to store a large amount of energy relative to their size and weight.

4. Regulation and Management:

- *Fat/Lipids*: The body regulates fat storage and mobilization based on energy needs.
- *Water Reservoirs*: Managed to balance water storage and release, ensuring sustainability and meeting demand.

Conclusion

Both batteries and water reservoirs are analogous to fat/lipids in biological systems due to their roles in storing and releasing resources efficiently and reliably. Batteries store and supply electrical energy, while water reservoirs store and manage water resources. Similarly, fat/lipids store energy in the body and release it as needed, ensuring energy availability and balance. These analogies highlight the critical function of storage systems, whether in biological organisms or technological applications, in maintaining stability and supporting survival during periods of scarcity.

Patterns of The Ear In a Microphone and Speaker

A microphone and a speaker function analogously to the biological patterns of an ear in their roles of detecting sound, processing it, and converting it to a different form. Here's a detailed explanation of these analogies:

Microphone

Ear (Biological System):

- *Sound Detection:* The ear detects sound waves through the outer ear (pinna) which funnels the sound into the ear canal.
- *Sound Conversion:* Sound waves cause the eardrum (tympanic membrane) to vibrate. These vibrations are transmitted via the ossicles (tiny bones) to the inner ear.
- *Signal Transduction:* In the inner ear (cochlea), these mechanical vibrations are converted into electrical signals by hair cells. These electrical signals are then sent to the brain via the auditory nerve.

Microphone:

- *Sound Detection:* The microphone detects sound waves in the environment.
- *Sound Conversion:* Sound waves cause the diaphragm (a thin membrane inside the microphone) to vibrate.
- *Signal Transduction:* These vibrations are converted into electrical signals by a transducer (often a coil of wire and a magnet in dynamic microphones, or a capacitor in condenser microphones). The electrical signals can then be amplified, recorded, or transmitted.

Speaker

Ear (Biological System):

- *Signal Reception:* The ear receives electrical signals from the brain via the auditory nerve when interpreting sounds.
- *Sound Conversion:* These electrical signals are processed by the brain, which interprets them as sounds. In reverse, the brain can send signals to the vocal cords for sound production.
- *Sound Production:* For producing sounds (e.g., speaking), the brain sends signals to the vocal cords, causing them to vibrate and produce sound waves.

Speaker:

- *Signal Reception:* The speaker receives electrical signals from an audio source, such as a computer or amplifier.
- *Sound Conversion:* The electrical signals are converted back into mechanical vibrations by the speaker's components (e.g., voice coil and diaphragm).
- *Sound Production:* These vibrations produce sound waves in the air, which can be heard by the ear.

Detailed Analogies

1. Detection and Reception:

- Ear: Detects sound waves using the outer ear and transmits them through the ear canal.
- Microphone: Detects sound waves from the environment.

2. Conversion and Processing:

- Ear: Converts sound waves into mechanical vibrations using the eardrum and ossicles.
- Microphone: Converts sound waves into mechanical vibrations using its diaphragm.

3. Signal Transduction and Production:

- Ear: Converts mechanical vibrations into electrical signals in the cochlea, which are then sent to the brain.
- Microphone: Converts mechanical vibrations into electrical signals via a transducer.

4. Reverse Function:

- Ear: Can produce sound via the vocal cords, which convert electrical signals from the brain into sound waves.
- Speaker: Converts electrical signals back into sound waves using its diaphragm and other components.

Conclusion

Microphones and speakers function analogously to the biological patterns of an ear by performing similar roles in sound detection, conversion, and production. The microphone acts like the ear by detecting sound waves and converting them into electrical signals, while the speaker functions like the reverse process, converting electrical signals back into sound waves. Both systems are integral to their respective domains, enabling communication and interaction through the fundamental processes of sound detection and generation.

Biomimicry

Biomimicry is the practice of studying and emulating nature's designs, processes, and systems to solve human problems. It involves looking to nature for inspiration to create sustainable and efficient solutions by mimicking the strategies found in biological entities and ecosystems. Biomimicry operates on the principle that nature, through billions of years of evolution, has already solved many of the problems we face today in innovative and sustainable ways.

Biomimicry not only supports but exemplifies the ideas proposed in your "Biological Framework for a Mathematical Universe." It demonstrates how the patterns and principles observed in nature, which are inherently mathematical, can be harnessed to create efficient, sustainable solutions in human technology. This alignment between nature's designs and mathematical principles underscores the profound connection between biological evolution and the mathematical underpinnings of the universe, as explored in my dissertation.

Here are ten examples of biomimicry, along with sources for further reading:

1. Velcro

Inspiration: The hooks on plant burrs.

Application: Fastening system used in clothing, footwear, and other items.

Source: [Velcro and Burrs](<https://www.velcro.com/news-and-blog/2020/february/the-fascinating-history-of-hook-and-loop-fasteners/>)

2. Bullet Train Nose

Inspiration: The beak of the kingfisher bird.

Application: Reduces noise and energy consumption in high-speed trains.

Source: [Biomimicry Institute] (<https://AskNature.org/innovations/>)

3. Gecko Tape

Inspiration: The adhesive properties of gecko feet.

Application: Strong adhesive materials that can be reused without losing stickiness.

Source: [Science News for Students](<https://www.sciencenewsforstudents.org/article/gecko-glue>)

4. Shark Skin Swimsuits

Inspiration: The texture of shark skin.

Application: Swimsuits that reduce drag and increase speed for swimmers.

Source: [Scientific American](<https://www.scientificamerican.com/article/shark-skin-inspires-improved-swimsuit-design/>)

5. Lotus Leaf Surface

Inspiration: The self-cleaning properties of lotus leaves.

Application: Self-cleaning surfaces and water-repellent coatings.

Source: [National Geographic](<https://www.nationalgeographic.com/science/article/lotus-leaf-inspires-self-cleaning-materials>)

6. Beetle Water Collection

Inspiration: The ability of the Namib Desert beetle to collect water from fog.

Application: Water collection devices in arid regions.

Source: [MIT News](<https://news.mit.edu/2015/how-desert-beetle-captures-water-0715>)

7. Termite Mounds

Inspiration: The natural ventilation system of termite mounds.

Application: Energy-efficient building designs.

Source: [BBC](<https://www.bbc.com/future/article/20180208-the-offices-inspired-by-termites>)

8. Humpback Whale Fins

Inspiration: The tubercles on humpback whale fins.

Application: Improved wind turbine blade efficiency.

Source: [WhalePower Corporation](<http://whalepowercorp.com/>)

9. Owl Wing Silent Flight

Inspiration: The serrated edges of owl feathers that enable silent flight.

Application: Quieter fan and turbine blades.

Source: [Journal of the Royal Society Interface](<https://royalsocietypublishing.org/doi/10.1098/rsif.2016.0979>)

10. Butterfly Wing Coloration

Inspiration: The structural coloration in butterfly wings.

Application: Color without pigments for displays and fabrics.

Source: [Smithsonian Magazine](<https://www.smithsonianmag.com/science-nature/what-butterflies-can-teach-about-design-11525562/>)

Biomimicry not only supports but exemplifies the ideas proposed in your "Biological Framework for a Mathematical Universe." It demonstrates how the patterns and principles observed in nature, which are inherently mathematical, can be harnessed to create efficient, sustainable solutions in human technology. This alignment between nature's designs and mathematical principles underscores the profound connection between biological evolution and the mathematical underpinnings of the universe, as explored in your dissertation.

Patterns of Biology
Observed In The Order & Properties
of Human Society

Patterns of Cellular Society Observed in Human Society

To understand the analogy between societal structures (person, organization, industry, economic sector, money, socioeconomic order) and biological structures (cell, tissue, organ, organ system, blood, cellular-economic phenomena), we need to explore how each component functions in both systems. Here's a detailed explanation:

Biological Structures and Societal Structures

1. Person and Cell

- *Cell*: The basic unit of life, responsible for performing essential functions such as metabolism, growth, and reproduction.
- *Person*: The basic unit of society, performing essential roles in economic, social, and cultural activities.
- *Analogy*: Just as a cell is fundamental to the function and health of an organism, a person is fundamental to the function and health of a society.

2. Organization and Tissue

- *Tissue*: A group of similar cells working together to perform a specific function (e.g., muscle tissue, nerve tissue).
- *Organization*: A group of people working together in a structured manner to achieve specific goals (e.g., companies, non-profits).
- *Analogy*: Like tissues, organizations are collections of similar units (people or cells) that collaborate to perform specialized functions, contributing to the larger system's efficiency.

3. Industry and Organ

- *Organ*: A group of tissues that work together to perform complex functions vital for the organism's survival (e.g., heart, liver).
- *Industry*: A collection of organizations and businesses that produce related goods or services (e.g., automotive industry, healthcare industry).
- *Analogy*: Industries, like organs, are composed of multiple units (organizations or tissues) that collaborate to perform critical functions necessary for the economic health of a society.

4. Economic Sector and Organ System

- *Organ System*: A group of organs that work together to perform broad biological functions (e.g., digestive system, respiratory system).
- *Economic Sector*: A broader category of the economy that includes various industries (e.g., agricultural sector, financial sector).
- *Analogy*: Economic sectors, like organ systems, consist of multiple interacting parts (industries or organs) that work together to maintain the overall functionality and health of the economy.

5. Money and Blood

- *Blood*: Circulates through the body, delivering nutrients and oxygen to cells and removing waste products.
- *Money*: Circulates through the economy, facilitating trade, paying for goods and services, and enabling the flow of economic activity.
- *Analogy*: Money, like blood, is a medium of exchange that moves through the system, providing the necessary resources (capital or nutrients) for various parts (organizations or cells) to function.

6. Socioeconomic Order and Cellular-Economic Phenomena

- *Cellular-Economic Phenomena*: The interaction and functioning of cells in maintaining the health and stability of an organism.
- *Socioeconomic Order*: The structured system of social and economic interactions that sustain the stability and growth of society.
- *Analogy*: Just as cellular interactions maintain biological homeostasis, socioeconomic interactions maintain societal stability and growth. Both involve complex networks of communication and resource distribution.

Human Order and Cellular Order

1. Communication and Signaling

- *Cellular Communication*: Cells communicate via chemical signals (hormones, neurotransmitters) to coordinate functions.
- *Human Communication*: People and organizations communicate via language, media, and technology to coordinate activities.
- *Analogy*: Both systems rely on effective communication to maintain coordination and function.

2. Resource Distribution

- *Cellular Resource Distribution*: Nutrients and oxygen are distributed through the bloodstream to cells.
- *Human Resource Distribution*: Goods, services, and capital are distributed through markets and economies to people and organizations.
- *Analogy*: Efficient resource distribution is critical for both cellular and societal health.

3. Regulation and Control

- *Cellular Regulation*: Cellular activities are regulated by genetic and biochemical mechanisms (e.g., gene expression, feedback loops).
- *Human Regulation*: Societal activities are regulated by laws, policies, and institutions (e.g., governments, regulatory bodies).
- *Analogy*: Both systems require regulation to ensure stability and adapt to changes.

4. Growth and Development

- *Cellular Growth*: Cells grow and divide to develop tissues and organs.
- *Human Growth*: Societies grow through population expansion, economic development, and cultural evolution.
- *Analogy*: Growth in both systems involves the multiplication and differentiation of units to form more complex structures.

Conclusion

The analogies between biological patterns and societal structures highlight how fundamental principles of organization, communication, regulation, and resource distribution operate similarly in both domains. Understanding these parallels can provide insights into how complex systems function and maintain stability, whether in the context of a living organism or a human society.

Patterns of Biology
Observed In The Universe

Patterns of Biology Observed In The Universe

1. Galactic Filaments and Neuronal Axons

Analogy: The structural similarities between galactic filaments in the cosmic web and neuronal axons in the brain.

Cosmic Basis:

- Galactic Filaments: These are massive, thread-like structures composed of galaxies and dark matter, forming the large-scale structure of the universe.
- Neuronal Axons: These are long, thread-like parts of neurons that transmit electrical signals throughout the brain.

Studies:

- Both structures exhibit a network-like appearance and serve as conduits for the flow of matter and energy (galaxies and dark matter in filaments, electrical impulses in neurons) .

2. Star Formation and Cell Differentiation

Analogy: The process of star formation in nebulae compared to cell differentiation in embryonic development.

Cosmic Basis:

- Star Formation: Stars form within molecular clouds (nebulae) where gas and dust coalesce under gravity to create new stars.
- Cell Differentiation: Cells in a developing embryo specialize and take on distinct roles, forming various tissues and organs.

Studies:

- Both processes involve the transformation of undifferentiated material (gas and dust in nebulae, stem cells in embryos) into structured, functional entities (stars, specialized cells) .

3. Supernovae and Cellular Apoptosis

Analogy: The explosive death of stars in supernovae and programmed cell death (apoptosis).

Cosmic Basis:

- Supernovae: When a star exhausts its nuclear fuel, it can explode in a supernova, spreading elements throughout the galaxy.
- Apoptosis: Cells undergo programmed death to remove damaged or unnecessary cells, aiding in development and maintenance.

Studies:

- Both phenomena involve a form of "death" that contributes to the greater good: supernovae distribute essential elements for new stars and planets, while apoptosis helps maintain organismal health and development.

4. Black Holes and Cellular Lysosomes

Analogy: The functional similarities between black holes and lysosomes in cells.

Cosmic Basis:

- Black Holes: Regions in space where gravity is so strong that nothing, not even light, can escape, often consuming surrounding matter.
- Lysosomes: Organelles in cells that digest and recycle waste materials and cellular debris.

Studies:

- Both act as centers of consumption and recycling: black holes ingest surrounding matter and energy, while lysosomes break down and recycle cellular waste .

5. Cosmic Microwave Background (CMB) and Genetic Memory

Analogy: The residual radiation from the Big Bang and the genetic information stored in DNA.

Cosmic Basis:

- Cosmic Microwave Background: The afterglow radiation from the Big Bang, providing a snapshot of the early universe.
- Genetic Memory: DNA stores genetic information that carries the history and instructions for an organism's development.

Studies:

- Both the CMB and genetic memory act as historical records: the CMB tells us about the early universe, while DNA carries the evolutionary history and blueprint of life .

6. Dark Matter and Cellular Extracellular Matrix (ECM)

Analogy: The hidden yet essential roles of dark matter in the universe and the ECM in tissues.

Cosmic Basis:

- Dark Matter: An invisible substance that exerts gravitational force, holding galaxies together.
- Extracellular Matrix: A network of proteins and other molecules that provides structural and biochemical support to cells.

Studies:

- Both dark matter and the ECM are not directly visible but are crucial for the structural integrity and function of larger systems (galaxies, tissues).

7. Planetary Orbits and Electron Orbits

Analogy: The orbital mechanics of planets around stars and electrons around atomic nuclei.

Cosmic Basis:

- Planetary Orbits: Planets orbit stars due to gravitational forces, following predictable paths.
- Electron Orbits: Electrons orbit atomic nuclei due to electromagnetic forces, occupying specific energy levels.

Studies:

- The analogy lies in the governed motion by central forces (gravity for planets, electromagnetism for electrons) and the quantized nature of these orbits in both systems.

Conclusion

These analogies between cosmic phenomena and biological patterns highlight the recurring themes of structure, function, and organization across different scales of the universe. By examining these parallels, scientists can draw deeper insights into the fundamental principles that govern both living organisms and cosmic structures.

Biological Patterns Observed in Mathematical Concepts And Their Applications *Outside* the Field of Biology

Regardless of what field a mathematical equation was first observed, the fact that the mathematical equation exists within the biological domain provides evidence that these mathematical equations may actually originate from the biological domain proposed by the biological framework for the mathematical universe, and therefore emerge in other domains which share a biological correspondence.

Because the universe is comprised of these rudimentary and ever-evolving biological patterns, it is expected to see these equations which exist in biology also be applied outside of biology, as well as the other way around. Our theory suggests that mathematical equations in the field of *traditional biology* and applicable outside the field of biology is due to the nature of a biological framework to the mathematical universe. Our theory suggests that mathematical equations first discovered outside the biological domain, if inherent to the universe, will also have applications within the field of biology. We suggest that understanding the the concepts of the mathematical equations from a strictly *biological* perspective will provide a more efficient equation that is applicable and precise across all fields of study.

Here are examples of mathematical equations in biology with applications — outside the field of biology:

Biological Equations	→	Applications Outside Biology
<p>Exponential Growth Equation</p> <p>Observed in population growth, bacterial growth, cell growth, viral replication, tumor growth, neuronal growth, gene expression, protein synthesis, yeast fermentation, and algal blooms.</p>	→	<p>Applied in economics to model population growth, compound interest, and investment growth, among other phenomena.</p>
<p>Logistic Growth Equation</p> <p>Observed in population dynamics, microbial growth, plant population ecology, fish stock dynamics, cancer growth.</p>	→	<p>Used in fields such as ecology, economics, and epidemiology to model population dynamics, resource utilization, and the spread of diseases.</p>
<p>Game Theory</p> <p>Observed in evolutionary stable strategies (ESS), mate choice and sexual selection, parental investment, foraging strategies, territoriality, cooperative hunting, communication strategies, host-parasite interactions, thus provides insights in into various aspects of behaviors, contributing to our understanding of evolution, ecology, and animal behavior.</p>	→	<p>Applied in economics to model strategic interactions among rational decision-makers, such as firms competing in markets, bargaining situations, and auction design.</p>

Biological Equations	Applications Outside Biology
<p>Diffusion Equations</p> <p>Observed in gas exchange in the respiratory system, nutrient absorption in the intestines, drug delivery, neuronal signaling, osmosis in cells, cellular transports processes, wound healing, synthetic biology.</p>	<p>→ Used in physics to model heat transfer, fluid flow, and diffusion processes in materials; also applied in finance to model the spread of information or financial instruments in markets.</p>
<p>Neural Network Models</p> <p>Observed in the behavior of interconnected neurons in the brain and nervous system.</p>	<p>→ Applied in artificial intelligence and machine learning for pattern recognition, classification, regression, and optimization tasks across various domains, including image and speech recognition, natural language processing, and autonomous systems.</p>
<p>Fractal Geometry</p> <p>Observed in vascular networks, lung morphology, leaf venation, tree branching, coral reefs, neuronal morphology, geographical features, microbial aggregates, genomic sequences.</p>	<p>→ Utilized in computer graphics to generate realistic natural landscapes, textures, and visual effects; also applied in physics, engineering, and finance to model complex structures, rough surfaces, and irregular phenomena. Fractal geometry applies in galactic structures, cosmic web, interstellar medium, stellar clusters, cosmic microwave background, solar system dynamics, large-scale filaments, cosmic ray propagation. Fractal geometry can be applied in topography and terrain, fracture networks, seismicity and earthquakes, coastal erosion and shorelines, vegetation patterns, hydrology and river networks, soil erosion and landforms, and cloud and weather patterns.</p>
<p>Mendelian Laws of Inheritance</p> <p>Observed in the transmission of genetic traits from parents to offspring, providing the foundation for understanding genetic inheritance patterns in various organisms.</p>	<p>→ Applied in genetics and biotechnology to predict and understand patterns of inheritance of traits in organisms, but also used in forensic science, paternity testing, and animal breeding.</p>

Biological Equations	Applications Outside Biology
<p>Optimal Foraging Theory</p> <p>A principle in behavioral ecology that predicts the behavior of organisms when they are search for food to maximize their energy intake while minimizing the energy expended in obtaining it. This mathematical model can be observed in in patch foraging, prey selection, dietary consumption, time allocation, optimal migration, territoriality, central place foraging.</p>	<p>→ Used in ecology and economics to model decision-making processes in resource acquisition and energy expenditure by animals, but also applied in human decision-making, marketing strategies, and consumer behavior.</p>
<p>Network Theory</p> <p>Observed in gene regulatory networks, protein-protein interaction networks, metabolic networks, ecological networks, neural networks, epidemiological networks, and cellular signaling networks.</p>	<p>→ Applied in sociology, computer science, and transportation engineering to analyze and model social networks, communication networks, and transportation networks.</p>
<p>Predator-Prey Model</p> <p>Observed in the dynamics of interactions between predator and prey populations. These models help understand changes in population densities, behaviors, and environmental factors influence predator and prey populations over time.</p>	<p>→ Utilized in ecology to model interactions between predator and prey populations, but also applied in economics to analyze market dynamics, and in epidemiology to study disease transmission dynamics.</p>
<p>Markov Chains</p> <p>Observed in the various processes involving discrete states and probabilistic transitions seen in population dynamics, molecular evolution, gene prediction, protein structure prediction, and sequence alignment, ecological succession, cellular signaling pathways, neuronal dynamics, and epidemiological models.</p>	<p>→ Applied in finance to model asset prices and stock market movements; used in computer science for modeling randomized algorithms, web page ranking algorithms, and stochastic processes in networks.</p>

Biological Equations	Applications Outside Biology
<p>Chaos Theory</p> <p>Observed in various biological systems where complex dynamic and unpredictably behavior are observed, such as heart rate variability, brain dynamics, population dynamics, genetic regulatory networks, ecological systems.</p>	<p>→ Utilized in physics, meteorology, and fluid dynamics to study deterministic systems that exhibit complex, unpredictable behavior over time; also applied in cryptography, signal processing, and economics to analyze and model chaotic systems.</p>
<p>Michaelis-Menten Equation</p> <p>Observed in the kinetics of enzyme-catalyzed reactions</p>	<p>→ Applied in fields like pharmacology, biochemistry, and biotechnology to optimize enzyme reactions, drug metabolism, and substrate concentration in biochemical assays.</p>
<p>Hary-Weinberg Equilibrium Equation</p> <p>Observed within the evolutionary processes shaping genetic variation within populations.</p>	<p>→ Used in population genetics and evolutionary biology to study allele frequencies and genetic equilibrium, but also applied in forensic science and paternity testing.</p>
<p>Lotka-Volterra Equations:</p> <p>Observed in predator-prey interactions in forest ecosystems, marine food webs, insect-plant infections, predator-prey interactions in grassland ecosystems, freshwater ecosystems.</p>	<p>→ Applied in ecology, economics, and game theory to model predator-prey interactions, competition, and population dynamics in various ecosystems and social systems.</p>
<p>Reaction-Diffusion Equations:</p> <p>Observed in pattern formations in biological systems, morphogenesis, and other complex biological phenomena.</p>	<p>→ Used in physics, chemistry, and material science to model diffusion processes, pattern formation, and chemical reactions in diverse systems.</p>
<p>Fick's Law of Diffusion:</p> <p>Observed gas exchange in respiratory systems</p>	<p>→ Applied in fields such as physiology, engineering, and environmental science to model gas exchange in lungs, drug delivery through membranes, and pollutant dispersion in air or water.</p>

Biological Equations

→

Applications Outside Biology

Nernst Equation:

Observed in relating the membrane potential of a cell to the concentration gradients of ions across the cell membrane—calculating the equilibrium potential for a given ion based on its intra- and extracellular concentrations.

→

Applied in electrochemistry, analytical chemistry, corrosion science, energy storage and conversion technologies such as fuel cells, sensor technologies, environmental monitoring, and process control.

Utilized in electrochemistry, neuroscience, and analytical chemistry to calculate electrode potentials, predict ion behavior, and measure ion concentrations in solutions.

Gompertz Equation:

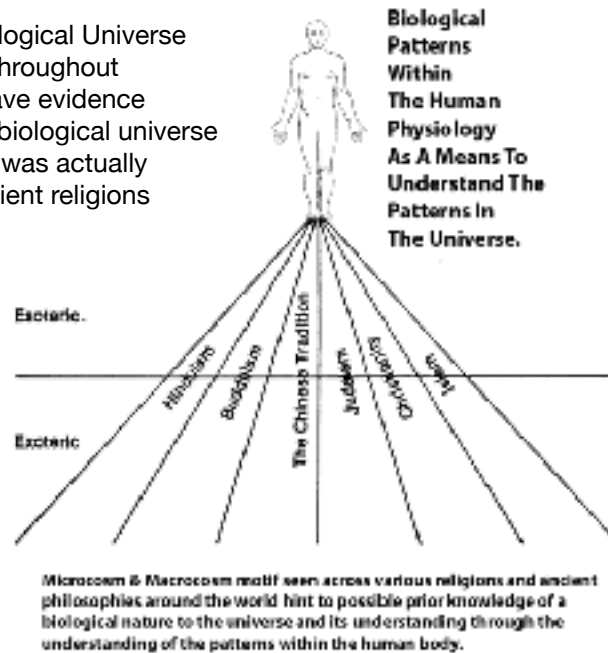
Observed in tumor growth, microbial growth, population dynamics, cellular growth/aging.

→

Applied in economics, finance, demographics, engineering, technology adoption, market saturation, urbanization, population aging, mortality rates.

What Evidence Is There For A Biological Framework for a Mathematical Universe?

“ The Science of a Biological Universe was misunderstood throughout human history. We have evidence that the science of a biological universe may have been what was actually conveyed across ancient religions and philosophies.”



In the process of supporting *The Biological Framework for a Mathematical Universe*, let us *begin* with the oldest scientific literature that exists, *religion*. However, in order to understand how it may be possible that ancient religion is actually science, let us understand the concept of *perennial wisdom*.

Perennial wisdom refers to a perspective in philosophy and spirituality that holds the belief that all religious traditions have a shared, underlying truth or origin. According to this viewpoint, the knowledge and teaching found in both esoteric and exoteric aspects of many religions around the world, such as Hinduism, Buddhism, Christianity, Judaism, Islam, The Chinese Tradition, Japanese Shinto, and tribal religions have evolved from a single metaphysical truth, or science. This can be observed with overlapping conceptual themes across religions and cultures. Perennial wisdom recognizes the interconnectedness of different belief systems and seeks to uncover the essence that unifies them all. Our research into the Biological Framework for a Mathematical Universe establishes the notion that these ancient religious and historical ideas are actually expressing ideas of understanding the biological patterns of the universe through an understanding of the biological patterns present within ourselves (microcosm and macrocosm). In this section of the essay, we show how concepts from various cultures and time periods in human history may have actually been trying to express this biological framework to the universe.

Firstly, it is important to note that in attempting to map the prior understanding of a biological universe to various religious traditions around the world, we would be implying that a more advanced civilization than our own has long been aware of this knowledge. Moreover, it would also imply that this advanced civilization shared this knowledge across cultures/populations which had no prior knowledge of biology, physics, cosmology, mathematics, etc., specifically highlighting how understanding patterns within our own bodies enable us to recognize and understand that patterns that exist in the world around us—an understanding that that can assist us in making decision’s based on the principles, laws, mathematics,

economics, values, pertaining to biology's patterns that establish and sustain Life and its potentials. "Life" serves as the most important frame of reference, through which *all* living organisms must interpret all concepts, principles, mathematics, physics, situations, and information (patterns) in their reality.

In addition, while we propose that our theory of a biological universe had existed since before our current civilization and has been passed down through various religious texts globally, throughout the concept of perennial wisdom, it is possible to conceive that over time the meaning of the theory may have become less clear and misunderstood to a learning-population who lacked knowledge in fields such as biology, science, mathematics, physics, and the cosmos during their time periods; It also might be possible that their society had suffered a fate so drastic, that they had to start over again with this knowledge—similar to the ending of the movie *Cloud Atlas*, with Tom Hanks. As a result, leading to literal and metaphorical interpretations of the text that fail to grasp the scientific meaning behind the notion of a biological framework for the universe. This misunderstanding is reflected in some religious groups that understand God as a person with power and not as the actual universe and everything in it. People across some religions have personified The Universe in the word God—which is a testament to the biological nature of the universe—"Man made in the image of the biologically-patterned Universe."

To support this idea, several historical, religious concepts suggest prior knowledge of a biological framework to the universe through a common motif. This motif is of understanding the internal reality, or God's Essences within themselves as a means for understanding the external reality, or God. We interpret this motif as ideas expressing understanding the biological patterns within oneself to understand the biological patterns of the universe and the world around us—i.e., microcosm and macrocosm. Our paper interprets God as the personification of the universe, and God's Essence and God's Spirit (which permeates all things in reality) as the Universe's biological patterns which permeate all things in reality, and so forth. With this in mind, let us explore the various ideas/concepts around the world that may be actually trying to express the ideas of a biologically pattern universe and its connection to the patterns within the human body.

Early Scientific Support — Religion Was Misunderstood Science of a Biological Universe

Atman & Brahman (Upanishads 3000 - 500 BCE):

The concepts of Brahman (ultimate reality) and Atman (soul, self) are central ideas in all of The Upanishads (1500-500BCE), and "know that you are the Atman" is their thematic focus. Atman is a Sanskrit word that means inner self, spirit, or soul.[x][x] The Atman is the first principle, [x] the true self of an individual beyond identification with phenomena, the essence of an individual. In order to attain Moksha (liberation), a human being must acquire self-knowledge (atma jnana), which is, according to Advaitins, to realize that one's true self (Atman) is identical with the transcendent self Brahman. [x][x] Brahman connotes the highest Universal Principle, the Ultimate Reality in the universe.[x] "Atman as the innermost essence or soul of man, and the Brahman as the innermost essence and support of the universe. (...) Thus we can see in the Upanishads, a tendency towards a convergence of microcosm and macrocosm, culminating in the equating of atman with Brahman." [x]

According to our Biological Framework for a Mathematical Universe, the Atman can be interpreted as the biological patterns which compose the human physiology used to understand the biological nature (patterns) of the universe, known as Brahman. The understanding of biological patterns within oneself is essential to recognizing the biological patterns which permeate all of reality/universe. In order to achieve Moksha, a state of liberation, one must acquire self-knowledge or atom jnana by recognizing and comprehending how the biological patterns within oneself are correspondent to the biological patterns that exist (and which are fundamental) to the nature of reality. By understanding these patterns within our physiology, individuals can begin to discern and appreciate the intricate web of biological processes that define the fabric of reality and thus understand Brahman.

The Underlying Meaning of “**Namaste**” (Hinduism):

In the realm of Hinduism, the traditional greeting "Namaste" carries a profound meaning. It serves as a acknowledgement that the divine essence resides within oneself as well as in others, emphasizing the unity that transcends physical boundaries and highlights the interconnectedness of all living beings. Namaste can be understood as "I respectfully bow to the divine within you"^{1 2 3} or "the sacred within me recognizes the sacred within you".⁴ We propose that the customary practice of bowing to one another may have originally served as a means to acknowledge the inherent sacredness of biological patterns that pervades every aspect of our existence. Regrettably, over time, the true meaning and context behind this divine salutation were lost and misinterpreted.

The Underlying Meaning of “**Know thyself**”

Another ancient concept that supports our theory of a biological framework for mathematical universe is the Delphic Maxim, “Know Thyself,” found in the Temple of Apollo at Delphi. Apollo is considered the god of archery, music and dance, *truth* and *prophecy*, *healing* and *disease*, the Sun and light, and poetry. Our theory interprets the phrase “Know thyself” as “to acknowledge one’s own self so well that they also come to realization that the biological patterns within their own physiology correspond with all of the patterns throughout our visible and conceptual reality. Our interpretation is supported by a mosaic discovered in San Gregorio in Rome, showing a silhouette image of the human body outlined within internal features that resemble a skeleton, as well as Socrates and Plato’s regular use of the Delphic Maxim in their philosophy, which is in harmony with that of the biologically-patterned universe.

Pnimityut & Chitzoniyut (Jewish Mysticism, Kabbalah).

The concepts of Pnimityut and Chitzoniyut from Jewish Mysticism may be trying to express the biological patterns of the universe and the superficial patterns which conceal these biological patterns of reality. Pnimityut and Chitzoniyut are fundamental concepts in Jewish Mysticism, particularly within the teachings within the Kabbalah. Pnimityut refers to the internal essence, while Chitzoniyut describes the external manifestation or outer appearance. These concepts are often used to explain the nature of reality, existence, and the relationship between the material and spiritual. “God’s ‘revealed’ energy permeates and provides existence and provides existence to all worlds, but His essence is completely hidden, transcending creation. Similarly, the soul (which is a reflection of G-d) has a revealed element, that level that expresses itself within and vivifies the body, as well as an essence that transcends the body.”

Drawing from our theory, we propose the Pnimityut and Chitzoniyut may be expressing the biological nature of the universe. Pnimityut could be trying to express the biological patterns in the human body. Chitzoniyut, on the other hand, can be seen as trying to express the superficial cognitive framework (precognition) which people naturally have that hide/conceal the actual biological nature of reality/universe.

¹ Ying, Y. W., Coombs, M., & Lee, P. A. (1999), "Family intergenerational relationship of Asian American adolescents", *Cultural Diversity and Ethnic Minority Psychology*, 5(4), pp. 350–363

² K V Singh (2015). *Hindu Rites and Rituals: Origins and Meanings*. Penguin Books. pp. 123–124. ISBN 978-0143425106. Archived from the original on 2019-12-17. Retrieved 2017-05-20.

³ Lawrence, J. D. (2007), "The Boundaries of Faith: A Journey in India", *Homily Service*, 41(2), pp. 1–3

⁴ Oxhandler, Holly (2017). "Namaste Theory: A Quantitative Grounded Theory on Religion and Spirituality in Mental Health Treatment". *Religions*. 8 (9): 168. doi:10.3390/rel8090168.

Batin and Zahir (Sufism, Islam):

Medieval Sufis conceive the human body as the primary shuttle between interior (batin) and exterior (zahir) realities. Muslim groups believe that batin can be fully understood only by a figure with esoteric knowledge. For Shia Muslims, that is the Imam of Time. In a wider sense, batin is the inner meaning, or reality, behind all existence, the Zahir being the world of form and the apparent meaning. Interestingly, the ideas inherent to these concepts bear striking resemblance to the central tenets of the theory of The Biological Framework for a Mathematical Universe. The Sufi concept of Bain (internal meaning or reality) may actually be trying to express the biological patterns within the human body which reveal the biological patterns of the exert (zahir) realities—i.e., all things in the universe and the world around us. The Sufi concept of Zahir (external realities) could be interpreted as akin to the things within our external reality, or visible world, whose patterns are of biological nature, but are interpreted superficially (or for face value), but which can be revealed through an understanding of biology's patterns which comprise our bodies and by structurally mapping analogies to them from the biological domain molded by the patterns observed within living organisms (batin), such as the human body. This could also explain why whirling dervishes practiced the ritual of spinning around in circles and contemplated the nature of God within themselves, a practice which may have meant to try to help the partaker understand the correspondence between the patterns within the body and the patterns within the universe.

Microcosm and Macrocosm:

The concept of microcosm and macrocosm provide a theoretical framework for certain aspects of our theory, "biological framework for a mathematical universe hypothesis." Here's how these concepts can be relevant:

1. *Microcosm:* In the concept of microcosm, it is believed that the smaller or individual part reflects or mirrors the larger or universal whole. This means that the characteristics and patterns found in a smaller or more localized entity can be seen as representative of the larger universe. In our theory, we propose that biological patterns define the framework for a mathematical universe hypothesis. By considering living organisms as microcosms, or smaller entities within the universe, we suggest that they embody and reveal the hidden biological patterns that exist throughout reality. This concept supports our postulation that analogies can be mapped from the biological to any target domain, allowing for a better understanding of the biological nature of the target domain by looking at the microcosm.

2. *Macrocosm:* The concept of macrocosm, on the other hand, suggests that the larger universe is reflected in or reflected by the smaller entities within it. This means that the patterns and principles present in the universe at a larger scale are found and reflected in smaller systems and processes. In our theory, we propose that the existence of life and living organisms is a direct consequence of the evolution of the universe's biological processes. This aligns with the concept of macrocosm, as it suggests that the larger-scale biological processes of the universe are mirrored in the physiology and patterns of living organisms, acting as models revealing the underlying biological nature of the macrocosm.

By incorporating the concepts of microcosm and macrocosm, we acknowledge the interconnectedness and mirroring of patterns between smaller and larger scales within the universe. These concepts provide a theoretical foundation for our understanding that biological patterns define the framework for a mathematical universe hypothesis. By exploring the biological nature of living organisms, perceived as microcosms, we seek to unravel and explain the broader biological patterns and processes present in the macrocosm, or the universe.

The Pentagon (The Meaning of The Pentagon)

[The Pentagon] is “the sign of intellectual omnipotence and autocracy... It is the sign of the Word made flesh; The pentagon is the figure of the human body, having four limbs and the single point [at the top] representing the head.” [...] “the Pentagon is called the Sign of the Microcosm, and it represents what the Kabalists of the book of Zohar term the Micropropopus.” [...] “The complete comprehension of the Pentagon (i.e., Human body) is the key of the two worlds. It is absolute philosophy and natural science.”⁵

The theory postulated in our research thesis is that biological patterns define the framework for a mathematical universe hypothesis. In other words, the patterns found in living organisms and biological processes serve as the underlying structure for the mathematical principles governing our reality. This idea can be supported by the concept of the pentagon in occult sciences, as elaborated by Eliphas Levi.

According to Levi, the **pentagon** symbolizes intellectual omnipotence and autocracy, representing the Word made flesh. Levi further equates the pentagon with the human body, with the four limbs corresponding to the points of the star, and the single point at the top representing the head. This interpretation aligns with our theory that biological patterns hold significance in understanding the mathematical nature of the universe.

Levi refers to the pentagon as the Sign of the Microcosm, which aligns with the concept of the human body as the micropropopus in the book of Zohar. This idea resonates with our hypothesis, as it suggests that the human body, being a biological entity, embodies the framework for understanding the intricacies of the universe. By comprehending the pentagon, or the human body, one gains access to the key of the two worlds - a reference to the interconnectedness of the biological and mathematical realms.

Levi goes on to proclaim that the pentagon represents absolute philosophy and natural science. This statement further solidifies our theory, as it implies that the understanding of biological patterns and processes is essential for comprehending the fundamental workings of the universe. The notion of the pentagon as a symbol encompassing both philosophy and science supports the idea that biological patterns provide the foundation for a mathematical universe hypothesis.

The Principle of Correspondence.

By drawing upon the Principle of Correspondence from Hermeticism, can support our argument that biological patterns define the framework for the mathematical universe hypothesis and highlight the importance of recognizing the underlying connections in order to reveal and explain the biological nature of any target domain. Here's how it can be applied to support our theory:

1. **Interconnectedness:** The Principle of Correspondence in Hermeticism asserts that there is a correspondence and interconnectedness between different planes of existence, from the microcosm to the macrocosm. Applying this principle to our theory, we can propose that the biological patterns found in living organisms reflect and correspond to the larger patterns within the universe. In this way, the concept of Correspondence reinforces our theory's assertion that all systems, processes, and objects possess inherent biological patterns, highlighting the interconnectedness between the biological and mathematical aspects of the universe.

2. **Fractal Nature:** The Principle of Correspondence also emphasizes the idea that the same patterns and principles manifest at different scales, creating a resemblance between the microcosm and the macrocosm. In our theory, this concept aligns with the notion that the biological patterns found within living organisms serve as models for understanding the hidden biological patterns throughout the universe. By recognizing

⁵ Lévi, E., & Waite, A. E. (2011). *Transcendental magic, its doctrine and ritual*. Martino Publishing.

the fractal-like nature of reality, where patterns repeat and display similarity across different scales, our theory can argue that analogies can be mapped from the biological to any target domain, revealing the underlying biological nature of that domain.

3. Universal Laws: Hermeticism holds that there are universal laws governing the cosmos, and the Principle of Correspondence suggests that these laws apply across different planes of existence. Correlating this principle with our theory, we can propose that the universal laws underlying biological patterns (and biological principles) are intertwined with the fundamental mathematical principles that govern the universe. This supports our postulation that the evolution of the universe's biological processes directly contributes to the existence of life and living organisms. By emphasizing the interconnectedness of these laws, our theory can argue that understanding the biology of living organisms provides insights into the broader mathematical nature of the universe revealing these hidden universal-biological laws.

4. Holistic Perspective: The Principle of Correspondence fosters a holistic perspective, encouraging the exploration and understanding of the interconnected nature of reality. By incorporating this principle into our theory, we can emphasize the importance of adopting a holistic approach that considers both the biological and mathematical aspects of the universe. This holistic perspective allows for a more comprehensive understanding of the underlying patterns and connections between the biological patterns within living organisms and the mathematical framework of the universe.

Musubi

Musubi, in Shinto, a native religion of Japan, is often described as the energy of the interconnected universe. Musubi is integral to the Shinto worldview, marking the presence of spiritual power in the process of creating, sustaining, and connecting beings. It is the divine energy by which the kami interact with the world and each other. Theologically, this notion transcends the physical act of creation – it stretches into the maintenance of life, the forces behind growth and decay, and the relational dynamics between beings. Each encounter, relationship, or event is thus considered to be impregnated with musubi, signifying divine orchestration and a chance for kami to manifest.

In a context aligned with the theory of a mathematical universe that is biological in nature, musubi could be interpreted as the kinetic energy of the biological patterns of the universe—similar to the interconnected energy required for establishing and maintaining the development of a fetus from the time of inception to a full grown human being, musubi is the energy required to establish and maintain the universe and its biological patterns.

Incarnation (Religious Concept):

To explore the potential connection between the theory of biological framework for a mathematical universe and religious concepts such as “incarnation,” we consider the idea that "God" may represent the personification of the universe. In this view, "God's spirit," "God's essence," and "God's nature" are essentially synonymous with the biological patterns inherent in the fabric of reality. Thus, it is conceivable that the religious term "incarnation" attempts to express the concept of a biological framework for a mathematical universe hypothesis. Traditionally, the term "incarnation" is associated with the embodiment of a divine being in human form, as seen in various religious traditions. However, through the lens of a biological framework, we can reinterpret this concept as the manifestation of the universe's inherent biological patterns in human form.

The concept of incarnation, as traditionally understood in religious contexts, typically refers to the belief that a divine being assumes human form. In the context of our theory, we draw a parallel between the Universe's biological patterns that permeate reality, which we propose, and the embodiment or manifestation of the Universe's biological patterns in a living organism, such as human form. The concept of incarnation could have originally meant to convey the universe's biological patterns (i.e., divine, God, divine essence) manifestation into human form.

“So God created man in his own image” (Genesis 1:27) — For example, if one were to understand God as the personification of The Universe, one can see how biological universe could create man in its own image.

“Yet in my flesh I will see God” (Job 19:26) — This also supports our biological framework to a mathematical universe by implying that by the biological patterns in my flesh allow me to see the biological patterns in the universe and world around me. Now, did job know the context behind what he was saying? Or was he reiterating (without scientific/biological/astrophysical context) his teachings?

“One God and Father of all, who is over all, and through all, and in all” (Ephesians 4:1-6) — This is another example where if one were to understand God as the personification of the universe, one can see how this phrase could support the ideas that the concepts of a biological framework to the universe may have been conveyed to (tried to be conveyed) to a people during ancient times.

“The Word became flesh” (John 1:14) — In context to our theory of a biological framework to the universe, the Word became flesh, could mean referring to the manifestation of the universe's biological patterns in the creation of Jesus Christ.

“Body is a Temple of the Holy Spirit who is in you” (Corinthians 3:16 and Corinthians 6:19-20) — In light of perennialism and our theory of a biological natured-universe, this passage could be trying to express the biological patterns of the universe (i.e., Holy Spirit) being within a person's body, and arguing to a person to not disrespect the pattern.

Theology of the Body (Pope John Paul II)

In light of perennialism, particularly how we suggest that the biological framework for the universe may have been conveyed in the ancient past, and the possibility of the original context being lost, we come to the misinterpretations of this knowledge in Pope John Paul II's lectures on Theology of the Body. Pope John Paul II's **"Theology of the Body"** acknowledges the importance of the human body in understanding the nature of God but does not grasp the concept that God is the personification of the universe and that by knowing the biological patterns within the human body is what allows one to understand the hidden biological patterns in the universe and world around us. Here is a quote from his lecture: *“The body, and it alone is capable of making visible what is invisible, the spiritual and divine. It was created to transfer into the visible reality of the world, the invisible mystery hidden in God from time immemorial, and thus to be a sign of it.”*, We can make the assumption based off his statement and by what he actually preached during his 128 lectures did not coincide with our theory of a biological framework for a mathematical universe. The Pope acknowledges the importance of the human body in understanding the nature of God but does not grasp the underlying scientific concepts, perhaps due to being lost through time, or being unable to communicate to a society who had no prior knowledge of biology, cosmology, and physics.

Emanationism:

Emanationism is a philosophical concept that suggests the universe emanates or originates from a divine source or ultimate reality. It proposes a hierarchical structure of existence wherein different levels or stages emanate from the divine essence.

In our proposed theory, of a biological framework for a mathematical universe hypothesis, we draw a parallel between the idea of biological patterns emanating from the universe and the notion of emanationism. Considering the existence of biological patterns as emanations from the fundamental properties of the universe could provide a framework for understanding the interconnectedness between the physical and biological aspects of reality.

By positing that the biological patterns found in all systems and processes stem from the evolution of the universe's biological processes, we can argue that these patterns are manifestations or emanations of the underlying essence of the universe. This interpretation aligns with the notions of emanationism, where the divine or fundamental essence is understood to permeate and give rise to various forms of existence.

Anima Mundi:

Anima Mundi, often translated as "world soul" or "soul of the world," is a concept that has been present in various philosophical and religious traditions throughout history. Anima Mundi suggests the notion of a vital and animating force that permeates and connects all living beings and the natural world. It represents the idea of an underlying, unifying principle that integrates and sustains the diverse manifestations of life in the world.

Drawing a parallel between the concept of Anima Mundi and our theory of a biological framework for a mathematical universe, we propose that the biological patterns we postulate as inherent in all systems, processes, and objects in reality, are expressions of this underlying animating force. By considering the presence of biological patterns as a manifestation of the animating principle of the universe, we claim that our theory aligns with the concept of Anima Mundi.

Furthermore, Anima Mundi might have been attempting to express similar concepts that our theory proposes, we can posit that over time, the context and interpretation of the concept might have evolved or been misunderstood, leading to potential divergence from its original intent, which we believe to be this biological framework for a mathematical universe hypothesis.

Pantheism:

Pantheism is a philosophical or religious concept that suggests the presence of a transcendent yet immanent divine reality within and beyond the universe. It posits that the divine is both intimately present in all aspects of existence and extends beyond them.

Within the framework of our theory, we propose that the concept of pantheism aligns with the idea that biological patterns define the framework for a mathematical universe hypothesis. By considering the presence of biological patterns as inherent in all systems, processes, and objects in reality, the notion of a divine essence that permeates and manifests itself through these patterns can be contemplated.

From a pantheistic perspective, the universe itself, including its biological processes and patterns, could be seen as a manifestation or expression of the immanent divine reality. In this interpretation, the physiological models found in living organisms could be understood as reflections or representations of the hidden biological patterns throughout the universe.

By connecting the concept of pantheism with our theory, we argue that the interplay between the universe's biological processes and the living organisms it generates reveals an underlying divine presence or creative force. This perspective potentially provides a theoretical foundation for understanding the inherent biological nature of systems, processes, and objects in reality.

Theosophy

Theosophy, with its emphasis on a pure spiritual formation gradually materializing into an observable, material realm, echoes the hypothesis' proposition of a gradual manifestation of biological patterns in the universe. While theosophy primarily refers to spiritual formations, interpreting it as representing the biological pattern of the universe aligns with the hypothesis. This interpretation suggests that theosophy may actually be trying to express that the nature of a universe is governed by biological patterns. Theosophy speaks of a universal intelligence or divine wisdom permeating all aspects of the cosmos. The biological framework for a mathematical universe could be seen as providing a scientific basis for this universal intelligence, suggesting that the inherent biological patterns are the physical discernible manifestation of a universal intelligence or divine wisdom. Theosophy posits the existence of interconnectedness between all beings and aspects of reality. This mirrors the concept of biological patterns as the foundation of the mathematical framework for the universe. By considering all systems as interconnected through biological patterns, both Theosophy and the biological framework for a mathematical universe highlight the idea of a unified existence. Furthermore, Theosophy recognizes the concept of spiritual evolution, suggesting that beings progress and evolve through various stages. Similarly, the biological framework for a mathematical universe proposes that the existence of life and living organisms is a direct consequence of the evolution of the universe's biological processes. This implies an inherent link between biological evolution and spiritual growth, aligning with the idea of progressive development and evolution in Theosophy.

Ahimsa.

Ahimsa is a concept rooted in Indian philosophy and often associated with Jainism and Buddhism, refers to the principle of non-violence, non-harm, and compassion towards all living beings. While at first glance, it may not seem directly related to our theory, there are some possible connections to explore:

1. **Ethical Considerations:** Ahimsa places great importance on fostering harmony and minimizing harm to living beings. In our theory, you could emphasize the ethical implications of understanding the inherent biological nature of all systems, processes, and objects in reality. By acknowledging and respecting the biological patterns present in the universe, our theory can highlight the interconnectedness and value of all life forms, aligning with the spirit of ahimsa.
2. **Unity and Interconnectedness:** Ahimsa promotes the recognition of the inherent unity and interdependence of all beings. Within our theory, the concept of inherent biological patterns also implies an interconnectedness between all systems, processes, and objects in reality. This correspondence with ahimsa can contribute to a holistic worldview that acknowledges the interwoven nature of life and promotes compassion towards all living entities.
3. **Holistic Understanding:** Ahimsa encourages a deep understanding of the web of life and the acceptance of the sacredness of all living beings. In our theory, the recognition of hidden biological patterns throughout the universe can be seen as an extension of this holistic understanding, uncovering the biological nature present in different domains. This shared perspective promotes a sense of reverence and appreciation for the interconnectedness of life, supporting the principles of ahimsa.

While these connections between our theory and ahimsa are exploratory in nature, incorporating the principles of non-violence, interconnectedness, and compassion within your research can enrich the philosophical and ethical dimensions of our work.

Animism.

Animism is a belief system found in various indigenous cultures, holds that all entities, including plants, animals, and inanimate objects, possess a spiritual essence or soul. While animism focuses on spirituality and the interconnectedness of living and nonliving things, it can be applied as a theoretical foundation for our theory:

Interconnectedness: Animism emphasizes the interconnectedness of all aspects of the natural world. Similarly, our theory suggests that all systems, processes, and objects in reality possess inherent biological patterns, implying an underlying interconnectedness. By drawing on animistic principles, we can emphasize the spiritual or interconnected aspect of the biological patterns throughout the universe, aligning it with the notion of all things possessing spiritual essences in animism.

Universal Spirituality: Animism considers the existence of spiritual essences in both living and nonliving entities. Similarly, our theory suggests that the hidden biological patterns in the universe exist within everything in the universe. By considering animism, we can interpret these biological patterns as a reflection of the universal spirituality present in all domains, showing the interconnectedness between the spiritual essence within living beings and the universe as a whole.

Reverence for Nature: Animism often includes a deep respect and reverence for the natural world. In our theory, recognizing the biological nature of all systems, processes, and objects can encourage a similar reverence for the complexity and interconnectedness of life and the universe. By integrating animistic values, our theory can underpin an understanding and appreciation for the inherent significance and value of biological patterns.

Taoism.

Taoism is an ancient Chinese philosophy and spiritual tradition, offers some intriguing aspects that can be related to our theory on the "biological framework for a mathematical universe hypothesis." Here's how Taoism might serve as a theoretical foundation:

Harmony and Balance: Taoism emphasizes the importance of harmony and balance in all aspects of existence. Within your theory, the concept of biological patterns defining the framework implies an inherent balance and harmony present in the universe. Like the Taoist idea of the Tao, representing the natural order of the cosmos, your theory suggests that the biological patterns contribute to the overall harmony and interconnectedness of reality.

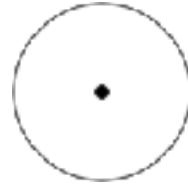
Nature as a Teacher: Taoism views nature as a profound source of wisdom and guidance. In our theory, by asserting that the universe's biological processes led to the existence of life and living organisms, you align with the Taoist perspective that nature itself can reveal fundamental truths. Just as Taoists observe and learn from the natural world, your theory implies that studying and understanding biological patterns can uncover the hidden workings and principles of the universe.

Wu Wei (Non-Action): Wu Wei is a Taoist concept that refers to effortless action in harmony with the natural flow. In the context of our theory, the notion of analogies being structurally mapped from biological patterns to reveal the biological nature of target domains can be related to Wu Wei. Rather than forcing understanding or imposing artificial frameworks, our theory suggests that by aligning with the natural biological patterns, insights and connections can be discovered more effortlessly and in harmony with the inherent nature of the universe.

By incorporating Taoism as a theoretical foundation, we can draw upon its emphasis on harmony, balance, nature as a teacher, and the concept of Wu Wei. These aspects complement the central ideas of our theory: the inherent biological patterns, the relationship between the universe's biological processes and living organisms, and the use of analogies to reveal the biological nature of different domains. Exploring Taoist principles can enrich our theory by providing a philosophical framework that resonates with the natural order and interconnectedness found in the biological patterns you propose.

The Circled Dot

The Pythagoreans and later Greeks employed the circled dot to represent the Monad or The Absolute, a metaphysical entity signifying the ultimate essence of reality. While traditionally interpreted as a symbol for the pure and indivisible first principle, we propose an alternative interpretation that aligns with our theory. Perhaps the Pythagoreans and later Greeks were attempting to convey the true nature of the universe (and where all first principles of the universe stem from): that it was biological in nature and its structure resembled that of a single-celled organism.



The circled dot was used by the Pythagoreans and later Greeks to represent the first metaphysical being, the Monad or The Absolute. The Monad, understood as the original source and principle of all reality, represents the indivisible and all-encompassing essence that lies beyond the physical world and is conceived as a fundamental, undifferentiated principle that encompasses all aspects of reality. The Pythagoreans believed that all things emanated from the Monad and are interconnected through the golden ratio and other mathematical proportions.

By acknowledging the circled dot as a representation of a single-celled organism, we can draw parallels between the structure and functions of living organisms and the underlying framework of the universe. This recognition supports our view that the universe's nature is inherently biological. Just as living organisms exhibit various patterns, processes, and interactions, the universe manifests similar characteristics on a grander scale. The flowing patterns of galaxies, the intricate networks of particles, and the dynamic interplay of forces all align with the biological patterns found within living organisms.**

Stoic Physics

In Stoic Physics, “Humans are part of the logos which permeates the cosmos” The nature of the world is one of unceasing change, driven by the active part or reason (logos) of God which pervades all things. The active substance of the world characterized as a ‘breath,’ or *pneuma*, which provides form and motion to matter, and is the origin of the elements, life, and human rationality.

The connection between our theory of biological patterns and the idea of Stoic Physics goes beyond a mere parallel. It suggests that the concepts of the “divine” or “universal spirit” in pantheism could be explained by the existence and influence of these biological patterns which permeate our reality/universe. The Biological Framework for a Mathematical Universe proposes that these biological patterns, omnipresent and fundamental to the functioning of the universe, may indeed be the source of the diving or universal spirit present within and beyond all things, creating not only all things within the universe, but also life and consciousness. The rudimentary biologically-patterned environment are the “logos” of reality, it is what is what came to create living organisms, and train their reasoning and logic through the necessary means of recognizing and operating in harmony with the patterns necessary for Life—Life’s most logical frame of reference.

The Great Chain of Being

The **great chain of being** is a hierarchical structure of all matter and life, thought by medieval Christianity to have been decreed by God. The chain begins with God and descends through angels, humans, animals and plants to minerals. When considering The Biological Framework for a Mathematical Universe, we can see how the “great chain of being” exists. It could be possible that The Great Chain of Being was meant to originally convey the ideas surrounding this biological correspondence between the universe and all of creation. That the chain of biological patterns exists throughout all of those mentioned.

Modern Scientific Support

The Life of the Cosmos (Lee Smolin). For instance, theoretical physicist Lee Smolin in his book "The Life of the Cosmos" argues that the laws of nature evolve in a similar way to biological systems, with a process of natural selection favoring those laws that are conducive to the formation of stable and complex systems. Smolin suggests that this evolutionary process ultimately leads to the emergence of life.

The Blind Watchmaker (Richard Dawkins). In "The Blind Watchmaker," biologist Richard Dawkins explores the concept of complex biological structures emerging through the process of natural selection. Dawkins argues that biological patterns, such as the intricate design of organisms or the genetic information encoded in DNA, can be seen as optimized solutions to various environmental challenges. He proposes that, in a similar vein, the mathematical structures underlying the universe may be the result of an evolutionary process.

Mathematical Universe Hypothesis. The mathematical universe hypothesis suggests that the physical universe is not just described by mathematics, but is actually a mathematical structure itself. According to the hypothesis, the universe *is* a **mathematical object** in and of itself. Furthermore, Tegmark suggests that not only is the universe mathematical, but it is also **computable**.

- a. *Patterns and order in a mathematical universe:* A mathematical universe hypothesis posits that the fundamental nature of the universe can be described and understood through mathematical principles and patterns. Our theory suggests that biological patterns define the framework for a mathematical universe. Biological patterns can be interpreted as mathematical patterns, and contribute to the order and structure of the universe.
- b. *Universal applicability of mathematical concepts:* A mathematical universe hypothesis postulates that mathematics is not just a human invention but rather a fundamental aspect of reality itself. Considering our theory's emphasis on the inherent biological nature of all systems, processes, and objects in reality, the mathematical concepts can be universally applicable, including within biological contexts. Mathematical principles are manifest in biological structures, functions, and processes.
- c. *Modeling and analogies in a mathematical universe:* Our theory suggests that analogies can be structurally mapped from the biological domain to any target domain to reveal and explain the biological nature of the target domain. This aligns with the concept of modeling in a mathematical universe hypothesis. Mathematics allows for the creation of models that can describe and explain complex phenomena. Mathematical modeling and analogies helps uncover or clarify the biological patterns in different domains and how this supports our theory.

Systems Theory. Systems theory emphasizes the interconnectedness and interdependence of various components within a system. Systems theory provides a theoretical foundation for the idea that all systems, processes, and objects in the universe possess biological patterns and are fundamentally biological in nature. Systems Theory allows for a holistic understanding of how biological patterns could permeate throughout different domains.

Systems Biology. The field of systems biology also provides valuable insights into the biological foundations of the universe. Systems biology aims to study biological systems as a whole, rather than focusing on individual components. This holistic approach recognizes the interdependency and interconnectedness of different biological elements, suggesting that similar principles could be applied to understand the universe as a complex, interconnected system.

Fractal Cosmology. Fractal cosmology incorporates the concept of fractals, self-similar patterns that repeat at different scales, into cosmology. This theory suggests that the universe may exhibit similar patterns to living organisms, with galaxies clustering into superclusters in a fractal structure. Fractal cosmology also implies that the evolution of the universe's biological processes has led to the existence of life, highlighting the interconnectedness between living organisms and the larger universe.

Evolutionary Biology. Drawing upon the principles of evolutionary biology, our theory of a biological framework for a mathematical universe hypothesis proposes that the existence of life and living organisms is a direct consequence of the universe's biological processes. Evolutionary theory provides a foundation for understanding how life evolves and adapts over time, and how biological patterns inherent to the nature of the universe and its processes could shape the development of systems, processes, and objects in reality.

Complexity Science. Complexity science studies complex systems and emergent phenomena. This theory aligns with complexity science by stating that biological patterns are present in all systems, processes, and objects, indicating fundamental complexity in reality. It suggests that understanding the underlying biological nature requires considering emergent properties and patterns that arise from complex interactions within these systems.

Universal Laws or Principles. The theory posits that biological patterns define the framework for a mathematical universe hypothesis. This implies the presence of universal laws or principles that govern both biological processes and other phenomena. Exploring the existence of such universal laws or principles and their applicability across different domains provides a theoretical foundation for our theory.

Mathematical Modeling of Biological Systems. Mathematical modeling in biology involves using mathematical frameworks to describe and analyze biological phenomena. Through this approach, researchers have uncovered mathematical regularities and patterns within biological systems. Applying this principle to the theory, it suggests that the presence of biological patterns throughout reality can be revealed and explained by mapping analogies from the biological domain to other domains.

Biomimicry. The field of biomimicry also provides foundational support for a biological framework for a mathematical universe hypothesis. From structural and functional adaptation to material innovations, energy efficiency, and systems thinking, biomimicry exemplifies the inherent biological nature of the systems, processes, and objects in reality. By acknowledging and applying these biological patterns, we gain valuable insights into the fundamental principles that govern human innovation. As biomimicry continues to flourish, we can expect further empirical evidence to affirm our theory, solidifying the understanding of the intricate relationship between biological processes and the systems they shape within our universe.

Look at what has been created in the field of biomimicry:

<http://AskNature.org/innovation/>

Living Systems (James Grier Miller). In "Living Systems," James Grier Miller introduces the concept of living systems theory, which analyzes and understands complex systems as living systems. He emphasizes the interconnectedness and interdependence of components within a living system and explores their patterns and behaviors. Miller's ideas align with the theory of a biological framework for a mathematical universe, which suggests that biological patterns in living organisms reflect broader patterns in the universe. Referencing Miller's work supports the idea of interconnectedness between living systems and the broader biological nature of reality.

Huygens Synchronization + Law of Conservation of Energy: Here, we discuss the concepts of Huygens' synchronization and the law of conservation of energy in relation to biological systems and their connection to the larger universe. Huygens' synchronization refers to the phenomenon in which oscillators eventually synchronize and oscillate together due to the transfer of energy and information. This idea supports the notion that biological patterns and processes in the universe are interconnected, suggesting a fundamental interplay of energy and information throughout reality. The law of conservation of energy states that energy within a closed system remains constant and can only be transformed from one form to another. This aligns with the idea that the existence of life and living organisms is a consequence of the universe's biological processes, forming a framework for understanding the biological nature of reality.

Reaction-Diffusion System. Reaction-diffusion systems are mathematical models that describe the interaction and spread of substances or entities in space. These systems can explain the emergence and propagation of biological patterns in different systems, aligning with the theory that biology defines the framework of a mathematical universe. The study of reaction-diffusion systems can provide insights into the formation and propagation of patterns in biological systems, supporting the idea that these patterns are present throughout the universe. By mapping and studying these patterns, we can gain a better understanding of the underlying biological nature of different domains.

Stephen Wolfram's "A Class of Models with the Potential to Represent Fundamental Physics". Stephen Wolfram's research on a class of models explores the concept of computational irreducibility and its implications for understanding complex systems, particularly in biology. His work aligns with the theory of a biological framework for a mathematical universe, which suggests that mathematical models can capture the fundamental physics underlying biological processes. Wolfram's use of cellular automata as a modeling framework highlights the emergence of complex patterns from local interactions, similar to what is observed in biological systems. By considering Wolfram's work, the theory proposes that mathematical models can provide insight into the inherent biological nature seen throughout reality. The analogy between biological patterns and mathematical models can further enhance our understanding of the target domains. Overall, Wolfram's work provides a theoretical foundation for the theory of a biological framework for a mathematical universe by incorporating computational irreducibility, emergent behaviors, and complex patterns.

Fractals. The principles of fractals can support a theory that biological patterns define the framework of the universe. Fractals are geometric patterns that exhibit self-similarity at different scales, which aligns with the theory's assertion that biological patterns are repeated across different systems. Fractals also demonstrate complexity emerging from simple rules, reflecting the complexity found in biological patterns. Their strong connection to mathematics reinforces the idea that a mathematical framework underlies biological patterns. Fractals can also be used as a tool for mapping analogies, allowing for the exploration of similarities in form and structure across different domains and revealing their underlying biological nature.

The Mandelbrot Set. The Mandelbrot Set, a mathematical fractal, can be used to support a theory that emphasizes the presence of biological patterns throughout the universe. It highlights four main points:

1. The Mandelbrot Set's infinite complexity can represent the intricate and detailed nature of biological patterns in reality.
2. The self-similar patterns of the Mandelbrot Set align with the idea that biological patterns are repeated across different systems.
3. The emergence and iterative processes involved in creating the Mandelbrot Set can serve as a metaphor for the evolution of biological patterns over time.
4. The mathematical beauty and universality of the Mandelbrot Set symbolize the inherent mathematical nature of the biological framework of reality.

The Infinite Staircase (By Geoffrey A. Moore)

Geoffrey A. Moore begins by positing that the universe provides a fundamental framework for understanding life and consciousness. He suggests that the physical laws and structures that govern the cosmos also underpin the biological processes that give rise to life. This perspective aligns with the view that everything in existence is part of a single, interconnected system.

Emergence of Consciousness from Cosmic Processes

Moore explores how consciousness might emerge from the fundamental processes of the universe. He draws on concepts from physics, such as the Big Bang and the evolution of the cosmos, to illustrate how the same principles that govern the stars and galaxies also apply to the development of life on Earth. By understanding the origins and evolution of the universe, we can gain insights into the conditions that make consciousness possible.

The Infinite Staircase supports the Biological Framework for a Mathematical Universe Hypothesis and its Origins of Consciousness Theory.

Occam's Razor. Occam's Razor, credited to William of Ockham, suggests that when faced with competing hypotheses, the simplest explanation with the fewest assumptions should be chosen. We can apply this principle to a theory proposing that biological patterns form the basis of a mathematical universe hypothesis. This theory adheres to Occam's Razor by advocating for simplicity, minimizing assumptions, and providing explanatory power and coherence. Through the application of Occam's Razor, the theory supports a single unifying principle – the biological framework for a mathematical universe hypothesis.

How To Observe These Biological Patterns Throughout Our Reality*6 — [SIMPLE TERMS]

Dedre Gentner's structure-mapping framework for analogy, titled: *Structure-Mapping: A Theoretical Framework for Analogy*, is based on the idea that analogies can be made by identifying and aligning corresponding structural relationships between two domains. In the case of the theory "The Biological Framework for a Mathematical Universe," this framework can be used to structurally map from the biological domain to other target domains, revealing and explaining the biological nature of those target domains.

In simple terms, here's how Dedre Gentner's framework enables this mapping process:

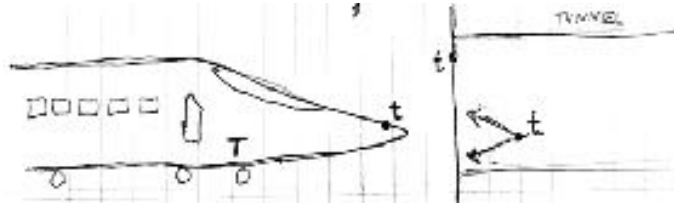
1. Identify the source domain: The biological domain serves as the source domain, which contains the known biological patterns and structures.
2. Analyze the target domain: Choose a specific target domain that you want to understand in biological terms. For example, if the target domain is a social system, you would examine the structures and relationships present within that domain.
3. Identify corresponding structures: Look for structural relationships and patterns in the biological domain that align with those in the target domain. This involves finding similarities in how elements in each domain are organized, connected, and interact.
4. Map the structures: Once the corresponding structures are identified, you can create a mapping between the structures in the biological domain and the target domain. This mapping helps uncover the hidden biological patterns and knowledge within the target domain.

By using Dedre Gentner's structure-mapping framework, you are able to reveal and explain the biological nature of the target domain by identifying and aligning structural similarities with the biological patterns already known in the biological domain. This allows for a deeper understanding of the target domain through the lens of the underlying biological processes and structures.

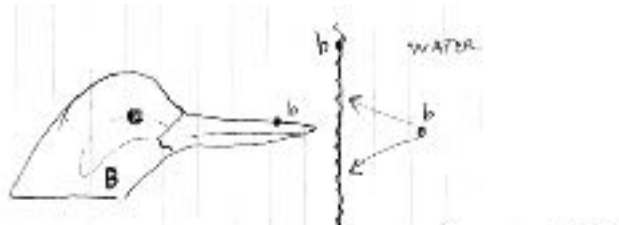
* NOTE: The prerequisite for observing these biological patterns throughout all of reality is dependent upon one's thorough knowledge biology's patterns, as well as one's throughout understanding of the patterns within a target domain. If both are thorough enough, and a correspondence exists, then one will reveal the correspondence between the biological domain and the target domain.

How To Observe These Biological Patterns Throughout Our Reality — [SPECIFIC TERMS]

In more *specific terms*, here is how Dedre Gentner's framework enables this mapping process:

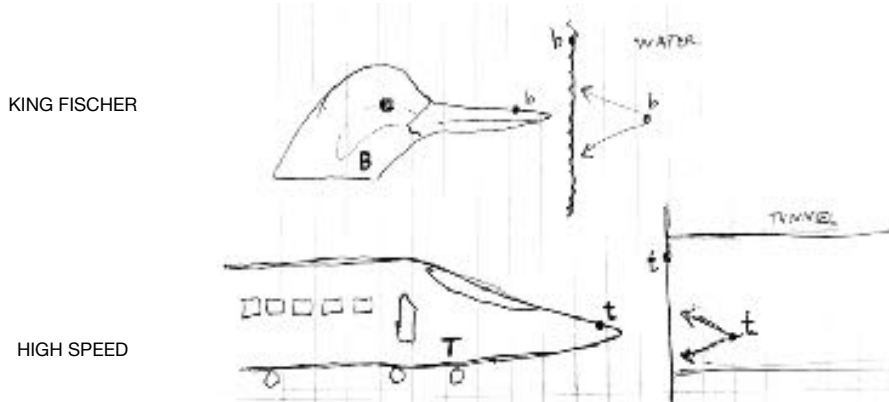


Step 1: Define the Target Domain. A clear and comprehensive understanding of the target domain is essential to recognizing biological patterns that share a correspondence. Adopt the engineer's mind. This includes familiarizing oneself with the fundamental concepts, theories, and principles that govern the target domain, as well as the relational correspondences amongst all variables of a target domain. A thorough investigation of existing literature and research in the field of a target domain can provide valuable insights into the specific characteristics and challenges of the target domain. Finally, reiterating *step one* may be required due to the fact that the observer may not have adequate knowledge of biology's patterns to conduct the mapping.



Step 2: Identify the Biological Patterns. To initiate the mapping process, it is important to identify the biological patterns so that one can recognize their correspondences to the target domains they aim to explain. These biological patterns encompass all aspects of biology at various realms of biology, such as macroscopic, molecular, and quantum realms. Recognizing and categorizing these biological patterns is crucial as they serve as the foundation for recognizing those patterns in target domains and mapping the aspects of those biological patterns to aspects within the target domain.

Step 3: Engage in Analogical Mapping. Analogical mapping involves identifying parallels between the biological patterns and the target domain. This step involves structurally mapping the identified biological patterns onto the target domain and depicting how they align with or relate to the concepts and processes in the target domain. This mapping will reveal similarities, differences, and insights that can enable a deeper understanding of the target domain from a biological perspective.



$$f: B \rightarrow T$$

The analogy “T is (like) B” defines a mapping from B to T . T will be called *target*, since it is the domain being explicated. B will be called *base* [or *biological domain*], since it serves as the source of knowledge. T shares a correspondence to the biological patterns of B . Each b can be used as a model to explain a corresponding t . Suppose that the representation of the *biological domain* B can be stated in terms of object nodes b_1, b_2, \dots, b_n , and predicates such as A, R, R' , and that the *target domain* has object nodes t_1, t_2, \dots, t_m .⁷ The analogy maps the object nodes of B onto the object nodes of T :

$$M: b_i \rightarrow t_j$$

These object correspondences are used to generate the candidate set of inferences in the target domain. Predicates from B are carried across to T ,⁸ using the node substitutions dictated by the object correspondences.

The mapping rules are:

1. Discard *attributes* (A) of objects:

$$A(b_i) \quad -/-> \quad [A(t_i)]$$

⁷ Most explanatory analogies are 1-1 mappings, in which $m=n$. However, there are exceptions (Gentner, 1982).

⁸ The assumption that predicates are brought across as *identical* math's is crucial to the clarity of this discussion.

2. Try to preserve *relations* (R) between the objects:

$$R(b_i, b_j) \quad \text{--->} \quad [R(t_i, t_j),$$

3. {The Systematicity Principle) To decide *which* relations are preserved, choose systems of relations (frame of reference):

$$R \setminus (R_1(b_i, b_j), R_2(b_k, b_l)) \quad \text{--->} \quad [R \setminus (R_1(t_i, t_j), R_2(t_k, t_l))$$

Higher-order relations play an important role in analogy, as is discussed below.

Notice that this discussion has been purely structural; the distinctions invoked rely only on the syntax of the knowledge representation, not on the content. The *content* of the relations may be static spatial information, as in UNDER (x, y), or FULL (CONTAINER, WATER); or constraint information, as in PROPORTIONAL [PRESSURE(liquid, source, goal), FLOW-RATE(liquid, source, goal)]; or dynamic causal information, as in CAUSE{AND [PUNCTURE (CONTAINER), FULL(CONTAINER, WATER)], FLOW-FROM (WATER, CONTAINER)}.

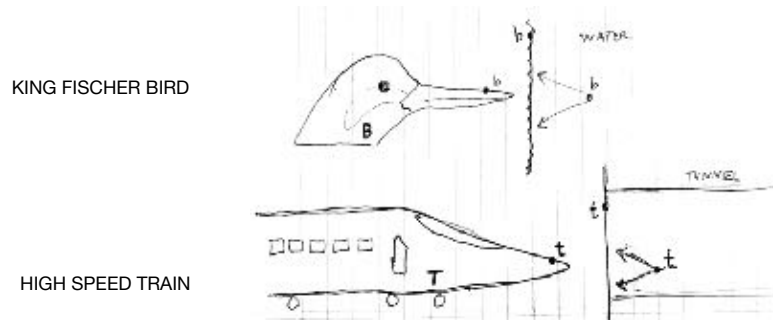
After we establish an analogy, general principles and knowledge can be transferred from the biological domain to the target domain, thereby helping one better understand the nature of the target domain. In this case we can transfer general knowledge and principles surrounding aerodynamics pertaining to a King Fischer bird traveling through fluid at high speed so to prevent inefficiencies of to high speed trains traveling through tunnels at high speeds so to reduce/eliminate sonic boom. Examples of analogical mappings in practice and what knowledge can be transferred and their benefits can be understood in the engineering field of biomimicry, or biomimetics.

Step 4: Evaluate the Mapping. Once the initial mapping between the biological domain and the target domain has been achieved, it is vital to evaluate the effectiveness and validity of the mapping. Are the biological patterns accurately and meaningfully mapped to the target domain? Does the mapping provide new perspectives, explanations, or insights that were previously unseen in the target domain alone? This evaluation will ensure the reliability and usefulness of the mapped analogies.

Step 5: Refine and Iterate. As with any scientific process, refinement and iteration are key. Based on the evaluation results, adjustments may be necessary to improve the mapping process. It might involve revisiting the identified biological patterns, exploring additional analogies, or refining the existing mapping to enhance the biological understanding of the target domain. Constant refinement and iteration will lead to a more robust and accurate representation of the biological nature within the target domain.

Step 6: Validate and Communicate. The final step of the process involves validating and communicating the findings of the mapped analogies. Validation can be achieved through further research, experimentation, and peer review, ensuring that the biological framework and its mapped analogies hold scientific merit. Once validated, the results should be effectively communicated to the scientific community and relevant stakeholders through publications, conferences, or other platforms, fostering further discussion and exploration of the implications of the biological patterns within the target domain.

In this example, we structurally map the aerodynamics of a kingfisher bird's beak through water so to minimize the occurrence of a splash to that of the aerodynamics of a high speed train through a tunnel so to minimize the occurrence of a sonic boom—a real design example of the Shinkansen bullet train in Japan.



$$f: B \rightarrow T$$

The analogy “T is (like) B” defines a mapping from B to T . T will be called *target*, since it is the domain being explicated. B will be called *base* [or *Biological-Domain*], since it serves as the source of knowledge. T shares a correspondence to the biological patterns of B . Each b can be used as a model to explain a corresponding t . After we establish an analogy, general principles and knowledge can be transferred from the biological domain to the target domain, thereby helping one better understand the nature of the target domain. Examples of analogical mappings in practice and what knowledge can be transferred and their benefits can be understood in the engineering field of biomimicry, or biomimetics.

Biomimicry is the design and production of materials, structures, and systems that are modeled on biological entities and processes. Biomimicry aims to take inspiration from natural selection solutions adopted by nature and translate the principles to human engineering. Examples of biomimicry can be found in how Velcro was inspired by burr fruit seeds;⁹ how surgical needles were inspired by bee stingers;¹⁰ How producing fresh water from salt water (desalination process) was inspired by biological patterns in red blood cells;¹¹ How the wings of the Airbus have been inspired by the wings of an albatross;¹² and; How paint coatings on airplanes¹³ and antibacterial surfaces have been inspired by the biological patterns observed in shark skin.¹⁴ Simply put, the best way to observe these biological patterns throughout our reality, is by applying the same methods to which engineers use to find biological patterns in human innovation.

⁹ <https://www.microphotonics.com/biomimicry-burr-invention-velcro/>

¹⁰ <https://3dprintingindustry.com/news/bees-put-sting-templates-bioinspired-3d-printed-needle-design-132859/>

¹¹ <https://cbm.msoe.edu/mapsTeams/assets/biomemeticMembrane2.pdf>

¹² <https://www.airbus.com/en/newsroom/stories/2020-03-biomimicry-a-fresh-approach-to-aircraft-innovation>

¹³ <https://www.airbus.com/en/newsroom/stories/2020-03-biomimicry-a-fresh-approach-to-aircraft-innovation>

¹⁴ <https://www.sharklet.com>

Why Is Knowing Biology's Patterns Important?

It is *only* by acknowledging and organizing ourselves and our society according to these inherent biological patterns which permeate our reality that will indicate that humanity has reached its ultimate stage of consciousness, harnessing the potentials that life and the biological framework offer. Society's realization of the biological patterns governing the nature of reality and their accordance to those patterns will have profound implications for various aspects of human society:

1. **Post-Scarcity Society:** With a deeper understanding of biological patterns, we could develop more sustainable and efficient systems of resource allocation. This insight could lead to a post-scarcity society where the needs of all individuals are met without depleting natural resources or causing harm to the environment. By recognizing and aligning with the regenerative capacity of biological patterns, we could create a society that prioritizes equitable distribution, reduces waste, and promotes abundance for all.
2. **Ecological Harmony:** Acknowledging the importance of biological patterns would lead to a greater emphasis on ecological harmony. We would recognize the interdependencies and delicate balance of ecosystems, striving to minimize the disruption of these patterns and nurturing biodiversity. This could involve the preservation and restoration of natural habitats, responsible land and resource management, as well as promoting sustainable practices in agriculture, transportation, and energy production.
3. **Global Peace and Cooperation:** Understanding the fundamental biological nature of the universe could foster a sense of interconnectedness among individuals and nations. This realization would highlight the importance of cooperation, empathy, and mutual respect. By recognizing that all living entities are part of the same biological framework, we could work towards global peace, resolving conflicts through dialogue, diplomacy, and shared understanding. The shared goal of nurturing and harmonizing with biological patterns could unite humanity in efforts to address global challenges collaboratively.
4. **Technological Advancements:** The recognition of biological patterns would influence technological advancements by highlighting the significance of integrating natural systems into our innovations. This may lead to the development of technologies that are inspired by, and in harmony with, biological patterns. By mimicking and leveraging the efficiency and resilience found in nature, our technologies could become more sustainable, efficient, and adaptable. This approach, known as biomimicry, could drive breakthroughs in various fields, such as energy, materials science, and medicine. See: <https://AskNature.org/innovations/> NOTE: Biomimicry is the tip of the iceberg with regards to the potential of aligning with biology's patterns.
5. **Socioeconomics:** The realization of the significance of biological patterns would likely bring about changes in socioeconomic systems. There could be a shift towards more holistic and regenerative approaches that prioritize the well-being of individuals, communities, and the environment. A greater emphasis on sustainability and the recognition of the interconnectedness of all aspects of life may lead to the development of new economic models that value long-term thriving over short-term gains. This could include the integration of principles such as circular economy, social entrepreneurship, and shared prosperity into our socioeconomic frameworks. See: <https://perfectpublicoffering.org/>

In summary, the implications of understanding the importance of biological patterns governing reality and organizing ourselves and our society in harmony with those healthy biological pattern, would affect various aspects of human society, including transitioning towards a post-scarcity society, fostering ecological harmony, promoting global peace and cooperation, influencing technological advancements, and reshaping socioeconomic systems to align with the principles of the biological framework.

Let us look to the field of Biomimicry to catch a glimpse as to why biology's patterns are important. **Biomimicry** is an approach to innovation that seeks sustainable solutions to human challenges by emulating nature's time-tested patterns and strategies. It involves studying natural systems, processes, and designs to inspire and inform the development of products, technologies, and systems that are more efficient, resilient, and sustainable. Biomimicry draws on principles from biology, engineering and design to create solutions that are both functional and compatible with the natural world. This is just the start.

By understanding biology's patterns we can reveal and understand these hidden biological patterns that exist within all things in our reality—thereby revealing the underlying *biological truth*, inherent to the framework of the universe. Similar to how individuals are able to recognize biology's processes to form innovations for biomimicry, we will be able to apply those processes of recognizing patterns to *every* thing we see in the world around us, natural or man-made, physical or conceptual.

****** Understanding the underlying "biological truth" regarding the nature of anything physical or conceptual is not only crucial but also essential for governing and directing various industries, fields of knowledge, and socioeconomic systems. Biological patterns serve as a blueprint, guiding and determining how socioeconomic systems should form and behave in order to benefit all individuals. And it provides the general public the authority to carry-out those initiatives. Biological patterns provide the general public not only the "God given right"¹⁵ to make the necessary changes which benefit all people, but also biological patterns provide the blueprint for those initiatives. By possessing a comprehension of biology and engineering, we, as a society, can attain the knowledge, confidence, willpower, and authority required to earn this right. Biological patterns provides the general public (not politicians, not investors, not governments) the mathematically proven evidence to make socioeconomic change that is in the best for human society (i.e., such as those ideas presented here: <https://PerfectPublicOffering.org>).

With the power of *biological truth*, humanity has the truest contextual understanding of any thing they are trying to comprehend, tangible or or intangible. Biological patterns makes tangible what is intangible. Biology's patterns allows for truest comprehension of relationships amongst things—truths surrounding, biological cause and effects; So we can have the knowledge to align these observed processes with the biologically-patterned processes which those observed processes that are trying to mimic.

Most importantly: by designing humanity's socioeconomic systems (i.e., the systems which produce and allocate the resources and opportunities throughout society) to be in accordance to those *healthy* biological systems—such as those patterns epitomized by the cellular society comprising the human body, as opposed to the unhealthy state human society currently has today—which most closely resembles the cellular society within the body of Stephen Hawking (with all due respect). Just as a healthy society, represented by the cellular society that composes the human body, is capable of establishing the fundamental needs necessary for the survival, protection and potential of its society, Humanity can also achieve the same through its alignment with the biological pattern found in the body. The more that we are able to establish the fundamental needs of all individuals within society, the more resilient and full of potential our entire society becomes. The more capable humanity will be able to harness the brain power and physical will of the collective people in such a manner to defend itself against things such as solar flares, asteroid/meteor strikes, epidemics, and natural disasters. The more capable humanity will be able to harness the brain power and physical will of the people to remediate the Earth back to a sustainable state, and travel among the stars and to learn more about life's beautiful patterns, to spread Life and the knowledge of Life, such as spreading concepts like *Atman* and *Brahman*, or *Pnimityut* and *Chitzoniyut*, to other conscious life on other planets.

*******This can only be achieved by having humanity understand and behave relative to the same common framework for understanding reality.*******

¹⁵ "Universe given right." — as the universe is biological in its framework and has, with its patterns, instilled its truth in biology.

Where Do We Go From Here? —The Goals Human Society *Must* Achieve Soon.

While there are many hurdles for humanity, as one might expect, such as wealth and income inequality, poverty, unemployment and underemployment, access to education, healthcare access, housing affordability, environmental sustainability, debt and financial instability, and general social unrest, such concerns surrounding black lives matter movements, anti-semitic movements, crime, threats of war, and general uncertainty within the world and its future, etc. etc., there are actually a few hurdles for humanity. Many of these above concerns for human society can be naturally resolved by carrying-out the actions which address a few very specific things. Stephen Covey calls this “proactively focusing on the circle of influence” to address the “circle of concern”—no matter how big the circle of concern is, it is through conducting a few very specific actions, which if proactively focused on and carried through, will reduce and eventually eliminate the concerns within the “circle of concern.” For example, similar to how focusing on proper diet and exercise can resolve many concerns surrounding many problems concerning health, such as high sugar, high salt, malnutrition, etc. Similarly, humanity too, only needs to focusing on a few key initiatives. The externalities (consequences) of focusing on these key initiatives will naturally address all of the various concerns of society and establish a sustainable and scalable socioeconomic system which resembles the healthy biological patterns capable of unlocking the potentialities of human society.

These goals are:

1. **Establishing a Common Frame of Reference:** Public acknowledgement of the *The Origin of Consciousness*, and *The Biological Framework for a Mathematical Universe*; and;
2. **Establishing a Common Order for Society:** Implementation of the *Perfect Public Offering Process* — transferring complete ownership of businesses to the general public, via the public education system, in a manner to produce and allocate the goods and services of society as a byproduct of the education process.

Establishing a Common Frame of Reference: Acknowledgement The Underlying Patterns

Getting everyone on the same page is important to achieving great tasks. This comes through the knowledge of patterns surrounding the tasks that need to be done in achieving very defined goals. The willful cooperation of individuals, necessary to bring about that success of great tasks, comes through the deeper understanding of the situations surrounding those tasks, especially situations which concern those necessary to carry-out and support those tasks. Similar to how in the evolution of cellular organisms, those organisms needed to recognize the patterns that encouraged their cooperation into more resilient societies, so to achieve greater potentialities and to resolve its problems and ensure its survival; Human society needs to have a deeper understanding of the patterns that exist in the world around them which are having influence on them, and the patterns that they should be focusing on. This can be done by having general public understand the underlying framework of the universe. The concepts presented within this essay on *The Origin of Consciousness* and the manual titled *The Biological Framework for a Mathematical Universe* will allow the general public to recognize the patterns that will encourage the public’s authorization, cooperation, and motivation to do the related tasks necessary to organize themselves and their society to address their own needs—bringing everyone under a common frame of reference from which we must understand our shared reality and the direction we all must to go, in harmony, together.

Furthermore, the general public having such an understanding of how the world and themselves operates will also have profound effects on their behaviors, almost immediately, given how well they understand the material. Which is important that we publicly acknowledge this Origin of Consciousness and of The Biological Framework for a Mathematical Universe, as it’s comprehension will help people to reconsider their actions. Especially those patterns that are influencing their thoughts and behaviors.

Establishing a Common Goal: Organizing Society's Infrastructures to Patterns Necessary for Survival and Unlimited Potential

Current socioeconomic systems are not designed to harbor the next stage of human consciousness. The production and allocation of resources and opportunities do not establish and sustain the fundamental needs of all individual within society in such a manner that will unlock the potentials of all individuals within human society necessary the unlocking the potential of all of its people necessary for the long term survival of human society. Couple this with the fact that humanity is on disagreement with so many socio and political topics, there is a high risk for a miscarriage of human society. The general public needs to understand their disagreements through the lens of biology's patterns. People have to realize that biology's patterns exist throughout reality. They have acknowledge the the patterns presented within The Origin of Consciousness and the Biological Framework for a Mathematical Universe so that they can understand the initiatives that will help align their society in harmony with the necessary patterns that will unlock their society's potentials, by unlocking the potentials of all of its people. This initiative involves the integration and operation of human society's infrastructure through the public education system, via a new economic market process called a *perfect public offering*. [<https://perfectpublicoffering.org>]

Nonprofit universities are well-positioned for the general public to use as vehicles to acquire companies and infrastructure in society. Nonprofit universities are "owned" by the general public and well-suited to merge business infrastructure into the university to optimize education and business processes and eliminate operating expenses in such a manner that can eventually provide goods and services to the people for free in a economically sustainable and scalable manner.

In paper titled, Perfect Public Offering: A Process To Transfer Ownership of Businesses to The General Public, the author proposes a solution to the inherent conflict of interest businesses have between investors and the general public using an iterated prisoner's dilemma (game theory scenario) to promote the cooperation of groups of businesses to undergo non-dilutive secondary offerings of their total shares to a nonprofit university. The process is financially and operationally self-sustaining as long as the university begins by: Acquiring utility companies and infrastructure that contribute to the regular operating expenses of the university; Requiring those companies to regularly donate a portion of their profits to the nonprofit university to be used to acquire those companies, one at a time, and; Following a plan to eliminate expenses, and merging business and university infrastructure.

Results of the process enables the public education system and its companies to financially and operationally self-sustain, so that they can provide goods, services, and opportunities to surrounding communities for free. Externalities of the process induce logic and peer-pressures that encourage assimilation and networking of the public education system and companies. Assimilation of other public education systems in other regions and nations, due to the transparent nature of the processes, will provide conditions for networking of the various public education systems and the businesses they own and operate through their education/work processes.

When ready, the public education system can replace (or be merged into) its country's government to correct social, economic and government inefficiencies; And later networked with public education systems in other countries to create a world government. Externalities from the process correct and stabilize equity valuations, establish certainty in markets, eliminates government debt, and appropriately and timely address state-owned enterprises, climate change/ESG and socioeconomic issues. This is the way.

However, the problem arises with investors and those within power become fascinated with the patterns surrounding power and money to the degree of sacrificing the well-being of society for their own gains. The public is going to have to be vigilant on the current owners of human society, as human society is not currently own by the general public or its government. The investors with large holdings on critical infrastructure of society will have to be educated and socially pressured by the public support for the perfect public offerings of businesses, which involves the public actual announcement of undergoing the initiative of the perfect public offering. [For more information: <https://perfectpublicoffering.org>]

The Importance of Educating the General Public of These Initiatives.

How well we convey the information: *The Origin of Consciousness* and *The Biological Framework for a Mathematical Universe*, will determine how easy or difficult humanity's transition will be to ensuring the survival of human society for the long-term. As our ability to transition society from its current organization to one that is more in harmony with healthy biological patterns will take all of society to be in harmony with this "DNA."

The general public must be able to understand these biological patterns within ourselves and all living organisms. This understanding will enable them to recognize and comprehend these patterns in the universe and the world around us. It will also allow them to see the patterns in the Order and Properties of Human Society and the necessary socioeconomic initiatives to transition from our current unhealthy state to a robust and resilient state capable of achieving great things *together*. Where and how can we perceive biology's patterns in the world around us?

Summary

This essay explores the nature of consciousness and its evolution, guiding the reader through the journey of early life forms and the development of human consciousness. It introduces the idea of a biological framework for a mathematical universe, suggesting that the mathematical structure of the universe is biological in nature. This theory proposes that living organisms and consciousness are a direct result of the universe's biologically-patterned processes, and that these processes can be observed and understood through physiological patterns. The hidden biological patterns in our environment drive the creation and evolution of life and consciousness.

This paper discusses the idea that the creation of life and consciousness is influenced by the evolution of the environment. It suggests that the Big Bang created patterns that are rudimentary biological in nature, leading to the formation of the universe and eventually Earth. The early volatile processes on Earth are also described as "rudimentary-biological," eventually leading to the creation of the first rudimentary living organisms, single-cellular organisms.

This paper goes on to explain that these first single-cellular organisms must recognize and organize themselves relative to the patterns in their rudimentary biologically-patterned environment in order to survive, i.e., active inference. Those that are successful in doing so continue to live and procreate, while those that cannot are destroyed. This process is said to give rise to consciousness as well as logic and reasoning among organisms.

Furthermore, this paper proposes that as the complexity of an organism's environment evolves, so does its consciousness. Organisms must be able to recognize and adapt to the patterns within their environment to ensure survival, and the emergence of new variables compels them to develop more complex consciousness. Adaptation of reasoning capabilities and behaviors is necessary, and organisms that cannot do so are considered unconscious. It is also suggested that as the environment becomes more complex, organisms may need to develop more complex sensors to collect the necessary data for survival. Overall, this paper emphasizes that physical and conscious evolution are influenced by the evolution of the environment.

This paper also discusses the emergence of diversity in life and consciousness. It explains how as the environment becomes more complex, diversity emerges among living organisms, leading to variations in reasoning and behaviors that are essential for survival. This diversity also gives rise to conscious and physical variations among organisms. This essay also highlights the emergence of cooperation among cellular organisms as a result of the complexities introduced within their biologically-patterned environment. As the rudimentary biologically-patterned environment continues to evolve, more and more

organisms recognize the patterns for cooperation necessary for survival, leading to the formation of various complex organisms and species. This essay emphasizes the importance of the environment being equal to or more complex than the organism for its physical and conscious development. It concludes by stating that rudimentary biological patterns in the environment inspire the behaviors of living organisms to form complex societies necessary for survival.

This paper also discusses the emergence of free-thinking consciousness in living organisms. It explains that as the environment evolves and provides the basic needs of organisms to an excess degree, it frees the organism from immediate survival behaviors—thereby freeing the organism from being required to immediately recognize patterns necessary for its *immediate* survival. This creates a space between stimulus and response, allowing the organism to have the choice in how it thinks. The paper also explores the idea that consciousness in organisms is a pattern-recognition engine, developed through the guidance of biological patterns in the environment. It discusses how humans, as the most evolved organism, have gained the ability to think freely and have gained sovereignty over their environment. It also mentions how humans, like cellular organisms before them, have had to undergo conscious trials and evolve to their consciousness to understand the importance of cooperation.

This paper discusses the concept of the “human pattern recognition engine” and its impact on human behavior and freedom. It suggests that as societies developed, the environment provided for the basic needs of humans to such an extent that they no longer needed to immediately recognize and respond to patterns for survival. This created a “buffer” that allowed humans to think and behave beyond immediate survival instincts. However, it also emphasizes that humans are still connected to rudimentary biological patterns that underlie reality and influence their destiny. The text explains that the human pattern recognition engine is comprised of the mind, senses, and bodily parts, which allow humans to observe, store, process, and understand patterns in their environment—it allows for the efficacy in exploring patterns around them. It mentions the role of language and communication in conveying and recording patterns, leading to the development of diverse branches of knowledge and science. The paper suggests that each generation of humans contributes to uncovering and documenting patterns that contribute to understanding the universe and the interconnectedness of all things. However, it notes that humans may become consumed by new patterns they recognize and imagine, potentially never realizing these fundamental biological patterns that permeate all of creation.

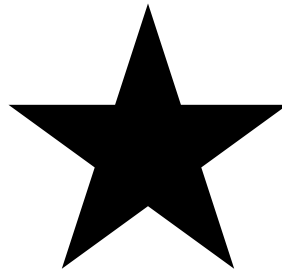
This paper discusses how human society has built a cognitive framework around these superficial patterns it recognizes and imagines to be true. This framework, built on top of the biological framework of the universe, contributes to the disorders of society, especially those patterns within their imagined framework which do not overlay in harmony with healthy biological patterns which establish and sustain life of themselves, their society and their biologically-patterned environment. Humanity becomes consumed by superficial patterns and imaginations, ignoring the underlying biological correspondences necessary for life. Similar to Plato's Allegory of the Cave, humans are trapped in their own imaginations and fail to recognize the true biological nature of the universe. However, there is hope for humanity to recognize and understand these patterns by exploring the world around them and exploring and understanding the patterns pertaining to the physiological structures governing all living organisms. The purpose of conscious freedom is for humans to recognize and abide by these biological patterns, leading to a harmonious society and the continuation of life. The author believes that this iteration of humanity can make it to the next stage of consciousness and that it will be the most exciting stage in human history.

The paper discusses the potential future of humanity, highlighting four key aspects: post-scarcity society, ecological harmony, global peace and cooperation, and social equality and justice. It argues that understanding a biological framework for a mathematical universe is crucial in achieving these goals. By recognizing the interconnectedness of all living organisms and their environments, society can develop more sustainable practices, innovate in technology, promote conservation efforts, foster cultural exchange, and dismantle systems of oppression. This understanding will also contribute to technological advancements and humanity's transcendence, enabling interstellar exploration and colonization. The paper

emphasizes the need for humanity to understand and behave relative to the same common framework for understanding reality in order to achieve these outcomes—this common framework, an “inherent-universal DNA” to be built into the framework of the universe.

The paper discusses the goals that human society must achieve in order to address various concerns and establish a sustainable socioeconomic system. These goals include establishing a common frame of reference by acknowledging the underlying patterns of the universe and implementing a common order for society through the *perfect public offering process*. The paper emphasizes the importance of educating the general public about these initiatives to ensure the long-term survival of human society.

The paper finishes by providing examples of biological patterns in traditionally non-biological domains and provides mathematical equations and models in biology which are also used outside the field of biology. The paper shows how Dedre Gentner’s process for structurally mapping analogies can be applied in the process of understanding our reality relative to biological patterns. The paper also provides evidence that ancient religions and philosophies have originally tried to convey the ideas surrounding the patterns of biological universe and its connection to the patterns within the human physiology but was misinterpreted, and; supports the biological framework for a mathematical universe with scientific support.



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SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIALS

How The Slime Mold Analogy¹⁶ Supports The Biological Framework Theory of Consciousness

Slime mold has predicted the precise form of the intricate web of largely invisible matter strands that astrophysicists believe spans the entire universe, according to research published recently in The Astrophysical Journal Letters. The slime mold experiment hints at the universe's patterns rudimentary biological nature by demonstrating how simple biological processes can mirror complex cosmic structures, or rather, is it that simple biological processes mirror complex cosmic structures? Here's how this idea can be unpacked:

Self-Organization and Pattern Formation: Slime molds exhibit remarkable self-organization, forming efficient networks to connect food sources. These networks often resemble cosmic structures such as the large-scale distribution of galaxies and dark matter filaments in the universe. The similarity suggests that the principles guiding slime mold behavior may be reflective of fundamental natural laws that also govern cosmic patterns.¹⁷

Universal Principles of Optimization: The behavior of slime molds in forming optimal networks can be seen as an example of natural optimization processes. In both biological and cosmic contexts, systems tend to evolve towards configurations that minimize energy usage and maximize efficiency. This indicates that the same principles that drive the slime mold's behavior might also underpin the formation of cosmic structures.¹⁸

Primordial Conditions and Emergent Complexity: During the early stages of the universe, the conditions may have favored the emergence of simple biological entities like slime molds. The patterns that slime molds form today might echo the primordial organization of matter in the universe. This suggests a deep connection between the early universe's physical conditions and the emergence of life, where the patterns inherent in the cosmos could have influenced the development of early biological systems.^{19 20}

Biological and Cosmological Parallels: The fact that slime molds can solve problems and create networks in ways that parallel cosmic structures hints at a fundamental similarity in how different systems—biological and non-biological—organize themselves. This suggests that the emergence of life and consciousness could be seen as a natural extension of the same principles of self-organization and complexity that shaped the universe.

By illustrating these connections, the slime mold experiment supports the notion that the universe's patterns are inherently rudimentary biological in nature, potentially influencing the emergence and evolution of life. The structural and functional similarities between slime molds and cosmic patterns suggest that the processes governing the universe could have inherently favored the initial formation of life forms that mirror these cosmic structures, thereby providing insights into the evolutionary journey of life

¹⁶ <https://iopscience.iop.org/article/10.3847/2041-8213/ab700c> + <https://www.popsci.com/story/space/slime-mold-predicts-shape-of-universe/>

¹⁷ Frontiers | An Integrated World Modeling Theory (IWMT) of Consciousness: Combining Integrated Information and Global Neuronal Workspace Theories With the Free Energy Principle and Active Inference Framework; Toward Solving the Hard Problem and Characterizing Agentic Causation] <https://www.frontiersin.org/articles/10.3389/frai.2020.00030/full>

¹⁸ Frontiers | An Integrated World Modeling Theory (IWMT) of Consciousness: Combining Integrated Information and Global Neuronal Workspace Theories With the Free Energy Principle and Active Inference Framework; Toward Solving the Hard Problem and Characterizing Agentic Causation] <https://www.frontiersin.org/articles/10.3389/frai.2020.00030/full> .

¹⁹ [oai_citation:3,Frontiers | An Integrated World Modeling Theory (IWMT) of Consciousness: Combining Integrated Information and Global Neuronal Workspace Theories With the Free Energy Principle and Active Inference Framework; Toward Solving the Hard Problem and Characterizing Agentic Causation] <https://www.frontiersin.org/articles/10.3389/frai.2020.00030/full>

²⁰ Entropy | Free Full-Text | A Traditional Scientific Perspective on the Integrated Information Theory of Consciousness <https://www.mdpi.com/1099-4300/23/6/650>

and consciousness from slime molds to humans. It Also highlights how rudimentary biologically-patterned processes of the universe produce Earth, and how Earth's environment could created rudimentary life and consciousness and evolved it through the abilities of Earth's environment to evolve in complexities at a more rapid rate than that of the universe.

The Quantitative Comparison Between the Neuronal Network and the Cosmic Web

The comparison between neuronal networks in the brain and the cosmic web, as investigated by Franco Vazza and Alberto Feletti, reveals significant structural similarities that supports The Biological Framework for a Mathematical Universe's Theory of Consciousness. Both systems—despite differing vastly in scale and the nature of their components—exhibit comparable network characteristics and organizational principles.

Key Points Supporting The Biological Framework Theory of Consciousness:

- 1. Structural Similarities—*Network Connectivity*:** Both the brain's neuronal networks and the cosmic web show similar patterns of connectivity. These networks are organized in a way that maximizes efficiency in information transfer and processing.²¹ ***Density Distributions*:** The study found that the distribution of matter in the cosmic web and the distribution of neurons in the brain follow similar power laws. This suggests that the fundamental organizational principles governing the formation of these structures might be universal.²²
- 2. Self-Organization—*Similar Evolutionary Principles*:** The self-organization seen in both the neuronal and cosmic networks hints at underlying principles that might be driven by similar physical laws. This convergence points to a possible universal pattern of network evolution, which can be extrapolated to the evolution of consciousness presented within the biological framework for the universe. Both systems evolve to optimize the functionality and efficiency of their respective networks.²³
- 3. Complexity and Efficiency—*Optimal Functionality*:** Both networks achieve a high degree of complexity and efficiency. This is seen in how neurons in the brain form highly clustered configurations to optimize cognitive processes, and how galaxies in the cosmic web form large clusters to balance gravitational forces and material distribution.²⁴

By drawing parallels between these two vastly different systems, our biological framework for consciousness can be framed within a broader context of universal principles that govern the emergence and optimization of complex networks. This perspective suggests that the emergence of consciousness could be a natural outcome of these universal organizing principles, shaping complex systems from the cosmos to the brain.

²¹ [oai_citation:1,Frontiers | The Quantitative Comparison Between the Neuronal Network and the Cosmic Web](<https://www.frontiersin.org/articles/10.3389/fphy.2020.525731/full>) [oai_citation:2,Human Brain's Neuronal Network Has Similarities to Cosmic Web, Study Claims | Sci.News](<https://www.sci.news/astrology/human-brain-cosmic-web-similarities-09066.html>).

²² [oai_citation:3,Frontiers | The Quantitative Comparison Between the Neuronal Network and the Cosmic Web](<https://www.frontiersin.org/articles/10.3389/fphy.2020.525731/full>) [oai_citation:4,Does the human brain resemble the Universe?](<https://phys.org/news/2020-11-human-brain-resemble-universe.html>).

²³ [oai_citation:5,The Quantitative Comparison Between the Neuronal Network and the Cosmic Web – DOAJ](<https://doaj.org/article/aa330e4e224f4cd595a7a4caa8a27756>).

²⁴ [oai_citation:6,Frontiers | The Quantitative Comparison Between the Neuronal Network and the Cosmic Web](<https://www.frontiersin.org/articles/10.3389/fphy.2020.525731/full>) [oai_citation:7,Does the human brain resemble the Universe?](<https://phys.org/news/2020-11-human-brain-resemble-universe.html>).

